

SUCCESSOR TO FAURE.

Balloting to Occur at Versailles
This Afternoon.

LOUBET LIKELY TO BE ELECTED.

Mrs. Emily Crawford Points Out the
Futility of Human Ambition, as Evi-
denced in Faure's Death—An Humble
Priest Gave Absolution to Dying Man.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The premier, M. Du-
puy, fixed the meeting of the national
assembly, or congress, in which the
senators and deputies unite in voting
for a president of France for 1 o'clock
this afternoon at Versailles.

At a meeting of the Leftists M. Lou-
bet, the president of the senate and
former premier, was unanimously
nominated for the presidency. The
senators consider M. Loubet's election



M. LOUBET.

as assured. M. Dupuy declined to en-
ter the presidential contest against M.
Loubet. In view of the apparently
united support of the senate and M.
Meline's withdrawal in his favor, it
was generally thought that M. Loubet's
election was almost assured.

Mrs. Emily Crawford, writing on the
French situation, said in part:

"Everything is very quiet in Paris
tonight (Friday). There is no danger
of a coup d'etat. The favorite candi-
date for the presidency is M. Emile
Loubet, now president of the senate.

"As a precaution against a coup d'etat
or any of its sort the troops have been
ordered to keep within barracks in all
the garrisons.

"M. Faure's body, now embalmed, is
lying in state in the Salle des Fetes of
the theater built by President Carnot
for concerts and dramatic entertain-
ments.

"Previous to embalment the body
lay on a brass bedstead in the presi-
dent's sitting-room. Two Sisters of
Charity watched beside it. Before the
operation, which lasted an hour, took
place, informal dead mass was cele-
brated in the Elysee chapel.

"Files of telegrams from corporate
bodies, personal friends, sympathizers
in parts of France and, indeed, Europe
and even Asia, have arrived. The first
to telegraph to Madame Faure was Em-
peror William.

"Public events in France have a
strange suddenness and take spontane-
ously a dramatic character. Thus M.
Faure's body lies in a Salle des Fetes,
or hall of festivities.

"The cards had been issued to 6,000
persons to attend a state ball next
Thursday. Today the tapestries of the
ballroom have been taken down that
the room may be hung in black. M.
Faure had looked forward with delight
to the Elysee being in 1900 the resort of
sovereigns. The last he had from Em-
peror Nicholas was an acceptance of his
(M. Faure's) invitation. He took great
pleasure also in thinking that mem-
bership in the Order of the Annunciation
would make him a 'cousin' of King
Humbert, and the insignia of that or-
der were to have been presented to him
by a special embassy this month. But
his son was suddenly required of him
and all connected with his presidential
career is over. His death preaches a
sermon upon the vanity of human am-
bition.

"I have been to see the Abbe Renault,
who gave M. Faure absolution in ex-
tremis. Mme. Faure, on seeing that
death was hastening, begged that mes-
sengers should be sent to summon three
different priests and a dominican.

"Abbe Renault is the humblest of
the humble, being chaplain to the
House of Detention, or lockup, at the
prefecture of police. Yesterday he had
dined with some relatives who have a
small shop in the Faubourg St. Honore.

After dinner he was going home when
suddenly a soldier on a bicycle came up,
descended from the machine and caught
him, with visible agitation, by the arm,
saying 'come with me.'

"Father Renault went and only
learned where he was going at the pal-
ace gate. There the soldier said: 'The
president is dying. Do what you can
for him. He is not a bad chap.'

At the door a porter met the abbe and con-
ducted him to the sitting room. The
president was lying on a mattress upon
the floor.

He was described the efforts of the
doctors to save him, and finally he was
given up.

"The abbe dropped on his knees, all

present going kneeling, and gave abso-
lution in extremis. He had no holy oil
to administer extreme unction. In the
next room the ladies were sobbing. The
ministers came in and dropped on their
knees. As the clock on the mantel
struck 10 a doctor said 'all is over.'

"Some persons went into the next
room to inform Mme. Faure and her
daughters. She soon came out, and
with great composure, as if her grief
were suddenly hushed, ordered that the
body be placed on the president's brass
railed bed and be kept unembalmed as
long as possible. She thanked the
priest for rendering the last office to a
Christian and said that before the presi-
dent lost consciousness he had prayed
for forgiveness of all whom he might
have offended. 'His tongue was paral-
yzed as he spoke,' she said, and again
'the poor have lost in his death a good
friend.' At her request some prayers
were recited by the abbe, who was pro-
foundly affected by the whole scene."

Later M. Meline agreed to run, and
this placed Loubet's success more in
doubt.

PRESIDENT LEFT BOSTON.

Suggested to G. A. R. Men That Spanish
Veterans Should Be Admitted
to the Order.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—President McKin-
ley and party left Boston late yesterday
afternoon. In his speech at the G. A.
R. encampment he referred to the stir-
ring scenes of the last year, which, he
said, he was glad they had lived to see,
and closed by suggesting that the Span-
ish war veterans should be admitted to
membership in the G. A. R.

The suggestion was received with
cries of "good" and applause.

Later the party proceeded to the state
capital to visit the legislature.

At one point in his speech there the
president said:

"We may regard the situation before us as a
burden or as an opportunity, but whether
the one or the other it is here, and conscience
and civilization require to meet it bravely. Deser-
tion of duty is not an American quality. It was
not the customs of the father and will not be
the practice of their sons.

The party later proceeded to the Al-
gonquin clubhouse, where the Com-
mercial club was assembled.

President McKinley spoke on im-
proved business conditions, saving at
one point, in part.

"We are fast going from a debtor to a credi-
tor nation. I hope nothing will check it. We
have quit discussing the tariff and have
turned our attention to getting trade where-
ever it can be found. It will be a long time
before any change can be had or any change
desired in our present fiscal policy except to
strengthen it. The differences on this ques-
tion which existed have disappeared. We
have turned from academic theories to trade
conditions and are selling our share of the
world's markets.

"Not only is our business good, but our money
is good. There is no longer fear of debased
currency; it has been happily dispelled. The
highest and best standard recognized by the
leading commercial nations has been main-
tained, and it has been done without a resort
to loans. The cause of sound money has ad-
vanced in the last two years. Honest finance
has made positive gains. I do not think we
quite appreciate yet the full measure of its
success.

Both branches of congress on March 4 next
will have an unquestioned majority opposed
to any demoralization of our currency and
committed to uphold the world's standard.
Certainly for two years every branch of the
national government will be united for good
currency and the inviolability of our national
obligations and credit. The investments and
other enterprises of the people can therefore
not be unsettled by sudden changes.

WILLARD TEMPLE PLAN.

Temperance Young People Inaugurated
Their Campaign to Pay Building
Debt as Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The formal
launching of the "temple saving plan"
of the Chicago Young People's Chris-
tian Temperance association took place
Friday, the anniversary of Frances E.
Willard's death. "The temple saving
chart" was hung upon the wall of the
association headquarters in the temple
building and several hundred people
wrote their names in the squares pro-
vided for that purpose. The chart con-
tains 80,000 squares and the young peo-
ple propose to secure 80,000 subscrip-
tions of \$10 each to raise the \$800,000
necessary to save the temple.

"The first heavenly anniversary" in
memory of Miss Willard was commem-
orated by the Central Women's Chris-
tian Temperance association at a meet-
ing held in Willard hall at the temple.

HON. LEWIS MILLER DEAD.

The Akron Business Man and Chautau-
qua Promoter Expired in
New York.

AKRON, O., Feb. 18.—A dispatch from
New York said that Hon. Lewis Miller
of this city died in the Post-Graduate
hospital at New York as the result of an
operation.

Mr. Miller was president of the Chautau-
qua assembly and, with Bishop Vin-
cent, founded it. He was also president
of the board of trustees of Mount Union
college, at Alliance, and president of
the Aultman & Miller Co. here.

Banker Hazlett Indicted.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—There
were 34 true bills returned to court
against Samuel Hazlett, the ex-banker,
on informations charging embezzle-
ment, in receiving money on deposit
when he knew he was insolvent. These
represent several thousand dollars of
deposits.

WANTED SQUIRE JAILED

Monnett Demanded It at the
Standard Hearing.

BRINSMADE REFUSED TO COMPLY.

The Oil Magnate Would Not Produce
the Company's Books—Brinsmade Said
He Would Certify the Records to the
Supreme Court and Let It Decide.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—The Standard
Oil company again refused to produce
its books in evidence in the investiga-
tion resumed here before Master Com-
missioner Brinsmade, and Attorney
General Monnett asked that Secretary
F. B. Squire be committed to jail for
contempt of court.

Colonel Brinsmade refused to send
Mr. Squire to jail, but said that he
would certify all the records to the su-
preme court and let the court decide
whether a penalty should be inflicted
for the refusal to answer the question.

Squire was the only standard official
who appeared at the hearing out of the
half dozen or more summoned.

Secretary Squire submitted his rea-
sons for refusing to show the company
books as follows:

First—Because they are demanded in an
action instituted against the Standard Oil
company for contempt of court, and I am in-
formed that to enforce their production for
such a purpose is an unreasonable search and
seizure.

Second—Because the books disclose facts and
circumstances which may be used against the
Standard, tending to prove it guilty of offenses
made criminal by an act of the legislature of
Ohio passed April 19, 1898.

Third—Because they disclose facts and cir-
cumstances which may be used against my-
self personally as an officer of said company
tending to prove me guilty of offenses made
criminal by the act aforesaid.

E. W. Brown, who for many years
has been with Scofield, Shurmer & Teag-
le, an independent firm which has
fought the Standard, was put on the
witness stand. The object of Attorney

HOLDS GOOD.

Merchants and Business
Men Make Note.

When you take a full
page advertisement in the
NEWS REVIEW, at our
transient rates for adver-
tising, handsome bills from
the same, from 1,000 to
5,000, will cost you but 40
cents per thousand.

General Monnett was to prove that the
Standard Oil company ignored the order
of the supreme court and that the so-
called constituent companies were never
in competition with the Standard Oil
company.

Nearly every question put to Mr.
Brown by Mr. Monnett was objected to
by the Standard attorneys and in nearly
every instance Commissioner Brins-
made upheld the objections, so that Mr.
Brown's testimony was of little value.

Mr. Monnett left for Columbus much
discouraged.

SENATOR BURKE'S DEFENSE.

Denied He Was Guilty of Misconduct in
the Manning Case.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—State Senator
Vernon Burke has filed an answer in
the circuit court to the disbarment pro-
ceedings brought against him. He de-
nied that he is guilty of misconduct as
an attorney, or that there was any con-
spiracy between himself and Judge
Dellenbaugh.

He admitted that he effected a settle-
ment of the Manning alienation of af-
fection case, and received the sum of
\$10,000 in full satisfaction of Mrs. Man-
ning's claim. He also admitted that he
received \$2,200 fee in the case and that
he paid Judge Dellenbaugh \$1,100 for
services rendered by the latter in the
matter. It was understood Burke's
trial would commence today.

For a Reform Party Convention.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—R. S. Thomp-
son, president of the Union Reform
party of Ohio, was here making ar-
rangements for the national conference
of the party to be held in this city
March 1 and 2. He says nearly 2,000
delegates are expected from 15 states.
Mr. Thompson says it is the expectation
to form a national party pledged to the
theory that the people shall govern
themselves by direct legislation.

MILES TO TESTIFY FIRST.

This Expected by Court of Inquiry—May
Visit Beef Plants.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Colonel Davis,
the recorder of the court of inquiry,
said the taking of testimony hardly
will begin before Monday. The sessions
then will be open. General Miles is ex-
pected to testify first, presenting his
charges and their foundations. The in-
vestigation will be limited strictly to

canned roast beef and refrigerated beef,
but the scope of the inquiry will be so
comprehensive as to follow the beef
from packer to private soldier, so that
the action of the packers and all war
department officials connected with the
beef supply will be investigated.

Colonel Davis said the inquiry would
continue indefinitely, and said he could
give no idea as to the time of its
termination.

There is a possibility that the court
will visit the Chicago and South Omaha
packing houses, where the beef in
question was prepared.

Friday and today preliminary work
was done.

Transport Left Gibraltar.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Consul
Sprague, at Gibraltar, cabled the war
department that the United States
troop transport Sherman, with 1,800 re-
inforcements for General Otis at Ma-
nila aboard, sailed from that port for
Port Said. All aboard were well.

Princeton Reached Suez.

SUEZ, Feb. 18.—The United States
gunboat Princeton, from New York
Jan. 11 for Manila, arrived here.

IN SPITE OF TRUSTS.

Dun's Review Said Business Was Enjoy-
ing a Healthy Growth—Rise
in Grain Prices.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—R. G. Dun &
Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued
today, said in part:

Beyond question business is expanding, and
in many branches it is larger, notwithstanding
speculative combinations which tend to
reduce it. All monopolies, or attempted mo-
nopolies, stimulate business while they are
coming, but tend to stifle it after they come,
and the throng of combinations and trusts
which have been formed or proposed have
given a temporary, but very questionable im-
petus to trade. But beyond the influence of
these there is a genuine and substantial en-
largement of business due to the unexampled
prosperity of a growing population.

The week's output of pigiron Feb. 1 was
237,639 tons, against 245,516 Jan. 1, and 235,528
Dec. 1.

The stoppage of several furnaces for neces-
sary repairs at a time when the demand is
most pressing has caused some fear of famine,
although quite a number of other furnaces
have started since Feb. 1, or are about to start.
Pigiron has advanced, but the largest con-
sumption ever recorded in any month is in
part due to the hasty purchases of products
about to be controlled or advanced in price by
a combination. There are so many of these in
the iron and steel industry that the present
market does not clearly indicate the mag-
nitude of the demand, and disappointment in
some branches is not improbable. But the rise
of \$1 in steel rails, with the entire capacity of
all works engaged until after July 1, is not
unusual, nor the strength in plates, for
which the legitimate demand is beyond all
precedent, and the same is true of bars, the
quantity required for cars, railway and agri-
cultural implement works being enormous.
In pipe the association lifted prices 5 per cent
with a very heavy order from Indiana gas
works, as does the expected combination in
sheets.

No fictitious demand has caused the rise in
grain, for the exports continue so heavy in
wheat and corn that the advance of 3 1/2 cents
in wheat is abundantly justified and the rise
of 3/4 of a cent in corn seems scarcely enough
for the occasion.

There is much more inquiry for wool and
the manufacturers have a larger demand for
heavyweight goods, but they maintain that
they cannot pay prices now demanded for
wool, and most of the purchases made appear
to have been at some concessions. Sales at
the three chief markets were 6,160,300 pounds,
which is about the weekly consumption with
eastern mills well employed, but they were
partly on speculative account, and in fine and
fine medium territory sales are mentioned at
40 cents cleaned, and in Ohio XX at 26 cents
and upward.

Failures for the week have been 178 in the
United States against 295 last year and 18 in
Canada against 35 last year.

BIG NAVAL APPROPRIATION.

The Bill Considered in the House—Sun-
dry Civil Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The house
finally passed the sundry civil appro-
priation bill, to which it had devoted
over a week. No important amend-
ment had been adopted. The speaker's
ruling upon the motion to recommit
the bill with instructions to incorporate
in it the Nicaragua canal amendment
was sustained—155 to 96. The naval
appropriation bill was taken up and
over half the bill was completed during
the remainder of the day. There was
no general opposition to the measure,
although it carries \$44,000,000, being
\$8,000,000 more than the largest naval
appropriation bill ever passed by
congress.

An attempt to defeat the provision
for a joint arrangement between the
government and the Fitchburg Railroad
company at the Boston naval yard
failed. A point of order against the
provision in the bill relative to the re-
arrangement and reconstruction of the
buildings at the naval academy went
over until today.

The Bishop's Words Praised.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Bishop Charles H.
Fowler, D. D., LL. D., of Buffalo, de-
livered a new lecture on General Grant
to an audience of 2,000 people in the
Y. M. C. A. auditorium. During the
lecture the bishop referred to the states-
manship of President McKinley and
the speaker's championship of expan-
sion was vociferously applauded.

Three Firemen Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Three fire-
men lost their lives while working on
the ruins of Thursday night's Market
street blaze. They were William
Chance, Hugh Duffy and George W.
Heinle.

HAWLEY IS FIRM.

Wanted No Compromise on
Army Bill.

SOME REPUBLICANS FAVOR IT.

Good Progress Said to Have Been Made
In That Direction—Some of the Pro-
moters Dislike the Idea of an Extra
Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—There was a
pronounced movement in the senate
looking to a compromise on the army
reorganization bill. The movement
originated with several Republican sen-
ators who advanced the opinion that a
compromise was preferable to an extra
session of congress. The Cockrell bill
was accepted by them as the first ad-
vance on the part of the Democrats
toward an understanding.

When the matter was brought to the
attention of Senator Hawley, chairman
of the committee on military affairs, he
gave it no countenance whatever, de-
claring that he was not willing to yield
anything. He was critical of the Cock-
rell bill, finding especial fault with its
provisions for natives of the new pos-
sessions in the American army. He
announced his purpose to stand by his
notice to call up the bill reported by the
Republican members and insist upon
consideration on that basis and that
only.

Other Republican members of the
committee did not appear so decided.
Senator Proctor, who does not support
the house bill, is expected to return to
the city today and there will then be a
majority of the committee antagonistic
to the bill. The Democratic senators
generally assume an appearance of in-
difference, but the indications are that
they will make some concessions. It
may be stated, therefore, that while no
compromise was reached, good progress
was made toward reaching one.

NAVAL CAMPAIGN.

Administration Determined to Show Our
Authority Throughout the
Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The adminis-
tration determined rapidly to extend
the jurisdiction of the United States
over the whole of the Philippine group,
acting on the theory that delay in this
case was dangerous and that anarchy
and a general paralysis of such interests
as the islands support would be brought
about through a failure promptly to re-
place the Spanish sovereignty over the
islands by that of the United States.

This decision involved the necessity
of a naval campaign, and this will likely
be instituted as soon as Admiral Dewey
receives the reinforcements in the shape
of gunboats now on their way to Ma-
nila.

MORE WOUNDED REPORTED.

General Otis Sent a List of Names From
the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The war de-
partment received the following:
"MANILA, Feb. 17.

Adjutant General, Washington:

"First California, wounded in skir-
mish at Taterof, 14th: Private Harry
Fawke, Company C, cheek, slight; Cor-
poral Oscar Nelson, Company C, chest,
slight; Private W. E. Cornish, Com-
pany H, thigh, slight. Wounded from
desultory firing 15th and 16th: Private
Howard M. Holland, Company D, First
Washington, shoulder, slight; Ralph
D. Winther, Troop K, Fourth cavalry,
arm pit, slight; Joseph J. Engberg, Bat-
tery H, Third artillery, leg, slight, ac-
cidental. Wounded at Jaro, near Iloilo,
island of Panay, Feb. 12: Second Lieu-
tenant Frank C. Bolles, Eighteenth
infantry, leg, severe; Corporal Sparks,
Company A, Eighteenth infantry,
shoulder and lung, severe; Fred A.
Smith, Company A, Eighteenth in-
fantry, leg, slight. (Sig.) OTIS."

OUR SYMPATHY EXPRESSED.

Ambassador Porter Ordered to Convey It
to the Faure Family.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The follow-
ing was cabled from this city:

"DEPARTMENT OF STATE, }
"WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. }

To Porter, Ambassador, Paris:

"The president of the United States
desires you to convey to the family of
the late president of the French repub-
lic the expression of his heartfelt sym-
pathy in their irreparable bereavement.
The whole world mourns the loss of one
of its greatest statesmen, and this
country has an especial share in the
sorrow of her sister republic.

(Signed) "JOHN HAY."
The secretary of state also indited a
personal letter to M. Thiebaut, charge
of the French embassy here, expressive
of his sentiment on the occasion.

Mr. Cranford Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The chaplain
of the house, in his invocation referred
feelingly to the critical illness of Mr.
Cranford of Texas, whose death is
hourly expected, from a complication of
diseases. He is very ill at Providence
hospital here.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 215.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEB. 18, 1899.

TWO CENTS

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The suggestion was received with cries of "good" and applause. Later the party proceeded to the state capital to visit the legislature.

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Adjutant General, Washington:

"First California, wounded in skirmish at Taterof, 14th; Private Harry Fawke, Company C, cheek, slight; Corporal Oscar Nelson, Company C, chest, slight; Private W. E. Cornish, Company H, thigh, slight. Wounded from desultory firing 15th and 16th: Private Howard M. Holland, Company D, First Washington, shoulder, slight; Ralph D. Winther, Troop K, Fourth cavalry, arm put, slight; Joseph J. Engberg, Battery H, Third artillery, leg, slight, accidental. Wounded at Jaro, near Iloilo, island of Panay, Feb. 12: Second Lieutenant Frank C. Bolles, Eighteenth infantry, leg, severe; Corporal Sparks, Company A, Eighteenth infantry, shoulder and lung, severe; Fred A. Smith, Company A, Eighteenth infantry, leg, slight. (Sig.) Otis."

OUR SYMPATHY EXPRESSED.

Ambassador Porter Ordered to Convey It to the Faure Family.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The following was cabled from this city:

"DEPARTMENT OF STATE, }
"WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. }

To Porter, Ambassador, Paris:

"The president of the United States desires you to convey to the family of the late president of the French republic the expression of his heartfelt sympathy in their irreparable bereavement. The whole world mourns the loss of one of its greatest statesmen, and this country has an especial share in the sorrow of her sister republic."

(Signed) "JOHN HAY."
The secretary of state also indited a personal letter to M. Thiebaut, charge of the French embassy here, expressive of his sentiment on the occasion.

Mr. Cranford Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The chaplain of the house, in his invocation referred feelingly to the critical illness of Mr. Cranford of Texas, whose death is hourly expected, from a complication of diseases. He is very ill at Providence hospital here.



M. LOUBET.

SUCCESSOR TO FAURE.

Balloting to Occur at Versailles This Afternoon.

LOUBET LIKELY TO BE ELECTED.

Mrs. Emily Crawford Points Out the Futility of Human Ambition, as Evidenced in Faure's Death—An Humble Priest Gave Absolution to Dying Man.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The premier, M. Dupuy, fixed the meeting of the national assembly, or congress, in which the senators and deputies unite in voting for a president of France for 1 o'clock this afternoon at Versailles.

At a meeting of the Leftists M. Loubet, the president of the senate and former premier, was unanimously nominated for the presidency. The senators consider M. Loubet's election



M. LOUBET.

as assured. M. Dupuy declined to enter the presidential contest against M. Loubet. In view of the apparently united support of the senate and M. Meline's withdrawal in his favor, it was generally thought that M. Loubet's election was almost assured.

Mrs. Emily Crawford, writing on the French situation, said in part:

"Everything is very quiet in Paris tonight (Friday). There is no danger of a coup d'etat. The favorite candidate for the presidency is M. Emile Loubet, now president of the senate.

"As a precaution against a coup d'etat or any of its sort the troops have been ordered to keep within barracks in all the garrisons.

"M. Faure's body, now embalmed, is lying in state in the Salle des Fetes of the theater built by President Carnot for concerts and dramatic entertainments.

"Previous to embalment the body lay on a brass bedstead in the president's sittingroom. Two Sisters of Charity watched beside it. Before the operation, which lasted an hour, took place, informal dead mass was celebrated in the Elysee chapel.

"Piles of telegrams from corporate bodies, personal friends, sympathizers in parts of France and, indeed, Europe and even Asia, have arrived. The first to telegraph to Madame Faure was Emperor William.

"Public events in France have a strange suddenness and take spontaneously a dramatic character. Thus M. Faure's body lies in a Salle des Fetes, or hall of festivities.

"The cards had been issued to 6,000 persons to attend a state ball next Thursday. Today the tapestries of the ballroom have been taken down that the room may be hung in black. M. Faure had looked forward with delight to the Elysee being in 1900 the resort of sovereigns. The last he had from Emperor Nicholas was an acceptance of his (M. Faure's) invitation. He took great pleasure also in thinking that membership in the Order of the Annunciation would make him a 'cousin' of King Humbert, and the insignia of that order were to have been presented to him by a special embassy this month. But his soul was suddenly required of him and all connected with his presidential career is over. His death preaches a sermon upon the vanity of human ambition.

"I have been to see the Abbe Renault, who gave M. Faure absolution in extremis. Mme. Faure, on seeing that death was hastening, begged that messengers should be sent to summon three different priests and a dominican.

"Abbe Renault is the humblest of the humble, being chaplain to the House of Detention, or lockup, at the prefecture of police. Yesterday he had dined with some relatives who have a small shop in the Faubourg St. Honore. After dinner he was going home when suddenly a soldier on a bicycle came up, descended from the machine and caught him, with visible agitation, by the arm, saying 'come with me.'

"Father Renault went and only learned where he was going at the palace gate. There the soldier said: 'The president is dying. Do what you can for him. He is not a bad chap.' At the door a porter met the abbe and conducted him to the sitting room. The president was lying on a mattress upon the floor."

He was described the efforts of the doctors to save him, and finally he was given up.

"The abbe dropped on his knees, all

present doing this, too, and gave absolution in extremis. He had no holy oil to administer extreme unction. In the next room the ladies were sobbing. The ministers came in and dropped on their knees. As the clock on the mantel struck 10 a doctor said 'all is over.'

"Some persons went into the next room to inform Mme. Faure and her daughters. She soon came out, and with great composure, as if her grief were suddenly hushed, ordered that the body be placed on the president's brass railed bed and be kept unembalmed as long as possible. She thanked the priest for rendering the last office to a Christian and said that before the president lost consciousness he had prayed for forgiveness of all whom he might have offended. 'His tongue was paralyzed as he spoke,' she said, and again 'the poor have lost in his death a good friend.' At her request some prayers were recited by the abbe, who was profoundly affected by the whole scene."

Later M. Meline agreed to run, and this placed Loubet's success more in doubt.

PRESIDENT LEFT BOSTON.

Suggested to G. A. R. Men That Spanish Veterans Should Be Admitted to the Order.

Boston, Feb. 18.—President McKinley and party left Boston late yesterday afternoon. In his speech at the G. A. R. encampment he referred to the stirring scenes of the last year, which, he said, he was glad they had lived to see, and closed by suggesting that the Spanish War veterans should be admitted to membership in the G. A. R.

The suggestion was received with cries of "good" and applause.

Later the party proceeded to the state capital to visit the legislature.

At one point in his speech there the president said:

We may regard the situation before us as a burden or as an opportunity, but whether the one or the other it is here, and conscience and civilization require to meet it bravely. Desertion of duty is not an American quality. It was not the customs of the father and will not be the practice of their sons.

The party later proceeded to the Algonquin clubhouse, where the Commercial club was assembled.

President McKinley spoke on improved business conditions, saying at one point, in part.

We are fast going from a debtor to a creditor nation. I hope nothing will check it. We have quit discussing the tariff and have turned our attention to getting trade wherever it can be found. It will be a long time before any change can be had or any change desired in our present fiscal policy except to strengthen it. The differences on this question which existed have disappeared. We have turned from academic theories to trade conditions and are selling our share of the world's markets.

Not only is our business good, but our money is good. There is no longer fear of debased currency; it has been happily dispelled. The highest and best standard recognized by the leading commercial nations has been maintained, and it has been done without a resort to loans. The cause of sound money has advanced in the last two years. Honest finance has made positive gains. I do not think we quite appreciate yet the full measure of its success.

Both branches of congress on March 4 next will have an unquestioned majority opposed to any demoralization of our currency and committed to uphold the world's standard. Certainly for two years every branch of the national government will be united for good currency and the inviolability of our national obligations and credit. The investments and other enterprises of the people can therefore not be unsettled by sudden changes.

WILLARD TEMPLE PLAN.

Temperance Young People Inaugurated Their Campaign to Pay Building Debt as Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The formal launching of the "temple saving plan" of the Chicago Young People's Christian Temperance association took place Friday, the anniversary of Frances E. Willard's death. "The temple saving chart" was hung upon the wall of the association headquarters in the temple building and several hundred people wrote their names in the squares provided for that purpose. The chart contains 80,000 squares and the young people propose to secure 80,000 subscriptions of \$10 each to raise the \$800,000 necessary to save the temple.

"The first heavenly anniversary" in memory of Miss Willard was commemorated by the Central Women's Christian Temperance association at a meeting held in Willard hall at the temple.

HON. LEWIS MILLER DEAD.

The Akron Business Man and Chautauqua Promoter Expired in New York.

AKRON, O., Feb. 18.—A dispatch from New York said that Hon. Lewis Miller of this city died in the Post-Graduate hospital at New York as the result of an operation.

Mr. Miller was president of the Chautauqua assembly and, with Bishop Vincent, founded it. He was also president of the board of trustees of Mount Union college, at Alliance, and president of the Aultman & Miller Co. here.

Banker Hazlett Indicted.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—There were 34 true bills returned to court against Samuel Hazlett, the ex-banker, on informations charging embezzlement, in receiving money on deposit when he knew he was insolvent. These represent several thousand dollars of deposits.

WANTED SQUIRE JAILED

Monnett Demanded It at the Standard Hearing.

BRINSMADE REFUSED TO COMPLY.

The Oil Magnate Would Not Produce the Company's Books—Brinsmade Said He Would Certify the Records to the Supreme Court and Let It Decide.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—The Standard Oil company again refused to produce its books in evidence in the investigation resumed here before Master Commissioner Brinsmade, and Attorney General Monnett asked that Secretary F. B. Squire of the Standard be committed to jail for contempt of court.

Colonel Brinsmade refused to send Mr. Squire to jail, but said that he would certify all the records to the supreme court and let the court decide whether a penalty should be inflicted for the refusal to answer the question. Squire was the only standard official who appeared at the hearing out of the half dozen or more summoned.

Secretary Squire submitted his reasons for refusing to show the company books as follows:

First—Because they are demanded in an action instituted against the Standard Oil company for contempt of court, and I am informed that to enforce their production for such a purpose is an unreasonable search and seizure.

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HOLDS GOOD.

Merchants and Business Men Make Note.

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General Monnett was to prove that the Standard Oil company ignored the order of the supreme court and that the so-called constituent companies were never in competition with the Standard or each other.

Nearly every question put to Mr. Brown by Mr. Monnett was objected to by the Standard attorneys and in nearly every instance Commissioner Brinsmade upheld the objections, so that Mr. Brown's testimony was of little value. Mr. Monnett left for Columbus much discouraged.

SENATOR BURKE'S DEFENSE.

Denied He Was Guilty of Misconduct in the Manning Case.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—State Senator Vernon Burke has filed an answer in the circuit court to the disbarment proceedings brought against him. He denied that he is guilty of misconduct as an attorney, or that there was any conspiracy between himself and Judge Dellenbaugh.

He admitted that he effected a settlement of the Manning alienation of affection case, and received the sum of \$10,000 in full satisfaction of Mrs. Manning's claim. He also admitted that he received \$2,200 fee in the case and that he paid Judge Dellenbaugh \$1,100 for services rendered by the latter in the matter. It was understood Burke's trial would commence today.

For a Reform Party Convention.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—R. S. Thompson, president of the Union Reform party of Ohio, was here making arrangements for the national conference of the party to be held in this city March 1 and 2. He says nearly 2,000 delegates are expected from 15 states. Mr. Thompson says it is the expectation to form a national party pledged to the theory that the people shall govern themselves by direct legislation.

MILES TO TESTIFY FIRST.

This Expected by Court of Inquiry—May Visit Beef Plants.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Colonel Davis, the recorder of the court of inquiry, said the taking of testimony hardly will begin before Monday. The sessions then will be open. General Miles is expected to testify first, presenting his charges and their foundations. The investigation will be limited strictly to

canned roast beef and refrigerated beef, but the scope of the inquiry will be so comprehensive as to follow the beef from packer to private soldier, so that the action of the packers and all war department officials connected with the beef supply will be investigated. Colonel Davis said the inquiry would continue indefinitely, and said he could give no idea as to the time of its termination.

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BREEZE IN THE BOARD

Resulted In the Discharge of a Janitor.

THIRD STREET MAN MUST GO

Some Other Business Was Transacted at a Special Meeting of the Board of Education Last Evening—No School Next Wednesday.

The board of education met in special session in the directors' room in the Central building. The meeting was held instead of Monday evening, the regular meeting night. It was done at the request of Superintendent Rayman, who desires to attend an educational meeting at Columbus next Monday.

The meeting was opened with the reading of Proverbs I. and prayer by Superintendent Rayman.

Superintendent Rayman stated that four months would be required for the review in arithmetic this year. Last year two months were required in the study, but by the new way the scholars would be more benefited than in the past, inasmuch as the girls would be better fitted for teaching, while the boys would be advanced to a business course. This review, or higher commercial arithmetic study, was adopted by the board. The motion was made by Mr. Peach.

By common consent, the board advised Superintendent Rayman to close the schools next Wednesday, Washington's birthday. It has been the custom of the board for years.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Rayman to attend the National School Superintendents' association, which will meet in Columbus all of next week. The expenses of the trip will be paid by the board.

The report of the superintendent for the month of January was received.

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The meetings for the athletic sports, gymnastics and fencing will take place in the district of the Lake Daumesnil, forming an annex to the exposition of 1900. The meetings for shooting will be held in the grounds of the wood of Vincennes. The place for holding the pigeon shooting, however, has not yet been determined upon. The municipal hippodrome at Vincennes has been selected as the place for meetings for horsemanship, and the cycling exercises will be held in the velodrome of Vincennes. The long distance cycling races will be held outside the inclosure of the exposition. In the same annex to the exposition will be held the automobile races and displays.

The nautical sports will be held on the Seine and the Marne and Lake Daumesnil, and the life saving and acrobatic exhibits will take place in the annex of the exposition by the Lake Daumesnil. All communications from the United States as to the meetings, details, rules, etc., should be addressed to M. Alfred Picard, commissioner general. The detailed programme of the athletic and other sport meetings will be submitted to the exposition administration before Oct. 1.

One of the main features of the American exhibit in Paris in 1900 will be a carefully managed horse show. American oarsmen, too, will compete at the Paris exposition in 1900. The National Association of Amateur Oarsmen will send the fastest crew in America to Paris in 1900.—New York Herald.

WILLIAMS BOOMS HAVANA.

Everybody Hustling and McCullagh Doing Great Work With Police.

One of the passengers on the steamship City of Washington, which arrived at New York from Havana recently was former Police Inspector Alexander S. Williams, who had spent several days in Havana and had kept his eyes open although, according to his statement, the trip was solely for pleasure.

"What struck me most," said Mr. Williams, "was the contented air of the people in Havana. Everybody was contented, happy and hustling. The presence of the Americans has worked a wonderful change already. Havana is bound to be a big city, and I should not be surprised to see it a greater winter resort than Florida within a few years."

"Of course I was particularly interested in the work that John McCullagh is carrying on in organizing a police force there. He is actually wearing himself out in the work, spending all his time from 7 o'clock in the morning to 12 or 1 at night in perfecting his plans. He has about 1,000 men, I believe, and although they are not big men like our policemen they are bright men and will make good policemen in time. A good many of them are former Cuban soldiers, whose hardships have well fitted them for such service as they will have to perform. I saw them drilled under the army officers two or three times, and they are being rapidly licked into shape. They haven't any uniforms yet, and that spoils the look of the drill to some extent, but they are all right. McCullagh says he'll do what he contracted to do or bust, and he means it."

"I expected to find the harbor very dirty, but it was not, although there is room for much improvement. The streets are not very dirty, and the houses, although they are dingy on the outside, are roomy and clean inside. But what pleased me most was to see Old Glory flying from every flagstaff. That's the best thing of all."—New York Sun.

NEEDLES AS A BEVERAGE.

Strange Attempt to Kill a Popular Dutch Actor.

Louis Bouwmeester of Amsterdam, Holland's greatest actor, had a narrow escape from a horrible death the other night while playing the title role in a Dutch version of "Don Quixote." In one of the scenes he is supposed to drink four goblets of wine and to eat a baked spring chicken. He had hardly filled the first goblet with wine and raised it to his lips to drink when he turned deathly pale and tremblingly placed the vessel back on the table. He found that it was filled with numerous very small and very fine needles. He was so over-



There is a widespread and false impression that a man, in order to be a good physician, must be more or less heartless. People mistake heartlessness for nerve. The two terms are far from synonymous. A man may have a nerve of steel and a heart as tender as a mother's.

Of all the specialists in the world, there probably are not two that have as wide an experience in the treatment of women's diseases as Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. With the assistance of his staff of able physicians, he has prescribed, in the past thirty years, for many thousands of women. Dr. Pierce is pre-eminently a sympathetic physician. Perhaps more than any other man in the profession he realizes the hardships of woman's work, and the disadvantages under which she labors because of the weak, delicate and susceptible structure of the feminine organism. His immense practice in diseases peculiar to women forced upon him recognition the fact that women would never take the proper care of their health, so long as that care required the repugnant "examinations" and "local treatments" insisted upon by nearly all physicians. After years of study he invented a remedy now known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that is an absolute and unfailing cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of diseases peculiar to women. This wonderful medicine cures in the privacy of the home, and does away with the necessity for obnoxious "local treatment." It imparts health, strength, vigor and elasticity to the organs distinctly feminine and fits for wifehood and motherhood.

In paper covers, 21 one-cent stamps, cloth binding, 10 cents extra. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

YES OR NO.

East Liverpool People Are Respectfully Asked to Answer These Questions.

Is there anything in the evidence of one's senses:

Can the reader dispute and then disprove local evidence?

Can reliance be placed upon statements from people we know?

Are the opinions of residents of East Liverpool of any greater moment than opinions held by residents of Maine or Michigan?

Would you sooner believe people living in those states than those in your own city?

Answer these questions honestly after you have quietly read the following:

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employee of Sebring's pottery, who lives at 344 Second street, says: "I had been taking medicine for my kidneys right along, and if I had found a cure I would have had no occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years or more with distressing backache across the loins, a steady aching pain with quick twinges now and then while stooping or lifting, that felt as if a sharp instrument had pierced my back, and the secretions of the kidneys were highly colored, feverish or slightly scalding. Work seemed to be a drag; I had no energy, and I am more than thankful that I was induced to go to the W. & W. pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking them there was no sign of my old complaint."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-McBurm Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse of other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure, or your money is refunded. Price 50 CENTS per package; or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circulars free). **AJAX REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.**

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John L. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. **DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.**

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

come with emotion that he stopped in the middle of his dialogue and went behind the scenes to the stage manager, with the death goblet in his hand.

Though the play was continued after the incident, Bouwmeester was not himself. It is believed that professional jealousy is at the bottom of the dastardly attempt to kill the actor.—Special Cable to Philadelphia Press.

Ivory billiard balls, freshly turned, have to be treated very carefully, as a sudden change in temperature may cause them to crack. To prevent this they require to be placed for at least three months in a warm room in order to shrink them gradually and dry free before they are finished and polished.

BREEZE IN THE BOARD

Resulted In the Discharge of a Janitor.

THIRD STREET MAN MUST GO

Some Other Business Was Transacted at a Special Meeting of the Board of Education Last Evening—No School Next Wednesday.

The board of education met in special session in the directors' room in the Central building. The meeting was held instead of Monday evening, the regular meeting night. It was done at the request of Superintendent Rayman, who desires to attend an educational meeting at Columbus next Monday.

The meeting was opened with the reading of Proverbs 1. and prayer by Superintendent Rayman.

Superintendent Rayman stated that four months would be required for the review in arithmetic this year. Last year two months were required in the study, but by the new way the scholars would be more benefited than in the past, inasmuch as the girls would be better fitted for teaching, while the boys would be advanced to a business course. This review, or higher commercial arithmetic study, was adopted by the board. The motion was made by Mr. Peach.

By common consent, the board advised Superintendent Rayman to close the schools next Wednesday, Washington's birthday. It has been the custom of the board for years.

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WILLIAMS BOOMS HAVANA.

Everybody Hustling and McCullagh Doing Great Work With Police.

One of the passengers on the steamship City of Washington, which arrived at New York from Havana recently, was former Police Inspector Alexander S. Williams, who had spent several days in Havana and had kept his eyes open although, according to his statement, the trip was solely for pleasure.

"What struck me most," said Mr. Williams, "was the contented air of the people in Havana. Everybody was contented, happy and hustling. The presence of the Americans has worked a wonderful change already. Havana is bound to be a big city, and I should not be surprised to see it a greater winter resort than Florida within a few years."

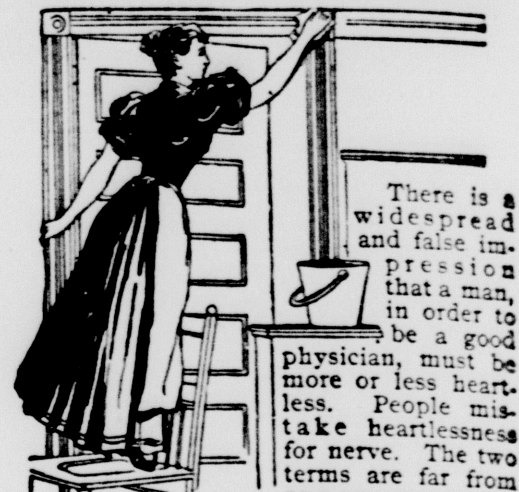
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"I expected to find the harbor very dirty, but it was not, although there is room for much improvement. The streets are not very dirty, and the houses, although they are dingy on the outside, are roomy and clean inside. But what pleased me most was to see Old Glory flying from every flagstaff. That's the best thing of all."—New York Sun.

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There is a widespread and false impression that a man, in order to be a good physician, must be more or less heartless. People mistake heartlessness for nerve. The two terms are far from synonymous. A man may have a nerve of steel and a heart as tender as a mother's.

Of all the specialists in the world, there probably are not two that have as wide an experience in the treatment of women's diseases as Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. With the assistance of his staff of able physicians, he has prescribed, in the past thirty years, for many thousands of women. Dr. Pierce is pre-eminently a sympathetic physician. Perhaps more than any other man in the profession he realizes the hardships of woman's work, and the disadvantages under which she labors because of the weak, delicate and susceptible structure of the feminine organism. His immense practice in diseases peculiar to women forced upon his recognition the fact that women would never take the proper care of their health, so long as that care required the repugnant "examinations" and "local treatments" insisted upon by nearly all physicians. After years of study he invented a remedy now known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that is an absolute and unfailing cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of diseases peculiar to women. This wonderful medicine cures in the privacy of the home, and does away with the necessity for obnoxious "local treatment." It imparts health, strength, vigor and elasticity to the organs distinctly feminine and fits for wifehood and motherhood.

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MADE ME A MAN

ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. List upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CENTS. In each case or refund the money. Price for \$2.00. By package, or six boxes (full treatment) for \$10.00. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular free). AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.

DR. PEAL'S

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come with emotion that he stopped in the middle of his dialogue and went behind the scenes to the stage manager, with the death goblet in his hand.

Though the play was continued after the incident, Bouwmeester was not himself. It is believed that professional jealousy is at the bottom of the dastardly attempt to kill the actor.—Special Cable to Philadelphia Press.

Ivory billiard balls, freshly turned, have to be treated very carefully, as a sudden change in temperature may cause them to crack. To prevent this they require to be placed for at least three months in a warm room in order to shrink them gradually and dry true before they are finished and polished.

BREEZE IN THE BOARD

Resulted In the Discharge of a Janitor.

THIRD STREET MAN MUST GO

Some Other Business Was Transacted at a Special Meeting of the Board of Education Last Evening—No School Next Wednesday.

The board of education met in special session in the directors' room in the Central building. The meeting was held instead of Monday evening, the regular meeting night. It was done at the request of Superintendent Rayman, who desires to attend an educational meeting at Columbus next Monday.

The meeting was opened with the reading of Proverbs 1. and prayer by Superintendent Rayman.

Superintendent Rayman stated that four months would be required for the review in arithmetic this year. Last year two months were required in the study, but by the new way the scholars would be more benefited than in the past, inasmuch as the girls would be better fitted for teaching, while the boys would be advanced to a business course. This review, or higher commercial arithmetic study, was adopted by the board. The motion was made by Mr. Peach.

By common consent, the board advised Superintendent Rayman to close the schools next Wednesday, Washington's birthday. It has been the custom of the board for years.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Rayman to attend the National School Superintendents' association, which will meet in Columbus all of next week. The expenses of the trip will be paid by the board.

The report of the superintendent for the month of January was received.

The following bills were ordered paid: A. Rattray, \$9.70; W. A. Hill, \$8.21; light company, \$2.10; W. H. Hendrickson, 50 cents; Thomas Wolf, \$1.20; Atkinson Mentzer company, \$8.03; George H. Owen, \$52.50; A. W. Scott, \$45; R. Hall, \$1.61; Eagle Hardware company, \$10.51; Wolf, Walker company, \$16.75; Piqua Furniture company, \$62.40; Adams Express company, 50 cents; Cosmopolitan club, \$5; William G. Johnson, \$71.42; Ginn & Co., \$10.80; American Book company, \$279.10; Union Planing Mill company, \$55.93; F. S. Albright, \$2.60; Wilson Stationery company, \$3.46; Watson & Sloan, 30 cents; Ohio Valley Gas company: West End building \$30.75, Central \$267.30, Grant street \$35.10, Third street \$55.95, Sixth street \$59.70, total, \$448.80. The gas was burned 72 days, and the average cost for each day was \$6.24. In some of the buildings the rooms were heated for a cost of 93 cents a day.

The bill of the Union Planing Mill company was referred to the firm for correction.

Doctor Williams moved a committee be appointed to see Mr. Carey, janitor of the Third street building, and ask him to resign.

Mr. Murphy said: "I know this is directed at me, but if he is not doing his work right I would be in favor of discharging him and not sending a committee around."

Mr. Peach moved Mr. Carey be discharged. The motion was seconded by Mr. Williams.

The subject caused considerable talk, and the motion passed, Mr. Murphy voting yea.

Harvey Davidson was elected to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Murphy moved Doctor Williams be appointed to look after the Third street building, but President Vodrey stated the present committees on buildings would remain the same, at least for the present.

The meeting then adjourned.

ONLY FOUR CASES.

Typhoid Fever Has Not a Hold in the City.

The city is in a very healthy condition at the present time, and according to the statement of Sanitary Officer Burgess there are but four cases of typhoid fever in the city, and none of scarlet fever or diphtheria.

The streets and alleys are being kept as clean as possible under the existing conditions.

UNSATISFACTORY

Was the Basketball Game at the Association.

The basketball game last evening at the Young Men's Christian association between the Marple and Witherow clubs was a very unsatisfactory contest. During the game the referee awarded the

Witherow team a foul and the captain of the Marple team quit. His team continued to play and were defeated by a score of 14 to 6.

MIDDLE OF APRIL.

Candidates Favor It as a Time For the Primaries.

As yet the county committee have not been called together for the purpose of deciding on a date for the Republican primaries, although Chairman Cameron gave it as his opinion some time ago that a meeting would be held some time this month to settle the date. It was then believed the primaries would be held in March.

Now comes a well informed candidate with the opinion that the election will not be held until the middle of April. He is of the opinion that the majority of candidates have decided they cannot make a canvass in time for a date in March and are therefore willing to let the matter go over until April. The candidates are to decide the matter.

EAST END IMPROVING.

A Number of Buildings to Be Erected in the Spring.

It is generally believed that East End will experience a building boom in the spring.

"Real estate has been changing hands and a number of parties hope to own their own homes by this time next year," said a well known resident last night. "I have not heard of any unusually handsome houses or business blocks to be erected, but there will be a general movement toward comfortable buildings for which East End is noted. The best part of the whole matter is the fact that people who expect to occupy these houses are those who will pay to have them built. From the plans now prepared I think I can say East End will fairly outdo itself growing this year."

AN ANONYMOUS LETTER

May Cause Trouble For the Individual Who Penned It.

A well known young man of the city called at the News Review office, and stated that he had received an anonymous letter, and he proposed to push the writer if the government would take up the matter.

The letter, he said, was of the most vicious character, accusing him of crimes he had not committed and threatening him with dire punishment if he did not at once reform.

Since the young man has an excellent reputation it is possible he will make it interesting for some one if the letter he received comes under the law.

THEY FEEL SAFE.

Rivermen Still Think There Will Be No Big Flood.

Dangers of a flood are past, and, although the ice has not given way, the river is rising and the ice is fast melting. The wharf boat has been pulled near the bridge and the ice between it and the Moore coal float has been broken. The ice about all the other floats has been cleared away and all dangers of loss by high water have passed so far as coal men are concerned.

The ice in the river at present is very thin, and the people who walked across the ice are now going over the bridge. It is expected the ice will break tomorrow.

OPEN AT NIGHT.

The Public Library Can Once More Accommodate Patrons.

The public library was opened to the public Thursday evening for the first time since the fire occurred.

It is not expected that the new books for the library will be purchased before March, but they may be ordered at the regular meeting of the board next Friday evening.

FIRST NEW CAR

Was Taken Over the Line by Motorman Allison Today.

The first new street car was this morning run over the line by Motorman Lawrence Allison.

The cars are longer than those received from St. Louis and have side seats instead of across the car. They are painted yellow and trimmed in white.

Women's \$3.50 and \$4 turn and welt lace shoes, coin and bull dog toes at \$2.90 this week at

BENDHEIM'S.

Few Cases Filed.

Business at the offices of the local squires is decidedly slow, and but few civil actions are being filed.

Children's suit sale, one-fourth off the original price, at

JOSEPH BROS.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Institute of France Confers Its Prize Upon an American.

WON BY MR. CHARLES A. SCHOTT.

Old Hailstones' Disappointment When He Saw That Senator Platt Was Not an Indian Chief—Senator Perkins and Thomas G. Alvord, Who Were Once Shipmates, Are Now Friends in Public Life.

There was an interesting scene in the library of the White House recently when President McKinley presented to Mr. Charles A. Schott a gold medal and a prize of 4,000 francs recently conferred upon him by the Institute of France, which is recognized as the highest scientific authority in the world, says the Chicago Record. This prize is open to scholars of all countries and is conferred annually upon the person who is believed to have made the most important contribution to human knowledge during the year in certain branches of inquiry.

After due consideration the prize for 1898 was awarded to Mr. Schott for his discoveries in terrestrial magnetism. Mr. Schott is 72 years of age and looks like a country clergyman. He was born in Sicily, educated in Germany, came to the United States in childhood, learned the trade of a surveyor and secured employment with the coast survey more than 50 years ago. He has since been engaged in making computations and working out the observations and notes of the surveyors. In addition to his official labors Mr. Schott has prepared several volumes of logarithms and other astronomical and mathematical textbooks, which are accepted as authority throughout the world.

The extraordinary discovery for which he has been awarded this prize and which is considered the most important contribution to human knowledge during the last year was a method by which the variations of the compass may be anticipated. In other words, he had prepared tables similar to those of the nautical almanac, by which a navigator at sea or a surveyor or astronomer on land may know two or three years in advance the variation of the magnetic needle at any degree of latitude or longitude on the earth's surface.

The president made a graceful little speech as he presented the prize, which had come to him through the government of France and the department of state for presentation to Mr. Schott, and remarked that it was one of the highest honors that could be conferred and was a pleasant proof that in science there are no international boundaries.

Old Hailstones-in-His-Belly, Medicine Bear, Big Foot, Heap Much Smoke, Black Horn, Yellow Thunder and Charge the Crow, seven big Sioux Indians, were at the White House the other morning to pay their respects to the Great Father, as the president is known among the aborigines, says the New York World. The seven massive specimens of mankind, clothed in their native garb—moccasins, bearskins, paint and feathers and long chains of beads swinging around their necks—had business with the Great Father, else they would have postponed their day for paying their respects until the heavy snow, which gives Washington a Klondike appearance, melts away. Their business here is to look after claims arising under the treaty of 1872 which gave Jim Hill's Great Northern railway a right of way through the Sioux reservation. The president was most kind in his treatment of the red men, and as Hailstones spoke fluent English the president was much interested in the callers.

Later in the day the Sioux visited the capitol and occupied seats in the senate gallery and listened to Senator Pettigrew, chairman of the Indian affairs committee, urge the passage of the Indian appropriation bill. There are several items in this bill in which the Sioux are interested, and they were anxious to see that they got through the senate. Hailstones craned his neck looking for Senator Platt. He had heard much about the New York chief, and without knowing just who he was, he thought that Platt might possibly be of the Sioux tribe. Senator Platt soon came into the chamber, and one of the capitol guides who knew the Indians pointed out the New York senator. Hailstones inspected him critically from afar and said: "Umph! He no Sioux White man."

Thomas G. Alvord, superintendent of the art gallery of the congressional library, according to the Chicago Tribune, has recently become acquainted with Senator Perkins of California in rather an unusual way. Having a desire to secure his influence in his canvass for the office of librarian, he had a talk with the senator, and it came about that Mr. Alvord related some of the experiences of his early life, among which was his first adventure before the mast, when he ran away to sea. This story interested the senator as nothing else about his new acquaintance did, and before the interview was ended Senator Perkins told Mr. Alvord he could depend upon his compliance with the request made. "Any man who runs away to sea," said

Senator Perkins, "can count on me as a friend. I ran away myself under the same circumstances. I went to sea as a cabin boy, when I was 12 years of age, on a sailing vessel bound for San Francisco."

There was a response of surprise from Mr. Alvord as he asked the name of the vessel, and it turned out that both the senator and Mr. Alvord had shipped from the same port and on the same vessel, and the result is they are fast friends. From this fact it follows that the senator is pushing Alvord's candidacy for the position of librarian.

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DEAD MAN'S PROPERTY

Is Causing a Great Row In a St. Clair Family.

TWO SUITS FILED IN COURT

An Effort Is Being Made to Recover Land and Chattles Left by a Will—Dugan, of East Palestine, Given Two Years In the Pen.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—Chamberlain against Chamberlain is the title of two suits filed. In reading the various petitions filed by the Chamberlains it appears that W. B. Chamberlain, the defendant in each case, has received more than his share of his father's estate. Not long ago J. L. and J. C. Chamberlain filed a petition endeavoring to break their father's will, he having made W. B. Chamberlain his sole heir to the seclusion of the others. They have now discovered their father deeded 50 acres in St. Clair township to W. B. Chamberlain for, as they claim, the pretended sum of \$1,000, where there was no consideration whatever. They allege that at the time of making deed and will, their father, by reason of age and sickness, was mentally unfit to make either. They ask to have both set aside.

Jacob L. Chamberlain claims in the other petition that W. B. Chamberlain wrongfully detains from him a lot of farming implements, and asks that he be ordered to deliver the property to him.

All the parties reside in St. Clair township.

Judgment was revived in the sum of \$19.85 against Samuel and Frank Small in favor of Maggie Orr, as administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Orr. An execution was issued.

J. F. Minick, executor of Michael Minick, has filed his petition in foreclosure, alleging that John F. Stacy is indebted to him upon a note in the sum of \$778, secured by mortgage on 50 acres in Unity township.

AT HARD LABOR.

John Dugan Was Sentenced to the Pen For Two Years.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—John Dugan, of East Palestine, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Hard labor is specified, but there is no solitary confinement. He was convicted of attempting to procure an abortion.

Yesterday George S. Haston was arraigned in court and confessed to a serious charge brought against him by Della Guy, and was ordered to pay \$25 cash and \$1 per week for 275 weeks. He must give security for the performance of the order. The parties are from Unity.

GOING TO ALLIANCE.

Local Chicken Fighters Want Stark County Money.

Local men who own game roosters and others who are interested in cock fighting have heard that Alliance is becoming something of a center for what they style their sport, and efforts are now being made for a cocking main to take place in that town as soon as possible.

Canton men often take birds to Alliance, and it is believed arrangements can be made for Liverpool and that place to meet on neutral ground. If the Alliance authorities keep their eyes wide open they may catch a gay crowd of sports some evening in the near future.

EIGHTY YEARS OLD,

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To shroud the day in gloom,
For God is there, and He is light,
And He doth heaven illumine.

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To pall the sunny hours,
For joys are there that never fade
And never lose their flowers.

There is no night of weeping there
To dim the bending skies,
For tears have ceased and every care
And with them grieving sighs.

No night of trial there descends
To cast its shadows dun,
For there the Christian's battle ends,
And victory is won.

And there no night of death e'er falls
To breathe its noisome breath,
For over heaven's crystal walls
Ne'er leaps the form of death.

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—Philadelphia Advertiser

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"I then had money enough to take me to Chicago. So I started for that

city, where I again found employment, but it was for only a fraction of a day, and I took a ride in a patrol wagon to the Harrison street station. I had been shaving an alderman and got into some of his very private affairs. He had a pull with the police, and they did the rest, which was to give me one hour to get out of town. This was only a few days ago. I came to Milwaukee, but have given up the barber's trade and am looking for a situation in somebody's kitchen, where I can get something to eat and be out of danger."—Special Chicago Inter Ocean.

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"Yesterday (Sunday) the field and staff of the Tenth took a trip up the Pasig river to the lake, about 15 miles up. On the way we were halted by the insurgents, who slipped cartridges in their guns, and we thought they looked like the real thing. We finally got to see the commander of the post and were grudgingly allowed to pass. It made me mad when I saw a fellow put a cartridge in his gun. We had a delightful trip barring this incident. The lake is 20 miles long by about 10 wide and is a beautiful sheet of water surrounded by irregular high hills and level land. There were a great many interesting sights, among them being the huts or shacks of the people who live on the water. These are built on foundations, or piles of bamboo rather, driven into the mud, six or eight sticks being enough for a house to stand on. The houses are about five feet above the water, and here the people live apparently as comfortably as on land."

"Altogether our regiment has been very fortunate in comparison with those who went to Cuba and those that were in large camps in the United

States. The boys are in pretty good shape. All want to get home, but are not crying about it."—New York Sun.

Golf at Resorts.

It is becoming more and more evident that a golf links is now a sine qua non of summer resort life, and it is a little curious to see how those places which have hitherto lacked facilities for the game are stringing into line in order to attract next season's visitors. It is no exaggeration to say that scores of charming and attractive places have been passed by in the last few summers simply because they offered no means of indulging in the present popular pastime, and, arbitrary as it may seem, golf has had more to do with popularizing some of the newer resorts than all other causes put together.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Strong Subject.

The Patron—Ah, going to do a Samson for the exhibition, are you?

The Painter—Yes; all the critics said my work wasn't strong enough last time.—New York Journal

Cry of Kinship.

What is the voice I hear
On the wind of the western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
And say what the voice may be!
'Tis a proud, free people calling loud to a people proud and free.

And it says to them: "Kinsmen, hallow
We severed have been too long.
Now let us have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong."

Answer them, sons of the selfsame race
And blood of the selfsame clan.
Let us speak with each other face to face
And answer as man to man
And loyally love and trust each other as none but freemen can.

Now fling them out to the breeze—
Shamrock, thistle and rose—
And the star spangled banner unfurl with these,
Wherever the sails of peace are seen and wherever the war wind blows,

A message to bond and thrall to wake,
For wherever we come, we twain,
The throne of the tyrant shall rock and quake
And his menace be void and vain,
For you are lords of a strong young land and we are lords of the main.

Yes, this is the voice on the bluff March gale;
We severed have been too long,
But now we have done with a wornout tale—
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—Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

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DEAD MAN'S PROPERTY

Is Causing a Great Row In a St. Clair Family.

TWO SUITS FILED IN COURT

An Effort Is Being Made to Recover Land and Chattels Left by a Will—Dugan, of East Palestine, Given Two Years In the Pen.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—Chamberlain against Chamberlain is the title of two suits filed. In reading the various petitions filed by the Chamberlains it appears that W. B. Chamberlain, the defendant in each case, has received more than his share of his father's estate. Not long ago J. L. and J. O. Chamberlain filed a petition endeavoring to break their father's will, he having made W. B. Chamberlain his sole heir to the seclusion of the others. They have now discovered their father deeded 50 acres in St. Clair township to W. B. Chamberlain for, as they claim, the pretended sum of \$1,000, where there was no consideration whatever. They allege that at the time of making deed and will, their father, by reason of age and sickness, was mentally unfit to make either. They ask to have both set aside.

Jacob L. Chamberlain claims in the other petition that W. B. Chamberlain wrongfully detains from him a lot of farming implements, and asks that he be ordered to deliver the property to him.

All the parties reside in St. Clair township.

Judgment was revived in the sum of \$19.85 against Samuel and Frank Small in favor of Maggie Orr, as administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Orr. An execution was issued.

J. F. Minick, executor of Michael Minick, has filed his petition in foreclosure, alleging that John F. Stacy is indebted to him upon a note in the sum of \$778, secured by mortgage on 50 acres in Unity township.

AT HARD LABOR.

John Dugan Was Sentenced to the Pen For Two Years.

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Yesterday George S. Huston was arraigned in court and confessed to a serious charge brought against him by Della Guy, and was ordered to pay \$25 cash and \$1 per week for 275 weeks. He must give security for the performance of the order. The parties are from Unity.

GOING TO ALLIANCE.

Local Chicken Fighters Want Stark County Money.

Local men who own game roosters and others who are interested in cock fighting have heard that Alliance is becoming something of a center for what they style their sport, and efforts are now being made for a cocking main to take place in that town as soon as possible.

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What is the voice I hear
On the wind of the western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
And say what the voice may be!
'Tis a proud, free people calling loud to a people proud and free.

And it says to them: "Kinsmen, hail!
We severed have been too long.
Now let us have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong."

Answer them, sons of the selfsame race
And blood of the selfsame clan.
Let us speak with each other face to face
And answer as man to man
And loyally love and trust each other as none but freemen can.

Now fling them out to the breeze—
Shamrock, thistle and rose—
And the star spangled banner unfurl with these.

A message to friends and foes
Wherever the sails of peace are seen and
wherever the war wind blows,

A message to bond and thrall to wake,
For wherever we come, we twain,
The throne of the tyrant shall rock and quake
And his menace be void and vain,
For you are lords of a strong young land
and we are lords of the main.

Yes, this is the voice on the bluff March gale;
We severed have been too long,
But now we have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong.

—Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

DEAD MAN'S PROPERTY

Is Causing a Great Row In a St. Clair Family.

TWO SUITS FILED IN COURT

An Effort Is Being Made to Recover Land and Chattles Left by a Will—Dugan, of East Palestine, Given Two Years In the Pen.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—Chamberlain against Chamberlain is the title of two suits filed. In reading the various petitions filed by the Chamberlains it appears that W. B. Chamberlain, the defendant in each case, has received more than his share of his father's estate. Not long ago J. L. and J. C. Chamberlain filed a petition endeavoring to break their father's will, he having made W. B. Chamberlain his sole heir to the seclusion of the others. They have now discovered their father deeded 50 acres in St. Clair township to W. B. Chamberlain for, as they claim, the pretended sum of \$1,000, where there was no consideration whatever. They allege that at the time of making deed and will, their father, by reason of age and sickness, was mentally unfit to make either. They ask to have both set aside.

Jacob L. Chamberlain claims in the other petition that W. B. Chamberlain wrongfully detains from him a lot of farming implements, and asks that he be ordered to deliver the property to him.

All the parties reside in St. Clair township.

Judgment was revived in the sum of \$19.85 against Samuel and Frank Small in favor of Maggie Orr, as administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Orr. An execution was issued.

J. F. Minick, executor of Michael Minick, has filed his petition in forclosure, alleging that John F. Stacy is indebted to him upon a note in the sum of \$778, secured by mortgage on 50 acres in Unity township.

AT HARD LABOR.

John Dugan Was Sentenced to the Pen For Two Years.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—John Dugan, of East Palestine, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Hard labor is specified, but there is no solitary confinement. He was convicted of attempting to procure an abortion.

Yesterday George S. Huston was arraigned in court and confessed to a serious charge brought against him by Della Guy, and was ordered to pay \$25 cash and \$1 per week for 275 weeks. He must give security for the performance of the order. The parties are from Unity.

GOING TO ALLIANCE.

Local Chicken Fighters Want Stark County Money.

Local men who own game roosters and others who are interested in cock fighting have heard that Alliance is becoming something of a center for what they style their sport, and efforts are now being made for a cocking main to take place in that town as soon as possible.

Canton men often take birds to Alliance, and it is believed arrangements can be made for Liverpool and that place to meet on neutral ground. If the Alliance authorities keep their eyes wide open they may catch a gay crowd of sports some evening in the near future.

EIGHTY YEARS OLD,

Yet Alex Trotter Called a Doctor For the First Time This Week.

Alexander Trotter, one of the oldest citizens of Calcutta, has been ill during the past few days, but his condition is not serious. Mr. Trotter is 80 years of age, and until this week never found it necessary to call a physician. He is improving rapidly, and will be able to be out in a short time.

A great many persons in that vicinity have been ill, the grip being the prevailing malady.

Mr. Clark Gone West.

James Clark, of Hanley, England, who has been here for several weeks looking after his clay business, left this morning for a trip through the west. Mr. Clark expects to return to East Liverpool in a few weeks.

We are selling men's \$5 enamel, \$5 vici kid and \$5 winter russet shoes at \$3.75 a pair. Choice from entire stock at this price. BENDHEIM'S.

Overcoat sale the people asked for. One-half off price at

JOSEPH BROS.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 19, "A Missionary Church." Text: Acts XIII, 1-3.

"When they had fasted and prayed and laid their hands on them, they sent them away."

It was in a great city, filled with wealth and luxury and moral corruption. An obscure company of religiously enthusiastic people had banded together. It was a strangely mixed band. They were worthy Jews, but from many lands, drawn to the great city by their business. The strictness of their religious prejudices had been somewhat relaxed and new notions added. They were followers of Jesus the Nazarene. They allowed gentiles to meet with them on equal terms. A strange innovation for the exclusive Jews.

Now occurs a still stranger thing. The impression gains currency that of the considerable number of religious teachers among them two should be sent together to the islands and neighboring provinces to teach the people the new views which they had themselves received and call the people to share in their religious experiences.

This was indeed a new spirit for those who had for ages been known as most intolerant toward all other religions and people. This was the beginning of Christian missions. All previous work had been unpremeditated, the result of an exigency or a special occasion. This was planned with deliberation. Other efforts had been individual and spasmodic. This was a movement of the whole church, and was to be a sustained and continued labor.

The preparation for the work is noticeable. "They fasted," not those alone who were to be sent out, but the whole company. It was not as a form, but as a religious preparation of body and spirit to more clearly discern the will of God. "They prayed." After the mind was clear and active, freed from all sluggishness of sleep and eating, they directed the powers of soul to learning the divine pleasure. "They laid their hands on them." Assurance of fraternal regard was in it, but more than that—authority to represent the church and carry the knowledge and practices of the church to others was imparted. Alone, no one of them possessed the right to bring others into this fellowship. The whole company united in the act of sending these messengers with the gospel message to the people in the regions beyond.

So should it be now. The whole church should send out the missionaries and sustain the work as its own.

Growth of Brotherhood.

Our recent war with Spain has opened eyes and hearts in wondrous ways and to wonderful extent in unexpected places. We entered the conflict with an avowed such as no nation ever before made as the basis of battle. We sought no conquest of lands for ourselves, no vindication of wounded honor or righting of wrongs of our own, but we could no longer tolerate the evils and wrongs under which our neighbors were suffering.

Though of different race and speech, with customs and traditions unlike our own, of a religion which made small appeal to many of us, they were our neighbors, oppressed, struggling, almost helpless and well nigh hopeless.

The most hopeful sign of all the conflict is the evident growth of human brotherhood. In the third of a century past we as a people have accumulated wealth beyond all historical precedent. It was a grave question if we were not growing avaricious in spirit and losing all the nobler qualities of heroic manhood. This war has shown the spiritual as well as material and physical fiber of the young republic. We have the spirit of brotherhood. This is the impulse of all missionary effort. In a broader and deeper sense than he intended the "cry of kinship" is caught by us from the lips of Tennyson's successor and rung around the globe. We are brothers not only to those of Anglo-Saxon birth and breeding, but to all men everywhere.

Keep Posted.

In many public schools the pupils are required to furnish lists of current events and explain them. It would be a good plan in the League to have once a month a review of the important events in the church at large. Affairs in Methodism and in other denominations are as important to us as the doings of congress or crowned heads.

No Night There.

In heaven above there is no night
To shroud the day in gloom,
For God is there, and He is light,
And He doth heaven illumine.

No night of sorrow spreads a shade
To pall the sunny hours,
For joys are there that never fade
And never lose their flowers.

There is no night of weeping there
To dim the bending skies,
For tears have ceased and every care
And with them grieving sighs.

No night of trial there descends
To cast its shadows dun,
For there the Christian's battle ends,
And victory is won.

And there no night of death e'er falls
To breathe its noisome breath,
For over heaven's crystal walls
Ne'er leaps the form of death.

No darkness there, no waning light!
Oh, what a heaven this—
A heaven with radiance ever bright
And with unclouded bliss!

—Philadelphia Ledger

A BARBER'S BAD LUCK.

Mind Reading Is an Irresistible Habit With Him.

DECLARES HE CANNOT HELP IT.

Gets Him Into All Sorts of Trouble. Some of His Experiences in Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis and Other Western Cities—Controlled Himself For a Week.

George Hammerslay of Oswego, N. Y., applied to an officer of the south side police station in Milwaukee recently for a place to sleep. As is customary in such cases the officer examined the man's hands to see whether he was a loafer or an honest workingman, as he said, looking for a job. "There are no evidences of recent employment here," said the policeman, "and I guess you will have to go to bed in a cell on an empty stomach." Hammerslay protested that he was an honest man, but that whenever he secured a job he lost it owing to no fault of his own. He told a remarkable story. Here it is:

"I am a barber by trade, and if I do say so there is no better in Milwaukee. But I have become possessed of the devil or something fully as bad. It is this way, you see: When I go to shave a man I begin to read his mind. The customer can't help it, and I can't help telling him what he is thinking about, either. But the most peculiar, and I might say unfortunate, part of this thing is that if the man has evil thoughts in his mind I am impelled to cut his throat."

"Have you ever hurt any one?" asked the officer, "when you were in one of these spells?"

"No, I can't say that I have, but I have had some terrible experiences and have been driven from town to town and city to city as a result of this irresistible habit. My wanderings and experiences would make a book. In Chicago I was cutting a man's hair when I discovered that he was planning to swindle a widow. I told him what he was thinking about, and at the same time grabbed him by the throat, and if the boss hadn't interfered I believe I would have killed the man. In Burlington, Ia., I had a similar experience. In this case, though, the customer was saying to himself things about the church of which I am a member, and I broke in and said that he was badly mistaken about it. The man cleared the chair with one bound, throwing off the apron and towels and calling me all kinds of pet names that are not in the hymnbooks or the dictionary."

"He would have eaten me up alive if others hadn't interfered. This time I insisted that the man was crazy, and as he was a transient in the shop I made my bluff stick. We threw him out of the place. But my job was short lived nevertheless, for the very next man that got into my chair proved to be a subject that gave my talent, or misfortune, full sway. Before he had been seated a minute I told him he was a thief, and the end was a black eye for me and the loss of my job. So I took to the road again, this time trying to put my faculty to practical use, but it would not work. I found that I could do nothing unless the subject was in a barber's chair. From Burlington I went to Lacrosse, where my troubles were short lived and of a lively order. A big brewer was my first customer. I got his train of thought instantly and tried to throw it off, but it was no use. I couldn't do it. I asked him why he put his stockings on inside out that morning and why he should blame his wife for it. He was wild and wanted to know how I came to know about his private affairs. I told him I was sure he couldn't think much, but what little thinking he was doing was a task that was not easy for him."

"This brought my new boss to the rescue of his patron, and he gave me one minute to get out of the shop. Next I went to Omaha, where my mind reading got me into jail. I was arrested twice for disorderly conduct and sent to jail once to serve a short sentence. I nearly lost my life in jail. You see, they gave me the job of shaving the other prisoners, and the first break I made was to tell a thief what he was thinking about. Of course his mind was on his crimes, and when I developed his thoughts there was all kinds of trouble for me. He nearly pounded my head off before the turnkey got hold of him. From Omaha I went to St. Louis."

"I got a good job in a shop on Olive street and managed to control myself for a whole week before my troublesome habit asserted itself again. A strict church member got into my chair one morning, and I saw that he had been playing poker for money, and not only that, but he had been cheating. I told him what kinds of hands he held and how he stacked the deck to get them. You ought to have seen that deacon's face. He didn't get mad at all. He simply asked me to keep quiet, and said he wanted to see me outside. I believe he wanted to pay me to keep still, but my bad luck was close on my heels, and my boss called me down for being too fresh with the customers and gave me the bounce."

"I then had money enough to take me to Chicago. So I started for that

city, where I again found employment, but it was for only a fraction of a day, and I took a ride in a patrol wagon to the Harrison street station. I had been shaving an alderman and got into some of his very private affairs. He had a pull with the police, and they did the rest, which was to give me one hour to get out of town. This was only a few days ago. I came to Milwaukee, but have given up the barber's trade and am looking for a situation in somebody's kitchen, where I can get something to eat and be out of danger."—Special Chicago Inter Ocean.

INSURGENTS WERE UGLY.

Loaded Their Guns and Held Up Pennsylvania Officers Outside Manila.

Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett of the Tenth Pennsylvania at Manila, writing to W. C. Farnsworth, corporation clerk of the state department, in a letter bearing the date Dec. 16 and received recently, says:

"The insurgents are not in a very good frame of mind, and we are preparing for trouble. Yesterday evening I went with our brigade commander, General H. G. Otis, through their outposts. They did not halt us, but looked pretty sour. This morning one of our majors and myself started across some ricefields to look over what will be in the line of battle if trouble occurs. We were on horseback and had to travel along narrow ridges between the fields, which are laid out in squares about 100 yards to a side. After going about a mile and a half we got lost and had to hire a native to get us out."

"Yesterday (Sunday) the field and staff of the Tenth took a trip up the Pasig river to the lake, about 15 miles up. On the way we were halted by the insurgents, who slipped cartridges in their guns, and we thought they looked like the real thing. We finally got to see the commander of the post and were grudgingly allowed to pass. It made me mad when I saw a fellow put a cartridge in his gun. We had a delightful trip barring this incident. The lake is 20 miles long by about 10 wide and is a beautiful sheet of water surrounded by irregular high hills and level land. There were a great many interesting sights, among them being the huts or shacks of the people who live on the water. These are built on foundations, or piles of bamboo rather, driven into the mud, six or eight sticks being enough for a house to stand on. The houses are about five feet above the water, and here the people live apparently as comfortably as on land."

"Altogether our regiment has been very fortunate in comparison with those who went to Cuba and those that were in large camps in the United

States. The boys are in pretty good shape. All want to get home, but are not crying about it."—New York Sun.

Golf at Resorts.

It is becoming more and more evident that a golf links is now a sine qua non of summer resort life, and it is a little curious to see how those places which have hitherto lacked facilities for the game are stringing into line in order to attract next season's visitors. It is no exaggeration to say that scores of charming and attractive places have been passed by in the last few summers simply because they offered no means of indulging in the present popular pastime, and, arbitrary as it may seem, golf has had more to do with popularizing some of the newer resorts than all other causes put together.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Strong Subject.

The Patron—Ah, going to do a Samson for the exhibition, are you?

The Painter—Yes; all the critics said my work wasn't strong enough last time.—New York Journal.

Cry of Kinship.

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On the wind of the western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
And say what the voice may be!
'Tis a proud, free people calling loud to a people proud and free.

And it says to them: "Kinsmen, halt!
We severed have been too long.
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And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong."

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For you are lords of a strong young land
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A message to bond and thrall to wake,
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And his menace be void and vain,
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But now we have done with a wornout tale—

The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong.
—Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

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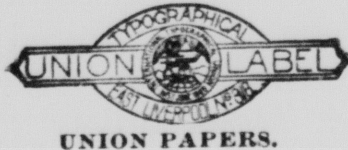
ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor
 [Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5.00
 Three Months.....1.25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEB. 18



All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



PRESIDENT McKINLEY seldom talks without saying something worth remembering, and his speech in Boston was no exception. Even though the people cast reflection upon a member of the cabinet they could not but cheer the utterances of the President.

A WOMAN'S NAME.

A good woman's name. Be careful how you trifle with it. Her honor to her is a priceless treasure, and the fellow who, by light and careless words, assaults that good name and fair fame, is a coward and a cur, too mean for Webster's unabridged to furnish us language sufficient to express our loathing for him.

THE AMERICAN SALOON.

The hotbed from which is grown a harvest of criminals and vice and immorality and lawbreakers. He who utters a word in defense of the American saloon, be he pope, priest, prelate, bishop, minister or layman, advocates that which is vile beyond compare—the very offspring of the devil, in direct conflict with everything clean, pure, right or God-like.

TO THE PUBLIC.

If the immediate relatives of parties deceased will give the News Review the day and hour when the funeral is to take place, there will be no mistakes made in this paper. We aim at reliability in every particular. Irresponsible parties have said that we guess at such matters. This is an absolute falsehood, born of hatred and malice, and the parties so making use of the matter in public are simply contemptible and beneath our notice. Great care is always exercised in such features in the editorial room of the News Review, and every precaution is made against the making of mistakes.

THE REUNION.

The legislature has been meeting in Columbus, but for once the members of senate and house have been unable to damage their constituents. It was simply the reunion held each year since the people decided that biennial sessions were sufficiently frequent to enact laws for Ohio. There has never been a time when any one could show that the new arrangement was anything but satisfactory to the public. It saves a considerable amount of money, while the benefit derived from the lack of opportunity to pass bills, many of them worth no more than the paper on which they are written, is inestimable. The state is very well satisfied to have the legislature meet in reunion every other year.

OPPOSED TO AN ARMY.

No Democrat has yet advanced in congress a good reason why the army should not be made up of a sufficient number of officers and men to meet the requirements of the country. They have discussed the question at great length, but have dealt principally in generalities. Whether their argument is based upon the conviction that this country should stay in the old rut and have no large army, or whether they are playing an old campaign game for

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the purpose of making votes, cannot be learned from the utterances of Democratic leaders when dealing with the subject, but the recent history of Democratic politics prompts the belief that the latter is the right supposition. It may be, however, that both are wrong, and the dislike of Colonel Bryan for military service is at the bottom of the whole matter.

PROMISED TO BE GOOD.

Jimmy Rusby Was Released After He Had Paid a Fine.

The only case Mayor Bough disposed of this morning was that of James Rusby, who was arrested Thursday night by Officer Grim. He was fined \$14.60. He made arrangements to pay the amount, promised to be good in the future and was released.

No arrests were made during the night, and the jail during the day was empty. Officers were working today on the recent robbery cases, but up to a late hour this afternoon no arrests had been made. Mayor Bough stated this morning he knew very little about the cases and could not talk intelligently on the subject.

DATE DECIDED

When the Second U. P. Church Will Be Dedicated.

Work on the Second U. P. church is progressing rapidly. The carpenters will reach the end of their task today, and the building will be given over to the painters next week.

It has been decided to dedicate the building the evening of March 9 when a number of leading ministers of United Presbyterian church will be present. The program has not yet been arranged, but it is known that special services will be held in the new building for 10 days following the dedication. Several ministers from other places will be in charge.

WENT OVER.

Driver of a Milk Wagon Was Hurt at Lincoln and Prospect.

A milk wagon owned by the Jersey Home Milk company upset while it was turning the corner of Prospect street and Lincoln avenue.

The driver, whose name could not be learned, was somewhat injured by the accident, sustaining a cut in the forehead and several bruises about the body. The milk cans were emptied.

ACCEPTED THE BOND.

Joseph N. Findley Is Now a Justice In Grant District.

Joseph N. Findley, who appeared before the court in New Cumberland last month as an applicant for the position of justice of the peace for Grant district made vacant by the resignation of Hugh Newell, has been appointed.

He at once filed a bond for \$2,000 with Charles F. Allison as security. It was accepted.

Seats For the Benefit.

The box office will be open Monday morning at 9 o'clock for the first performance of the "Chimes of Normandy," and Tuesday morning at the same hour for the second performance. Get seats early for a rush is anticipated.

The sale people asked for. One-half off sale in overcoats at

JOSEPH BROS.



HE HAS
SORE THROAT
 And is Gargling With
TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists.
 THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

THIEVES STILL AT IT

They Robbed Another Store In the Same Way.

CARRIED OFF A LOT OF GOODS

They Entered by a Transom In the Rear of the Store, and Proceeded In the Usual Manner to Help Themselves to What They Wanted.

The band of thieves who have been operating in the city for several weeks, last night continued their nefarious work.

This morning when the storeroom of A. Solomon was opened it took but little time to discover that someone had been there during the night. A walk to the rear part of the store revealed the fact that the thieves had taken all the money in the cash drawer, securing in the neighborhood of \$50 for the trouble. In addition to this five collar-ettes were missing, and the proprietor is not yet able to tell what else was taken.

The thieves entered the store in the same manner that they effected an entrance to the other places robbed, only this time they went over a back transom instead of going to the front, and as usual escaped detection.

There is but little doubt that the numerous burglaries that have been committed have been done by parties who reside here, as their work is done in too bungling a manner for professional crooks, but if they continue unmolested they will soon have enough goods to start a department store.

The thieves are about as bold as they could be, and it is only a question of time until they are captured. The police force should make every effort to capture the thieves.

INSPECTION

Being Made by Chief of Detectives Ward.

Superintendent Ward, of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh detective force, and Detective Shiffer were in the city yesterday afternoon and left last evening for a trip over the river division of the road. Both gentlemen were seen by a reporter last evening before they left the city, but, as is their custom, they would not say anything about their visit. From one source it was learned the gentlemen were in the city on business of a private nature, but from another it was learned they were making an inspection of the division. While here they called on Chief Johnson at city hall.

UP TO DATE.

A Taxpayer Likes the Way They Do Things at School.

EDITOR NEWS REVIEW—I visited the Fourth street building of the public schools yesterday, and I think it is my duty to say that I consider the rooms visited all that could be asked. The teachers evidently know their work, and scholars are being taught in the right way. I consider the schools I visited a credit to East Liverpool.

TAXPAYER.

PRIVATE FUNERAL.

But Friends of the Late George Wells Can See Him Sunday.

Funeral services over the remains of the late George Wells will be private, and will take place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence in Seventh street. Interment will be made in Spring Grove. The remains can be seen Sunday from 2 until 9 p. m.

May Go to Court.

There was a family row in a house in Gardendale Thursday night, and it is probable the matter will be aired in police court.

The trouble was between husband and wife, and for several minutes a heated conversation was heard by the neighbors. What was the direct cause of the trouble is not made known.

Condition Is Unchanged.

The condition of Motorman Frederick



WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sex-ine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicose Veins, etc. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

Dotts, who has been confined to the home of Mrs. Hamilton in East End for several weeks suffering with pneumonia, is unchanged. It will be several weeks before he will be able to resume his work.

SHOT A SPANIARD.

Private Bigger Says He Saw Sergeant Palmer Do It.

J. C. Bigger, a private of Company K, Tenth Pennsylvania, has written an interesting letter to his father, T. W. Bigger, auditor of Allegheny county, Pa., from Manila. Among other things, as it appeared in the Pittsburg Leader last night, it says:

"Sergeant Palmer, whom you want to see at East Liverpool, killed a Spaniard before he left. I saw him drop the Spanish sharpshooter out of a tree the morning of Aug. 1, when the Tenth 'fit its first fight.'"

WERE YOU THERE?

If Not, You Should Go There Next Monday.

Where? At the Boston store of course. I got the loveliest bargain in silk, the very thing I was looking for for a special purpose. My purse had been too tight to reach my heart's desire; but the Fire Sale at the Boston store opened my way. I got the goods for a mere song. Bargains are on every hand, in every department. I'm going again on next Monday.

WILL CONTEST

When the Board of Health Elects Its Officers.

At the next meeting of the board of health the annual reports of the officers should be read, but the new officers of the board will not be elected until the first meeting in May. Already it is said there will be more than one candidate for the positions of health officer and sanitary policeman, and the places will probably be hotly contested.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Frances Willard Was Remembered Last Evening.

The Frances Willard memorial service, conducted last evening at the First M. E. church, was well attended. The memory of the lady who did so much for the cause of temperance was fittingly observed in addresses, music and recitations.

To Talk of a Purchase.

The company organized in this city recently for the purpose of manufacturing gas will meet Monday evening in the rooms of the Potters' club. It is thought some action will be taken relative to the purchase of the Metsch property.

Joseph Bros.' sale of children's suits one-fourth off price. Parents, this special sale for the boys, you will save money. Sale will last until Monday eve, Feb. 20.

Placed Larger Orders.

B. S. Palmer, of Cambridge Springs, Pa., was in the city yesterday placing orders. Mr. Palmer comes to the city every year on this mission, and the orders he placed this year were in advance of those placed last year.

Home From California.

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HARD KNOCKS GIVEN

School Boys Engage In a Furious Rush.

FRESHMAN FLAG THE PRIZE

It Was Taken Down by the Sophmores, but They Did Not Long Keep Their Prize, Sophmore Colors Now Decorate Their Enemies.

Yesterday was freshmen day at the high school, and the rooms were appropriately decorated in the class colors while the class flag was suspended from the flag pole in the school yard.

The literary exercises were very good and the question "Resolved that the women should be accorded equal privilege with the men in respect to suffrage" was debated. The affirmative side was represented by Misses Margaret Hamill and Laura Hill, while William Dorff and Otis Swan represented the negative. The judges were Misses Margaret Baxter, Pearl Williams and Bessie Bursner and they decided in favor of the affirmative.

After school had been dismissed the freshmen class discovered that the sophomore class had pulled down their flag and one of them had it under his coat. The freshmen class would not stand this indignity, and a general rush took place in the school yard. It ended in the freshmen recovering the flag and several of the boys receiving black eyes and severe bruises. The freshmen outnumbered the sophmores, and after getting back their flag in a badly delapidated condition they proceeded to get some of the colors of the Sophmore class and keep them as trophies of the battle. The majority of the boys kept their temper during the rush and after it was all over the best of good feeling prevailed.

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SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



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Ask your druggist about it.

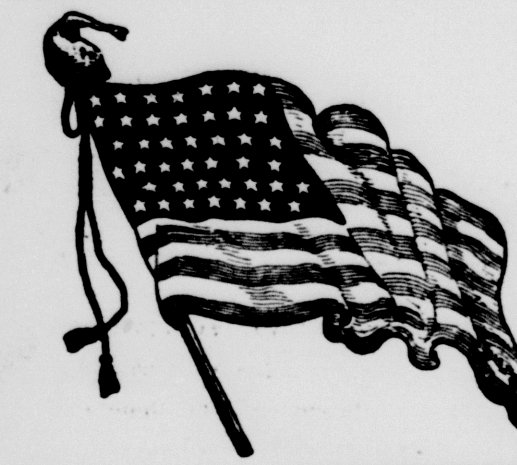
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEB. 18

UNION LABEL
 UNION PAPERS.
 All Union papers of East Liverpool are
 known to the various craft and unions of
 the city by the printing of the above
 Union Labels at the head of their columns



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY seldom talks
 without saying something worth re-
 membering, and his speech in Boston
 was no exception. Even though the
 people cast reflection upon a member of
 the cabinet they could not but cheer the
 utterances of the President.

A WOMAN'S NAME.
 A good woman's name. Be careful
 how you trifle with it. Her honor to
 her is a priceless treasure, and the fel-
 low who, by light and careless words,
 assaults that good name and fair fame,
 is a coward and a cur, too mean for
 Webster's unabridged to furnish us lan-
 guage sufficient to express our loathing
 for him.

THE AMERICAN SALOON.
 The hotbed from which is grown a
 harvest of criminals and vice and im-
 morality and lawbreakers. He who
 utters a word in defense of the Ameri-
 can saloon, be he pope, priest, prelate,
 bishop, minister or layman, advocates
 that which is vile beyond compare—the
 very offspring of the devil, in direct
 conflict with everything clean, pure,
 right or God-like.

TO THE PUBLIC.
 If the immediate relatives of parties
 deceased will give the News Review
 the day and hour when the funeral is to
 take place, there will be no mistakes
 made in this paper. We aim at reli-
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 The thieves are about as bold as they
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 duty to say that I consider the rooms
 visited all that could be asked. The
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 If Not, You Should Go There
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Where? At the Boston store
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 was looking for for a special pur-
 pose. My purse had been too
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 are on every hand, in every de-
 partment. I'm going again on
 next Monday.

WILL CONTEST
 When the Board of Health Elects Its
 Officers.
 At the next meeting of the board of
 health the annual reports of the officers
 should be read, but the new officers of
 the board will not be elected until the
 first meeting in May. Already it is
 said there will be more than one candi-
 date for the positions of health officer
 and sanitary policeman, and the places
 will probably be hotly contested.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.
 Frances Willard Was Remembered Last
 Evening.
 The Frances Willard memorial ser-
 vice, conducted last evening at the First
 M. E. church, was well attended. The
 memory of the lady who did so much
 for the cause of temperance was fittingly
 observed in addresses, music and recita-
 tions.

To Talk of a Purchase.
 The company organized in this city
 recently for the purpose of manufactur-
 ing gas will meet Monday evening in
 the rooms of the Potters' club. It is
 thought some action will be taken rela-
 tive to the purchase of the Metsch prop-
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Joseph Bros.' sale of children's suits
 one-fourth off price. Parents, this spe-
 cial sale for the boys, you will save
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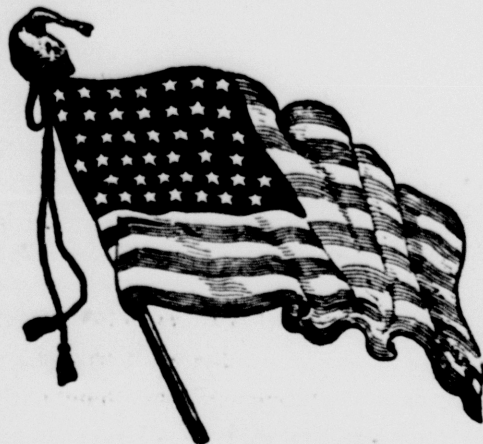
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The hotbed from which is grown a harvest of criminals and vice and immorality and lawbreakers. He who utters a word in defense of the American saloon, be he pope, priest, prelate, bishop, minister or layman, advocates that which is vile beyond compare—the very offspring of the devil, in direct conflict with everything clean, pure, right or God-like.

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WILL CONTEST

When the Board of Health Elects Its Officers.

At the next meeting of the board of health the annual reports of the officers should be read, but the new officers of the board will not be elected until the first meeting in May. Already it is said there will be more than one candidate for the positions of health officer and sanitary policeman, and the places will probably be hotly contested.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Frances Willard Was Remembered Last Evening.

The Frances Willard memorial service, conducted last evening at the First M. E. church, was well attended. The memory of the lady who did so much for the cause of temperance was fittingly observed in addresses, music and recitations.

To Talk of a Purchase.

The company organized in this city recently for the purpose of manufacturing gas will meet Monday evening in the rooms of the Potters' club. It is thought some action will be taken relative to the purchase of the Metch property.

Joseph Bros.' sale of children's suits one-fourth off price. Parents, this special sale for the boys, you will save money. Sale will last until Monday eve, Feb. 20.

Placed Larger Orders.

B. S. Palmer, of Cambridge Springs, Pa., was in the city yesterday placing orders. Mr. Palmer comes to the city every year on this mission, and the orders he placed this year were in advance of those placed last year.

Home From California.

Albert Williamson, who has been in southern California for several years, arrived in the city yesterday, and is now a guest at the home of his father William Williamson, Jefferson street.

AT \$1.98 A PAIR

Women's \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 vici kid and box calf shoes at BENDHEIM'S.

Look at our last page. See the Boston Store's Great Fire Sale ad.

—Miss Edith Bowden, of Alliance, is in the city the guest of friends.

HARD KNOCKS GIVEN

School Boys Engage In a Furious Rush.

FRESHMAN FLAG THE PRIZE

It Was Taken Down by the Sophmores, but They Did Not Long Keep Their Prize, Sophomore Colors Now Decorate Their Enemies.

Yesterday was freshmen day at the high school, and the rooms were appropriately decorated in the class colors while the class flag was suspended from the flag pole in the school yard.

The literary exercises were very good and the question "Resolved that the women should be accorded equal privilege with the men in respect to suffrage" was debated. The affirmative side was represented by Misses Margaret Hamill and Laura Hill, while William Dorff and Oris Swan represented the negative. The judges were Misses Margaret Baxter, Pearl Williams and Bessie Bursner and they decided in favor of the affirmative.

After school had been dismissed the freshmen class discovered that the sophomore class had pulled down their flag and one of them had it under his coat. The freshmen class would not stand this indignity, and a general rush took place in the school yard. It ended in the freshmen recovering the flag and several of the boys receiving black eyes and severe bruises. The freshmen outnumbered the sophmores, and after getting back their flag in a badly delapidated condition they proceeded to get some of the colors of the Sophomore class and keep them as trophies of the battle. The majority of the boys kept their temper during the rush and after it was all over the best of good feeling prevailed.

One-fourth off in children's suits. Special sale until Monday eve, 8 o'clock, Feb. 20, at

JOSEPH BROS.'

THIS WEEK

\$2.90 buys women's \$3.50 and \$4. turn and welt lace shoes, coin and bull dog toes at BENDHEIM'S.

—Mrs. George H Owen returned today after a visit with friends in Lisbon.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

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Will Be Observed In the City Tomorrow.

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Superintendent Rev. P. A. Baker will deliver an address in the First U. P. church at 11 a. m., and in the First M. E. church at 7:30 p. m. Prof. T. W. Karr, field secretary of the league, will talk in the Second M. E. church at 11 a. m., and in the Methodist Protestant church at 7:30 p. m., while W. B. Wheeler, of the Cleveland district, will occupy the pulpit of the First M. E. church at 11 a. m.

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It is cold weather for Georgia and cold for the soldiers in camp.

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Mrs. A. E. Bough, who has been under the doctor's care for the past week, is again able to be about her usual duties.

Mrs. L. Finley Laverty and son, Guy, are in town the guests of Clarence May-lone, of the Highlands. Mrs. Laverty had expected to spend the month of February with her husband's sister in Pittsburg, but an opportunity of renting the furnished residence changed the plans of the family.

C. C. McCartney, who was disabled by a sprained ankle for the past few days, is again able to be out on the streets.

Reverend Hamilton, of Bellefontaine, will fill the pulpit of the United Presbyterian church tomorrow both morning and evening.

John Sturdy, who was called here by the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Matilda Sturdy, accompanied her remains to Delaware, after which he will return to his home in Bell Plains, Ia.

Don't fail to get a share of the bargains now being offered at the Great Fire Sale at the Boston Store.

New Wall Paper Sale.

1-4 off.

All new Wall Paper.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday,

Feb. 15, 16, 17, 18

KINSEY'S 5 & 10 CENT STORE

How's This!

We offer One Hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRAU, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Gone to Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Moore, of Thompson hill, left at noon for Florida, where they will remain several months. The trip is being made for the benefit of Mrs. Moore, who is not in the best of health.

The crowd was immense at the Boston Store. The sale continues a short time. Wonderful and astounding are the choice bargains.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—T. R. and F. Norris, of Millport, who have been in the city several days the guests of James A. Norris, returned to their home this morning.

—W. O. Hamilton and wife arrived in Wellsville last evening from Pueblo, Col., and are at present stopping with Mr. Hamilton's sister, Mrs. J. W. Riley, of Fourth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LECTURE!

BY

Rev. J. O. Campbell, D. D.

Chaplain Eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry,

"To Cuba and Back In War Time."

At First United Presbyterian Church,

Corner Fifth and Market Streets,

Tuesday Feb. 21, '99.

Evening, Feb. 21, '99.

Admission 25c.

Tickets for sale at Larkins' and Ansley's drug stores.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1899, at 1 o'clock p. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road at the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by William Densmore and wife to James Densmore, and running thence south eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124 feet); thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post on the east side of a ten-foot alley thence north eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees east one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet to the place of beginning.

Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased. Feb. 4, 1899.

S. J. MARTIN, RESTAURANT, 175 BROADWAY. CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. McDONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

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SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

WANTED

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at Smith & Phillips.

WANTED—Partner for the mercantile business; business established; good trade; best location in East Liverpool, O.; good opportunity for a bright young man, as he will be given a chance to take full charge; does not require a large capital; reason for selling ill health. Address X. Y. Z., News Review office.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at No. 32 Fourth street.

WANTED—Collector for installment accounts. Call at 143 Fifth street.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during the month of December. The next call may be to some of your property. If not insured you should at once. Apply for rates to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agts.,

First National Bank Building.

Phone 49.

One-Half Million Dollars

worth of residences, business blocks, farms and other parts of the earth in the city and vicinity, for sale.

The Hill Real Estate Co. 105 Sixth St., City.

For the Whitest, Lightest, Best Bread, use

Favorite Patent

Flour. It is a special, fancy brand and sure to please.

Orange Blossom

Is an excellent Pastry Flour. Ask for prices at Croft's, Foutts', McCoy's, Mackintosh's, Dawson's, Bennett's, Allison's, Geon's and Murphy's.

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New Wall Paper Sale.

1-4 off.

All new Wall Paper.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
Feb. 15, 16, 17, 18

KINSEY'S 5 & 10 CENT STORE

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F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
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BY

Rev. J. O. Campbell, D. D.

Chaplain Eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry,

"To Cuba and Back In War Time."

At First United Presbyterian Church,

Corner Fifth and Market Streets,

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Evening, Feb. 21, '99.

Admission 25c.

Tickets for sale at Larkins' and Ansley's drug stores.

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Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased.

Feb. 4, 1899.

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175 BROADWAY.

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Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

J. E. McDONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

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WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at Smith & Phillips.

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Flour. It is a special, fancy brand and sure to please.

Orange Blossom

Is an excellent Pastry Flour. Ask for prices at Croft's, Fouts', McCoy's, Mackintosh's, Dawson's, Bennett's, Allison's, Geo's and Murphy's.

ANTI-SALOON SUNDAY

Will Be Observed In the City Tomorrow.

UNION SERVICE IN AFTERNOON

At the Second Presbyterian Church—Ministers Sent Here From the Organization Will Preach In Other Churches—The Program.

Anti-saloon Sunday will be observed in the city tomorrow, and some of the most prominent anti-saloon people in the state will be here to deliver addresses.

Superintendent Rev. P. A. Baker will deliver an address in the First U. P. church at 11 a. m., and in the First M. E. church at 7:30 p. m. Prof. T. W. Karr, field secretary of the league, will talk in the Second M. E. church at 11 a. m., and in the Methodist Protestant church at 7:30 p. m., while W. B. Wheeler, of the Cleveland district, will occupy the pulpit of the First M. E. church at 11 a. m.

A union service will be held at the Second Presbyterian church in the afternoon at 3 o'clock and will be addressed by W. B. Wheeler, and at 4 o'clock Reverend Baker and Professor Karr will speak at the Young Men's Christian association.

The gentlemen are here in the interests of the Ohio Anti Saloon league, and their addresses will be along the line of the effective work being done by that organization in assisting to drive out the liquor traffic. The work of the association will be thoroughly explained, and the meeting will no doubt be of much interest to the people of the city.

AMERICAN MECHANICS

Will Attend Services at the Second Presbyterian Church.

Second Presbyterian church, N. M. Crowe, pastor—Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m., "The Shadow and the Substance;" Junior society at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 and preaching at 7:30 p. m., special services for the United American Mechanics. The members of the order will attend services in a body. All Junior Mechanics and all other fraternity people are cordially invited to attend this service.

Second M. E. church, W. H. Haverfield, pastor.—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Spiritual Union;" evening subject, "Love and Holiness;" Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2 p. m.; union Anti-Saloon service, 3 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor.—Divine services at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Salvation is not obtained by works of merit which one must perform, but it is a gift from the Son of God;" Sunday school at 2 o'clock. No evening services.

St. Stephens' Episcopal church, Edwin Weary rector—First Sunday in Lent, 7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school and Bible class; 10:45 a. m., morning prayer and sermon, subject, "The advantages resulting from the possession of the scripture;" 3 p. m., mission service East End; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, with after-meeting, subject, "Practical Religion."

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Taggart, pastor—Rev. P. A. Baker at 11 a. m., sermon by the pastor at 7:30 p. m.; Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Young Men's Christian association—The 4 o'clock meeting will be addressed by Rev. P. A. Baker and Prof. T. W. Karr.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R. Greene, pastor—At 11 a. m., "The Great Supper;" 7:30 p. m., "Saved For Service."

First Presbyterian church—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. John Lloyd Lee. At 11 a. m., "The mother, the friend and the sinner at the cross;" 7:30 p. m., sermon, "A noted conversion, and how we may know we are converted." Song service at 7:30. "Holy, Holy," "In the Heavenly Pastures," "Faith is the Victory," etc., will be sung. There will be special music by the choir and others. All are invited. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:15 p. m.

Christian church—Services at Ferguson and Hill hall. Rev. Walter Mansell, of Bethany, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Other meetings as usual.

Methodist Protestant church—Preaching at 10:45 to the K. of P., by the pastor, Rev. C. F. Swift. Prof. T. W. Karr will preach in the evening in the interest of the Anti-Saloon league. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Endeavor, 6:15 p. m.

CREAM OF TARTAR OR ALUM. Which side of the baking powder question do you take? If you permit the prospect of a few cents saving to induce you to use an alum baking powder, you have the assurance of the leading medical authorities that you are endangering the good health of your family. The only safe course is to use only Royal Baking Powder, certified to be made from pure cream of tartar, and without a trace of lime, alum or ammonia.

AFTER THIEVES.

Officers McMillan and Whan Making a Tour of the Shanty Boats.

Officers McMillan and Whan, accompanied by George Perry, are this afternoon searching shanty boats for the thieves who robbed Samler Bros.

Perry saw two men and a boy, the latter carrying a quantity of goods, leave the store Thursday night.

ELECTED PRESIDENT.

Loubet Chosen to Rule the People of France.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—[Special.]—Loubet was this afternoon chosen president of France.

MONDAY AFTERNOON

Will the Funeral of the Late Mrs. Hulme Take Place.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma Hulme will take place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the First M. E. church, a telegram having been received from her daughter, Mrs. O. H. Sebring, who is in Florida, stating she would arrive here Monday morning. The services will be in charge of Dr. W. H. Locke, of Mansfield, and interment will be made at Spring Grove.

The deceased has a brother and sister living, Rev. Thomas Danks, of Patokia, Ind., and Mrs. Muse, wife of Captain Thomas Muse, of Rochester, Pa.

COLD IN GEORGIA.

Private Van Fossen Has Experienced a Cold Snap.

Mr. Van Fossen has received a letter from his son, Private Van Fossen, of the Thirtieth Pennsylvania, stationed at Augusta, Ga., stating that the mercury has reached zero and they have been having three inches of snow.

It is cold weather for Georgia and cold for the soldiers in camp.

On Serious Charges.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special.]—The will of Elizabeth Buchman, of Wellsville, has been admitted to probate. She gave her organ to Lizzie Albert and the remainder of her property to her brothers, Jacob and Peter, the former to get the personal and Peter the real. The latter assumes all debts.

Brant Thullen was brought here from Leetonia on a warrant from probate court for furnishing liquor to Catherine Hughes, a minor. Marshal Lannaghan brought the man here and will take Ed Snyder back to answer several charges preferred by Lydia Grace.

The ladies of East Liverpool are warm in their appreciation of the wonderful bargains at the Great Fire Sale at the Boston Store.

Mormons Left Town.

Elders Burton and Erickson, of the Mormon church, who have been in the city several days, left this morning for the northern part of the state, where they will continue their work. They were in the city attending the funeral of one of the members of their sect.

Dedicate New Quarters.

The Grand Army met last night and transacted routine business. The army will celebrate their removal from their old quarters and will also hold dedication services in their new rooms.

Improved a Street.

The street force were today busy leveling a street back of the Buckeye pottery so that teams could climb it. They also cut ice in several of the streets and cleaned numerous crossings.

Men's \$5 hand-sewed cordovan lace and congress shoes reduced to \$3 a pair at BENDHEIM'S.

Secure your masquerade costume Monday at Brunt's hall. Open all day.

WELLSVILLE.

THORN SHOT THE DOG

Because the Public Said It Was Mad.

IT IS AWAITING AN OWNER

Funeral Services Over the Remains of Mrs. Sturdy Were Largely Attended—Body Taken to Delaware—All the News of Wellsville.

A big black dog had been acting in a peculiar manner in the vicinity of Ninth and Tenth streets.

The actions created alarm among the citizens of that locality and finally Officer Thorn was notified and he endeavored to find the mad dog, for by that time all the neighbors had decided the dog was mad. The dog had left his former haunts, however, and a hunt ensued.

The dog was at last found on a large piece of ice in Yellow creek, opposite the rolling mill, where he was shot about 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He still remains on ice, and is on exhibition and ready for identification.

Funeral of Mrs. Sturdy.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Matilda Sturdy were held last evening at 6:30 at the residence on the public square. The services were conducted by Dr. Earl D. Holtz. The music was furnished by Miss Belle Arnold, Mrs. J. C. Catlett, Will Irwin and J. L. Swan. The pallbearers were E. H. Wells, J. J. Dowling, W. L. Fogo, R. B. Williamson, Dr. F. K. Hutcherson and J. L. Swan. The remains were taken to Delaware, O., on the morning train for interment.

News of Wellsville.

Samuel Dennis has disposed of his grocery store to a Toronto man, who will conduct a bakery in the building. The change takes place today.

Mrs. Effie Danforth is spending Sunday with friends in Salem. She will return on Monday in time for her school duties.

The many friends of T. E. Marshall will learn with regret of the loss by fire of his store at New Brighton. Mr. Marshall was one of the firm of Marshall & Ray, who were merchants in Wellsville for several years.

Chairman Lones, of the Republican central committee, has called a meeting of that organization for Monday evening, which will be held at the office of A. G. McKenzie on Main street.

Mrs. John Eidenler returned home last evening from Conneaut, where she has been attending upon a sick daughter since Thanksgiving. Mrs. Fox is still very ill, and it is doubtful if she ever regains her health.

Mrs. Elwood Bunting left on the morning train in response to a telegram informing her of a change for the worse in her daughter's condition. Miss Emma Bunting has been at St. Vincent's hospital in Cleveland for the past two months, and her friends are very anxious as to the result of her treatment.

Mrs. T. L. Apple and Miss Ward are Pittsburg visitors today.

Passenger engine 614 and switch engine 621 have both received a thorough overhauling at the shops and yesterday was turned out again.

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J. H. BROOKES,

Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased.

Feb. 4, 1899.

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RESTAURANT,
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Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

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Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF,

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NEW YORK'S HOBO CLUB

First Annual Banquet of Genuine Bowery Panhandlers.

DINED AT VOLTA'S SALOON.

For Thirteen Days Each of Them Had Been Chipping In Two Cents a Day to Defray the Cost of the Feast. Begged From Waiters and Overwhelmed a Reporter.

In consideration of the advent of good times and the prevalence of easy marks upon the highways the Hobo club held its first annual banquet the other night at Volta's saloon, 25 Mulberry street, New York. No less than 30 tried and true hoboes were present, all members of the club by virtue of having paid in to Mr. Volta the sum of 2 cents a day each for the past 13 days. On the 26 cents per cover thus provided there was set out a dinner which from appetite to oratory was one to rejoice the heart of the most luxurious panhandler along the row. There was all the beer that any one could drink and plenty of eloquence after the feast. Above the large table between two American flags hung in glory the sign of the guild—a tin can. Promptly at 9 o'clock old Captain Baker, the dean of the fraternity, led the march to the table, and after consulting a list announced that the feast might proceed, as every hobo present had paid his 2 cents daily, and nothing on earth was too good for them. He then read aloud, amid smacking lips and other evidences of warm approval, the following menu:

View of the festival board.
Macaroni a la plenty of it.
Roast beef up to the brim.
Smashed potatoes till you can't rest.
Pie in the face.
Beer all the time under full sail.

During the process of eating and drinking joy reigned unconfined, marred only by the professional instincts of New Brunswick Jim, who every time a waiter came near held him up for a nickel. Jim was threatened by Sergeant-at-arms Crying Tom Moloney and was finally repressed when old Captain Baker arose and announced that he had a toast to propose before the miscellaneous speaking began. All rose with schoolers lifted as the captain said solemnly, "We will now drink the Hobo club toast—'In the midst of plenty may we always have plenty in our midst.'" Every schooner was turned bottom upward. Then Brooklyn Joe, who is the classical scholar of the club, got up to speak.

"First of all, gentlemen of the Hobo club," said he, "I wish to return thanks for this bountiful feast to our beneficent hosts of the evening, Messrs. Volta, pere et fils. I suppose you don't know what that means, you uneducated bums, for it's French, and I learned it on the Island of Seven Devils, where Dreyfus is now dancing on redhot grid-les. We also owe honor to the old captain, the organizer, originator and exemplifier of the Hobo club."

"Hold on there!" cried the captain, rising hastily. "I don't know what that last word means, but you can't call it to me." "If you're going to interrupt a gentleman's poetic flights," said Joe sulkily, "you can go on and make a speech yourself." "Then I will," cried the captain. "I'm president of this club, because when it was organized Brooklyn Joe was on the island, and this club can't be president by no man that's doing time. I will now call on somebody to sing a song for us."

Up popped Joe again, declaring that though he was shut off from speaking he would sing anyway, and, aided by a file voiced tenor and a grating bass, he sang a charming ditty, of which the reporter could obtain only the following sections for the purposes of immortality:

Sleeping in the station,
That's no deprivation,
Smoking snipes and stogies
All along the way.
Next day comes repentance
When you get your sentence
Up against the island for a
Sixty day!

Chorus, in which all joined—
We are old bums,
Jolly old chums,
We live like royal Torks
When we are in luck
In bunning our chuck;
But to hades with the guy that works!

Slim Tick was then called upon to respond to "The Art of Touch and Go." His speech was a rather gloomy soliloquy on the mutability of human fortunes expressed in the terse phrase, "Some times you gits a nickel an other time you gits it in de neck." Wee Bit Lane, announced that he had prepared a few remarks on "The Needs of the Hobo." His thread of eloquence having been severed several times, he finally relinquished the floor after explaining the unity of purpose and a fixed standard touches were all that was needed to put the profession on a high and profitable plane. Couchy Cook then arose and enunciated the principle that a man ought to be able to make a good living by panhandling, and if he couldn't then he had a right to steal, and do with the police. By special request the Hobo quartet then sang the "Ballad of the Lodging House," the first verse of

which runs:
Was you ever on the slumber in a seven cent
rope?
With a hundred other hoboes all a-poundin'
of their ear.
Oh, you couldn't get to sleep with a dose of
yeller dope,
For the soundin' of the snorin' is all the
noise you hear.

Chorus—
Sweet-ee-ee-ee-ee, sweet-ee-ee-ee-ee slumber!
At six o'clock they cut the rope and flap you
on the deck.
Sweet-ee-ee-ee-ee, sweet-ee-ee-ee-ee slumber!
With some other hobo's trotters nestlin' softly
on your neck.

At 10 o'clock Charles Bacigalupo, the Mulberry street undertaker, came in and the hoboes came forward to pay their respects, for he buries the dead of the fraternity. This broke up the speaking and singing, and conversation became general. The business instinct rose dominant in the hobo breast, and in three minutes thereafter the reporter underwent no less than 15 touches, besides the generous offer of one dilapidated gentleman, who wished to tell the story of his life for the modest remuneration of 25 cents, which he subsequently marked down to a dime. When the reporter escaped the hoboes were demanding more beer and singing the rollicking chorus of "Three Jolly Bums."
—New York Sun.

MERRITT ON DEWEY.

Manila's Former Commander Tells of His Visit to the Admiral.

My first glimpse of Admiral Dewey was caught when, toward the close of last July, I reached Manila. He came to meet me in his launch as soon as we entered the bay and took me aboard the Olympia, where we had a very pleasant lunch while making acquaintance. I found him a very genial, likable man, quiet, modest, shrewd, observant, alert and tactful. He had completely won the hearts of the foreigners of Manila.

I entered Manila bay at the same time in the morning as Dewey entered it, and as I saw the channel lying in the first glance of the morning sun I could well appreciate the superlative boldness of the dash which he made over a channel which was supposed to have been mined and ought to have been mined to attack a fleet which on paper at least was as strong as his own and which lay under the guns of strong forts. The thing was unprecedented, and I felt that the admiral deserves all the honor that the people are disposed to give him.

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Many great races were decided over this old course prior to the war between the states. Here it was that the immortal Lexington won much of his glory, and it was on this track that his distinguished dam, Alice Carneal, made a record for herself.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Spanish Soliloquy.
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THE SAMOAN SITUATION

Summary of the Troubles in the Islands.

QUEER FEATURE OF THE CASE.

Opposing Views of the Supreme Court and German Official in the Case of Mataafa—Possible Solution of the Difficulty May Be Reached Out of the Controversy.

At last we get from Apia a summary of the supreme court's decision in the election dispute that caused so much excitement and bloodshed. The ground for declaring Mataafa disqualified as a candidate for the throne was that at the Berlin conference, when the choice of a king was under consideration, Bismarck insisted that Mataafa should not be eligible, because his troops were guilty of outrages on the dead and wounded German sailors whom he defeated, and the British representative conceded this exception to be fair. The chief justice ruled that this was a permanent disqualification, and therefore that the votes for Mataafa must be thrown out, although they were a large majority of those cast.

It must be said, however, that no such disqualification appears in the treaty of 1889. Article I of that document, as ratified by the senate early the following year, declares that "the three powers recognize the independence of the Samoan government and the free right of the natives to elect their king or chief and choose their form of government according to their own laws and customs." It further de-



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Another point to note is that after the death of Malietoa, last August, and before the election, Mataafa was brought back from the exile to which he had been condemned by the three powers, and brought back, too, with the approval of Germany's official representatives in the islands and on a German ship. If that did not look like a condonation of the offences which Germany charged him with ten years ago, her belief in his eligibility to the throne was certainly indicated when her representatives openly supported his candidacy.

The queer feature of the controversy, in short, is that while the supreme court was basing its decision against Mataafa on a German objection to him expressed in 1889, to which the United States and Great Britain then deferred, the official representative of Germany at Apia was proceeding on the ground that his government did not oppose him in 1889, but would regard him as the lawfully elected king.

It seems to us, however, that this very fact suggests a possible solution of the difficulty. If Germany never intended the permanent ineligibility of Mataafa, the other two powers, which recognized it in 1889 out of courtesy to her, may not insist upon it now. Of course the misconduct charged against Consul Rose and Dr. Raffel, in inciting the natives to violence and insulting the supreme court, must be investigated, and, if proved, properly punished. The British and American consuls respected the decision of Chief Justice Ide, perhaps desiring that the point made by him should be referred to the three powers. But it is possible that the powers may decide to concede the eligibility of Mataafa, who is now ruler de facto, and who is more popular than his rival, the young son of the late king.—New York Sun.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward	3:35	3:37	3:39	4:41	3:59
Pittsburgh	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Rochester	15:45	11:30	4:40	11:50	7:30
Beaver	6:35	2:15	2:15	11:50	8:30
Vanport	6:40	2:20	2:20	11:55	8:35
Industry	6:45	2:25	2:25	12:00	8:40
Smiths Ferry	6:50	2:30	2:30	12:05	8:45
East Liverpool	7:00	2:40	2:40	12:15	8:55
Wellsville	7:30	2:55	2:55	12:40	9:15
Wellsville	7:30	3:05	3:05	12:45	
Wellsville Shop	7:43	3:18	3:18	12:58	
Yellow Creek	7:48	3:23	3:23	1:03	
Hammondsville	7:56	3:31	3:31	1:11	
Ironville	8:00	3:35	3:35	1:15	
Salineville	8:10	3:45	3:45	1:25	
Bayard	8:00	4:10	4:10	1:25	
Alliance	8:30	4:33	4:33	1:30	
Ravenna	10:10	4:38	4:38	1:35	
Hudson	11:02	5:25	5:25	1:30	
Cleveland	12:10	6:25	6:25	1:40	
Wellsville	7:45	3:10	6:55	5:55	11:07
Wellsville Shop	7:50	3:15	7:00	6:00	11:10
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:22	7:07	6:07	11:15
Port Homer	8:03	3:28	7:13	6:13	
Empire	8:10	3:35	7:20	6:20	
Elliottsville	8:17	3:42	7:27	6:27	
Porto	8:21	3:46	7:31	6:31	
Costonia	8:28	3:53	7:38	6:38	
Stenbenville	8:44	4:00	7:54	6:54	
Minco	8:44	4:00	7:54	6:54	
Brilliant	8:51	4:07	8:01	7:01	
Cash Run	9:07	4:23	8:09	7:17	
Portland	9:14	4:30	8:16	7:24	
Yorkville	9:19	4:35	8:21	7:29	
Smiths Ferry	9:32	4:48	8:34	7:42	
Argersport	9:40	4:56	8:42	7:50	
Bellaire	9:50	5:05	8:45	8:00	
Eastward	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:48
Bellaire	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Argersport	4:45	3:03	4:45	11:00	2:45
Smiths Ferry	4:50	3:08	4:50	11:05	2:50
Portland	5:01	3:15	5:01	11:10	2:55
Yorkville	5:10	3:24	5:10	11:17	3:04
Brilliant	5:15	3:29	5:15	11:22	3:09
Cash Run	5:23	3:37	5:23	11:30	3:17
Brilliant	5:32	3:46	5:32	11:39	3:26
Minco	5:35	3:49	5:35	11:42	3:29
Stenbenville	5:44	3:58	5:44	11:51	3:38
Costonia	5:44	4:00	5:44	11:51	3:38
Elliottsville	5:57	4:13	5:57	12:04	3:51
Port Homer	6:01	4:17	6:01	12:08	3:55
Yellow Creek	6:06	4:22	6:06	12:13	3:60
Wellsville Shop	6:26	4:42	6:26	12:33	4:00
Wellsville	6:31	4:47	6:31	12:38	4:05
Wellsville	6:35	4:54	6:35	12:42	4:09
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Overman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland and on Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Time table effective January 16, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galliee.
No. 6.....	2 20 p. m.
No. 34.....	6 50 a. m.
No. 36.....	11 45 a. m.

Lv. N. Galliee.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9.....	8 30 a. m.
No. 33.....	5 15 p. m.
No. 35.....	6 45 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALLIEE.
Connections at New Galliee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.
K. E. BARINGER, General Passenger Agent.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. C. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON,
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent

193 Washington Street.

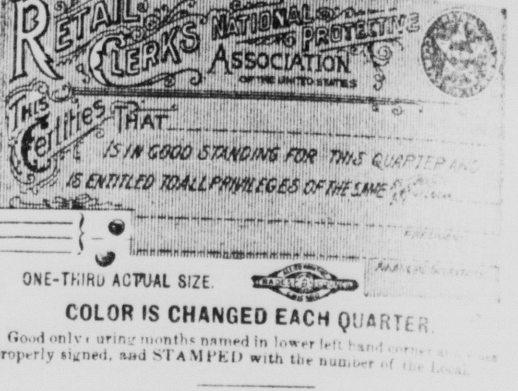
ALL the News in the News Review.

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

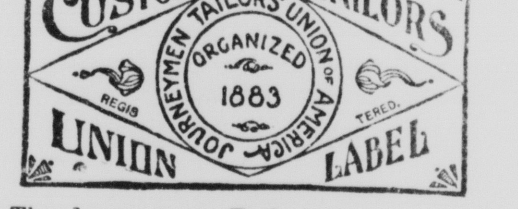
All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark, when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

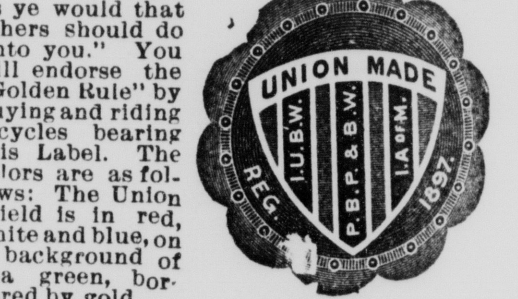
This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union-made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



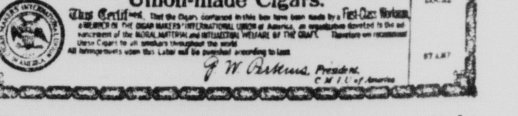
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.



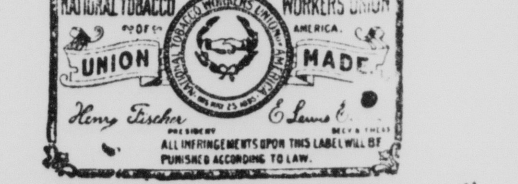
The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

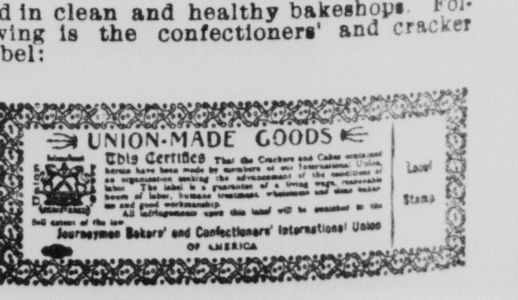
TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



NEW YORK'S HOBO CLUB

First Annual Banquet of Genuine Bowery Panhandlers.

DINED AT VOLTA'S SALOON.

For Thirteen Days Each of Them Had Been Chipping In Two Cents a Day to Defray the Cost of the Feast. Begged From Waiters and Overwhelmed a Reporter.

In consideration of the advent of good times and the prevalence of easy marks upon the highways the Hobo club held its first annual banquet the other night at Volta's saloon, 25 Mulberry street, New York. No less than 30 tried and true hoboes were present, all members of the club by virtue of having paid in to Mr. Volta the sum of 2 cents a day each for the past 13 days. On the 26 cents per cover thus provided there was set out a dinner which from appetite to oratory was one to rejoice the heart of the most luxurious panhandler along the row. There was all the beer that any one could drink and plenty of eloquence after the feast. Above the large table between two American flags hung in glory the sign of the guild—a tin can. Promptly at 9 o'clock old Captain Baker, the dean of the fraternity, led the march to the table, and after consulting a list announced that the feast might proceed, as every hobo present had paid his 2 cents daily, and nothing on earth was too good for them. He then read aloud, amid smacking lips and other evidences of warm approval, the following menu:

View of the festal board.
Macaroni a la plenty of it.
Roast beef up to the brim.
Smashed potatoes till you can't rest.
Pie in the face.
Beer all the time under full sail.

During the process of eating and drinking joy reigned unconfined, marred only by the professional instincts of New Brunswick Jim, who every time a waiter came near held him up for a nickel. Jim was threatened by Sergeant-at-arms Crying Tom Moloney and was finally repressed when old Captain Baker arose and announced that he had a toast to propose before the miscellaneous speaking began. All rose with schoolers lifted as the captain said solemnly, "We will now drink the Hobo club toast—'In the midst of plenty may we always have plenty in our midst.'" Every schooner was turned bottom upward. Then Brooklyn Joe, who is the classical scholar of the club, got up to speak.

"First of all, gentlemen of the Hobo club," said he, "I wish to return thanks for this bountiful feast to our beneficent hosts of the evening, Messrs. Volta, pere et file. I suppose you don't know what that means, you uneducated bums, for it's French, and I learned it on the Island of Seven Devils, where Drayfus is now dancing on redhot gridles. We also owe honor to the old captain, the organizer, originator and exemplifier of the Hobo club."

"Hold on there!" cried the captain, rising hastily. "I don't know what that last word means, but you can't call it to me." "If you're going to interrupt a gentleman's poetic flights," said Joe sulkily, "you can go on and make a speech yourself." "Then I will," cried the captain. "I'm president of this club, because when it was organized Brooklyn Joe was on the island, and this club can't be president by no man that's doing time. I will now call on somebody to sing a song for us."

Up popped Joe again, declaring that though he was shut off from speaking he would sing anyway, and, aided by file voiced tenor and a grating bass, he sang a charming ditty, of which the reporter could obtain only the following sections for the purposes of immortality:

Sleeping in the station,
That's no deprivation,
Smoking snipes and stogies
All along the way.
Next day comes repentance
When you get your sentence
Up against the island for a
Sixty day!

Chorus, in which all joined—
We are old bums,
Jolly old chums,
We live like royal Turks
When we are in luck
In burning our chucks;
But to hades with the guy that works!

Slim Tick was then called upon to respond to "The Art of Touch and Go." His speech was a rather gloomy soliloquy on the mutability of human fortunes expressed in the terse phrase, "Some times you gits a nickel an other time you gits it in de neck." Wee Bit Laney announced that he had prepared a few remarks on "The Needs of the Hobo." His thread of eloquence having been severed several times, he finally relinquished the floor after explaining the unity of purpose and a fixed standard touches were all that was needed to put the profession on a high and profitable plane. Goosey Cook then arose and enunciated the principle that a man ought to be able to make a good living by panhandling, and if he couldn't then he had a right to steal, and do with the police. By special request Hobo quartet then sang the "Ballad of the Lodging House," the first verse of

which runs

Was you ever on the slumber in a seven cent rope?
With a hundred other hoboes all a poundin' of their ear.
Oh, you couldn't get to sleep with a dose of yellow dope.
For the soundin' of the snorin is all the noise you hear.

Chorus—

Sweet-sweet-sweet, sweet-sweet-sweet slumber!
At six o'clock they cut the rope and flap you on the deck.
Sweet-sweet-sweet, sweet-sweet-sweet slumber!
With some other hobo's trotters nestlin softly on your neck.

At 10 o'clock Charles Bacigalupo, the Mulberry street undertaker, came in and the hoboes came forward to pay their respects, for he buries the dead of the fraternity. This broke up the speaking and singing, and conversation became general. The business instinct rose dominant in the hobo breast, and in three minutes thereafter the reporter underwent no less than 15 touches, besides the generous offer of one dilapidated gentleman, who wished to tell the story of his life for the modest remuneration of 25 cents, which he subsequently marked down to a dime. When the reporter escaped the hoboes were demanding more beer and singing the rollicking chorus of "Three Jolly Bums."

—New York Sun.

MERRITT ON DEWEY.

Manila's Former Commander Tells of His Visit to the Admiral.

My first glimpse of Admiral Dewey was caught when, toward the close of last July, I reached Manila. He came to meet me in his launch as soon as we entered the bay and took me aboard the Olympia, where we had a very pleasant lunch while making acquaintance. I found him a very genial, likable man, quiet, modest, shrewd, observant, alert and tactful. He had completely won the hearts of the foreigners of Manila. I entered Manila bay at the same time in the morning as Dewey entered it, and as I saw the channel lying in the first glance of the morning sun I could well appreciate the superlative boldness of the dash which he made over a channel which was supposed to have been mined and ought to have been mined to attack a fleet which on paper at least was as strong as his own and which lay under the guns of strong forts. The thing was unprecedented, and I felt that the admiral deserves all the honor that the people are disposed to give him.

One of the first things he said to me was: "I've been walking the deck worrying night after night. You can do that now." He told me that the Germans had behaved very nastily and that Aguinaldo was beginning to show the cloven hoof. The coming of the troops was a great relief to his mind. When I left the islands on the 29th of August, Admiral Dewey was in good health, as he was all the time I was there. He was quite hearty, and there was no sign of the breaking down which was rumored in the United States. He told me that he wanted to stay. I wouldn't like to say that he was afraid of being lionized, but he is a modest man. He is the man for the place, and his staying is certainly a good thing for the nation.

What his ideas are in regard to the Philippines is pretty well shown by his dispatch to the war department, which has been very widely published. There cannot be any doubt as to the importance of the islands to the maintenance of a commanding position in the Pacific and eastern Asia. They would be very important to any power that held them as a coaling station and base of supplies.—Major General Wesley Merritt in Independent.

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The queer feature of the controversy, in short, is that while the supreme court was basing its decision against Mataafa on a German objection to him expressed in 1880, to which the United States and Great Britain then deferred, the official representative of Germany at Apia was proceeding on the ground that his government did not oppose him in 1898, but would regard him as the lawfully elected king.

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Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

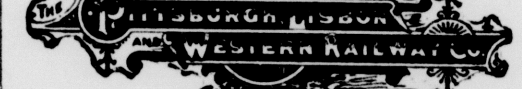
Westward	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsburgh	10:30	11:30	11:30	11:30	11:30
Rocheater	10:45	11:45	11:45	11:45	11:45
Beaver	11:00	12:00	12:00	12:00	12:00
Vanport	11:15	12:15	12:15	12:15	12:15
Industry	11:30	12:30	12:30	12:30	12:30
Books Ferry	11:45	12:45	12:45	12:45	12:45
Smiths Ferry	12:00	13:00	13:00	13:00	13:00
East Liverpool	12:15	13:15	13:15	13:15	13:15
Wellsville	12:30	13:30	13:30	13:30	13:30
Wellsville	12:45	13:45	13:45	13:45	13:45
Wellsville Shop	13:00	14:00	14:00	14:00	14:00
Yellow Creek	13:15	14:15	14:15	14:15	14:15
Hammondsville	13:30	14:30	14:30	14:30	14:30
Irontide	13:45	14:45	14:45	14:45	14:45
Salineville	14:00	15:00	15:00	15:00	15:00
Bayard	14:15	15:15	15:15	15:15	15:15
Alliance	14:30	15:30	15:30	15:30	15:30
Ravenna	14:45	15:45	15:45	15:45	15:45
Hudson	15:00	16:00	16:00	16:00	16:00
Cleveland	15:15	16:15	16:15	16:15	16:15
Wellsville	15:30	16:30	16:30	16:30	16:30
Wellsville Shop	15:45	16:45	16:45	16:45	16:45
Yellow Creek	16:00	17:00	17:00	17:00	17:00
Port Homer	16:15	17:15	17:15	17:15	17:15
Empire	16:30	17:30	17:30	17:30	17:30
Elliottsville	16:45	17:45	17:45	17:45	17:45
Portland	17:00	18:00	18:00	18:00	18:00
Brilliant	17:15	18:15	18:15	18:15	18:15
Staubsville	17:30	18:30	18:30	18:30	18:30
Staubsville	17:45	18:45	18:45	18:45	18:45
Staubsville	18:00	19:00	19:00	19:00	19:00
Staubsville	18:15	19:15	19:15	19:15	19:15
Staubsville	18:30	19:30	19:30	19:30	19:30
Staubsville	18:45	19:45	19:45	19:45	19:45
Staubsville	19:00	20:00	20:00	20:00	20:00
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Staubsville	20:00	21:00	21:00	21:00	21:00
Staubsville	20:15	21:15	21:15	21:15	21:15
Staubsville	20:30	21:30	21:30	21:30	21:30
Staubsville	20:45	21:45	21:45	21:45	21:45
Staubsville	21:00	22:00	22:00	22:00	22:00
Staubsville	21:15	22:15	22:15	22:15	22:15
Staubsville	21:30	22:30	22:30	22:30	22:30
Staubsville	21:45	22:45	22:45	22:45	22:45
Staubsville	22:00	23:00	23:00	23:00	23:00
Staubsville	22:15	23:15	23:15	23:15	23:15
Staubsville	22:30	23:30	23:30	23:30	23:30
Staubsville	22:45	23:45	23:45	23:45	23:45
Staubsville	23:00	24:00	24:00	24:00	24:00

Freight Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

No. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. No. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORB, General Passenger Agent.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Time table effective January 16, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

No.	6	9	30
Ar. N. Gallie.	2:20 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	7:55 a. m.
Ar. N. Gallie.	2:30 p. m.	3:40 p. m.	8:05 a. m.

No.	6	9	30
Ar. N. Gallie.	2:20 p. m.	3:30 p. m.	7:55 a. m.
Ar. N. Gallie.	2:30 p. m.	3:40 p. m.	8:05 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALLIE. Connections at New Gallie with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER, General Passenger Agent.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.

Vice President—J. M. KELLY.

Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.

Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON, J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY, B. C. SIMMS, JNO. O. THOMPSON, JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000

Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent

193 Washington Street.

ALL the News in the News Review.

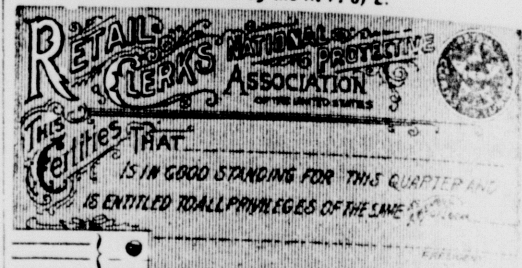
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card ask for it when making your purchases.

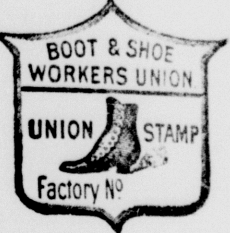
Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THRU ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only when months named in lower left hand corner, and properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.



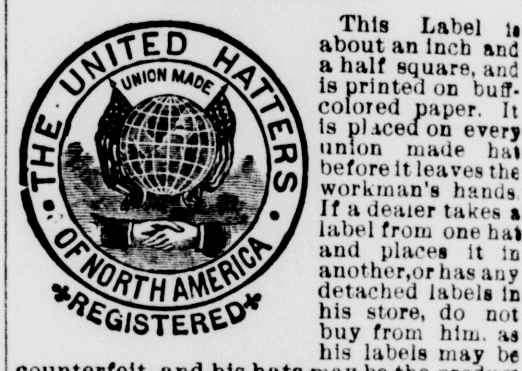
CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union-made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a hat from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeited, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.



UNION MADE CLOTHES.



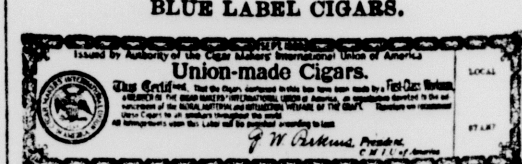
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

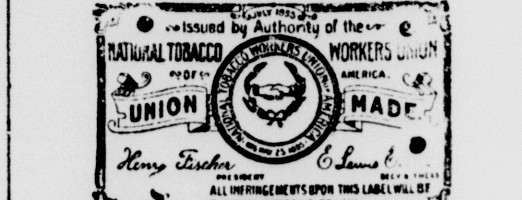


BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

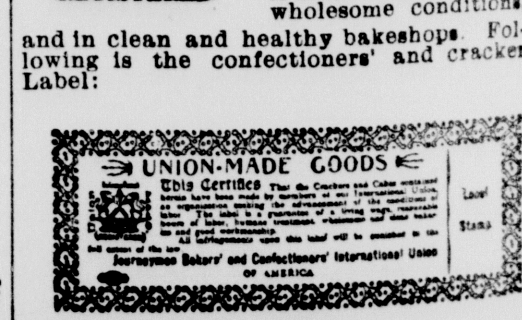
TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on blue paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



NEW YORK'S HOBO CLUB

First Annual Banquet of Genuine Bowery Panhandlers.

DINED AT VOLTA'S SALOON.

For Thirteen Days Each of Them Had Been Chipping In Two Cents a Day to Defray the Cost of the Feast. Begged From Waiters and Overwhelmed a Reporter.

In consideration of the advent of good times and the prevalence of easy marks upon the highways the Hobo club held its first annual banquet the other night at Volta's saloon, 25 Mulberry street, New York. No less than 30 tried and true hoboes were present, all members of the club by virtue of having paid in to Mr. Volta the sum of 2 cents a day each for the past 13 days. On the 26 cents per cover thus provided there was set out a dinner which from appetite to oratory was one to rejoice the heart of the most luxurious panhandler along the row. There was all the beer that any one could drink and plenty of eloquence after the feast. Above the large table between two American flags hung in glory the sign of the guild—a tin can. Promptly at 9 o'clock old Captain Baker, the dean of the fraternity, led the march to the table, and after consulting a list announced that the feast might proceed, as every hobo present had paid his 2 cents daily, and nothing on earth was too good for them. He then read aloud, amid smacking lips and other evidences of warm approval, the following menu:

View of the festal board.
Macaroni a la plenty of it.
Roast beef up to the brim.
Smashed potatoes till you can't rest
Pie in the face.
Beer all the time under full sail.

During the process of eating and drinking joy reigned unconfined, marred only by the professional instincts of New Brunswick Jim, who every time a waiter came near held him up for a nickel. Jim was threatened by Sergeant-at-arms Crying Tom Moloney and was finally repressed when old Captain Baker arose and announced that he had a toast to propose before the miscellaneous speaking began. All rose with schooner lifted as the captain said solemnly, "We will now drink the Hobo club toast—'In the midst of plenty may we always have plenty in our midst.'" Every schooner was turned bottom upward. Then Brooklyn Joe, who is the classical scholar of the club, got up to speak.

"First of all, gentlemen of the Hobo club," said he, "I wish to return thanks for this bountiful feast to our beneficent hosts of the evening, Messrs. Volta, pere et fil. I suppose you don't know what that means, you uneducated bums, for it's French, and I learned it on the Island of Seven Devils, where Dreyfus is now dancing on redhot gridles. We also owe honor to the old captain, the organizer, originator and exemplifier of the Hobo club."

"Hold on there!" cried the captain, rising hastily. "I don't know what that last word means, but you can't call it to me." "If you're going to interrupt a gentleman's poetic flights," said Joe sulkily, "you can go on and make a speech yourself." "Then I will," cried the captain. "I'm president of this club, because when it was organized Brooklyn Joe was on the island, and this club can't be presided by no man that's doing time. I will now call on somebody to sing a song for us."

Up popped Joe again, declaring that though he was shut off from speaking he would sing anyway, and, aided by file voiced tenor and a grating bass, sang a charming ditty, of which the reporter could obtain only the following sections for the purposes of immortality:

Sleeping in the station,
That's no deprivation,
Smoking snipes and stogies
All along the way.
Next day comes repentance
When you get your sentence
Up against the island for a
Sixty day!

Chorus, in which all joined—
We are old bums,
Jolly old chums,
We live like royal Turks
When we are in luck
In bumming our chuck;
But to hades with the guy that works!

Slim Tick was then called upon to respond to "The Art of Touch and Go." His speech was a rather gloomy soliloquy on the mutability of human fortunes expressed in the terse phrase, "Some times you gits a nickel an other time you gits it in de neck." Wee Bit Laney announced that he had prepared a few remarks on "The Needs of the Hobo." His thread of eloquence having been severed several times, he finally relinquished the floor after explaining the unity of purpose and a fixed standard of touches were all that was needed to put the profession on a high and profitable plane. Cooley Cook then arose and enunciated the principle that a man ought to be able to make a good living by panhandling, and if he couldn't then he had a right to steal, and do with the police. By special request the Hobo quartet then sang the "Ballad of the Lodging House," the first verse of

which runs
Was you ever on the slumber in a seven cent
rope?
With a hundred other hoboes all a poundin'
of their ear.
Oh, you couldn't get to sleep with a dose of
yellow dope,
For the soundin' of the snorin' is all the
noise you hear.

Chorus—
Sweet-ee-ee-ee, sweet-ee-ee-ee slumber!
At six o'clock they cut the rope and flap you
on the deck.
Sweet-ee-ee-ee, sweet-ee-ee-ee slumber!
With some other hobo's trotters nestlin' softly
on your neck.

At 10 o'clock Charles Bacigalupo, the Mulberry street undertaker, came in and the hoboes came forward to pay their respects, for he buried the dead of the fraternity. This broke up the speaking and singing, and conversation became general. The business instinct rose dominant in the hobo breast, and in three minutes thereafter the reporter underwent no less than 15 touches, besides the generous offer of one dilapidated gentleman, who wished to tell the story of his life for the modest remuneration of 25 cents, which he subsequently marked down to a dime. When the reporter escaped the hoboes were demanding more beer and singing the rollicking chorus of "Three Jolly Bums."

MERRITT ON DEWEY.

Manila's Former Commander Tells of His Visit to the Admiral.

My first glimpse of Admiral Dewey was caught when, toward the close of last July, I reached Manila. He came to meet me in his launch as soon as we entered the bay and took me aboard the Olympia, where we had a very pleasant lunch while making acquaintance. I found him a very genial, likable man, quiet, modest, shrewd, observant, alert and tactful. He had completely won the hearts of the foreigners of Manila.

I entered Manila bay at the same time in the morning as Dewey entered it, and as I saw the channel lying in the first glance of the morning sun I could well appreciate the superlative boldness of the dash which he made over a channel which was supposed to have been mined and ought to have been mined to attack a fleet which on paper at least was as strong as his own and which lay under the guns of strong forts. The thing was unprecedented, and I felt that the admiral deserves all the honor that the people are disposed to give him.

One of the first things he said to me was: "I've been walking the deck worrying night after night. You can do that now." He told me that the Germans had behaved very nastily and that Aguinaldo was beginning to show the cloven hoof. The coming of the troops was a great relief to his mind. When I left the islands on the 29th of August, Admiral Dewey was in good health, as he was all the time I was there. He was quite hearty, and there was no sign of the breaking down which was rumored in the United States. He told me that he wanted to stay. I wouldn't like to say that he was afraid of being lionized, but he is a modest man. He is the man for the place, and his staying is certainly a good thing for the nation.

What his ideas are in regard to the Philippines is pretty well shown by his dispatch to the war department, which has been very widely published. There cannot be any doubt as to the importance of the islands to the maintenance of a commanding position in the Pacific and eastern Asia. They would be very important to any power that held them as a coaling station and base of supplies.—Major General Wesley Merritt in Independent.

OUR OLDEST RACE TRACK.

Historic Kentucky Association Race Course to Be Sold at Auction.

The proposed dismantling of the historic Kentucky association race track at Lexington and the selling of the grounds at auction for town lots by Mr. Charles Green of St. Louis has raised a storm of indignation among Kentucky turfmen. This, the oldest track in America, was incorporated in 1826 by some of the leading men of that time. There were 60 subscribers to the original articles of agreement, among them being such distinguished men as Elisha Warfield, breeder of Lexington; General Leslie Combs, father of Kentucky's present pension agent Robert J. Breckinridge, afterward the famous Presbyterian divine and father of General Joseph Breckinridge, inspector general United States army; E. M. Blackburn, father of ex-Senator Blackburn; John Bruce, father of Colonel S. D. Bruce of New York; Robert Wickliffe, grandfather of Mrs. W. F. Draper, now with her husband at Rome, where he is United States ambassador; Theo W. Clay, son of Henry Clay; Dr. Benjamin W. Dudley, famous surgeon, and many other men who were leaders in early Kentucky history.

Many great races were decided over this old course prior to the war between the states. Here it was that the immortal Lexington won much of his glory, and it was on this track that his distinguished dam, Alice Carneal, made a record for herself.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

A Spanish Soliloquy.
We'd still make firearms rattle,
Nor be laid away on shelves,
If we fought as hard in battle
As we fight among ourselves.

THE SAMOAN SITUATION

Summary of the Troubles in the Islands.

QUEER FEATURE OF THE CASE.

Opposing Views of the Supreme Court and German Official in the Case of Mataafa—Possible Solution of the Difficulty May Be Reached Out of the Controversy.

At last we get from Apia a summary of the supreme court's decision in the election dispute that caused so much excitement and bloodshed. The ground for declaring Mataafa disqualified as a candidate for the throne was that at the Berlin conference, when the choice of a king was under consideration, Bismarck insisted that Mataafa should not be eligible, because his troops were guilty of outrages on the dead and wounded German sailors whom he defeated, and the British representative conceded this exception to be fair. The chief justice ruled that this was a permanent disqualification, and therefore that the votes for Mataafa must be thrown out, although they were a large majority of those cast.

It must be said, however, that no such disqualification appears in the treaty of 1889. Article I of that document, as ratified by the senate early the following year, declares that "the three powers recognize the independence of the Samoan government and the free right of the natives to elect their king or chief and choose their form of government according to their own laws and customs." It further de-



KING MATAAFA.

clared that Malietoa I should be recognized by the three powers as king, "with a view to the prompt restoration of peace and good order in said islands and in view of the difficulties which would surround an election in the present disordered condition of their government," but it was expressly stipulated that "his successors shall be duly elected according to the laws and customs of Samoa." It becomes a question, therefore, whether Bismarck's objection to Mataafa, perfectly natural when the alleged ill treatment of the defeated Germans was fresh and when the three powers were to select the first sovereign, was meant to apply for all time, especially as the objection presented in debate did not appear in the agreement that Malietoa's successor should be chosen according to Samoan customs and laws.

Another point to note is that after the death of Malietoa, last August, and before the election, Mataafa was brought back from the exile to which he had been condemned by the three powers, and brought back, too, with the approval of Germany's official representatives in the islands and on a German ship. If that did not look like a condonation of the offences which Germany charged him with ten years ago, her belief in his eligibility to the throne was certainly indicated when her representatives openly supported his candidacy.

The queer feature of the controversy, in short, is that while the supreme court was basing its decision against Mataafa on a German objection to him expressed in 1889, to which the United States and Great Britain then deferred, the official representative of Germany at Apia was proceeding on the ground that his government did not oppose him in 1898, but would regard him as the lawfully elected king.

It seems to us, however, that this very fact suggests a possible solution of the difficulty. If Germany never intended the permanent ineligibility of Mataafa, the other two powers, which recognized it in 1889 out of courtesy to her, may not insist upon it now. Of course the misconduct charged against Consul Rose and Dr. Raffel, in inciting the natives to violence and insulting the supreme court, must be investigated, and, if proved, properly punished. The British and American consuls respected the decision of Chief Justice Ide, perhaps desiring that the point made by him should be referred to the three powers. But it is possible that the powers may decide to concede the eligibility of Mataafa, who is now ruler de facto, and who is more popular than his rival, the young son of the late king.—New York Sun

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	iv	15:45	11:30	14:30	11:00	17:30
Rochester	"	6:35	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:30
Beaver	"	6:40	2:20	5:30	11:55	8:35
Vanport	"	6:45	2:25	5:35	11:59	8:40
Industry	"	6:50	2:30	5:40	12:04	8:45
Smiths Ferry	"	6:55	2:35	5:45	12:09	8:50
East Liverpool	"	7:00	2:40	5:50	12:14	8:55
Wellsville	"	7:05	2:45	5:55	12:19	9:00
Wellsville	iv	7:30	2:56	6:28	12:40	9:15
Wellsville	iv	7:38	3:05			12:45
Wellsville Shop	"	7:43				12:50
Yellow Creek	"	7:48				12:55
Hamondsville	"	7:56				1:03
Irondale	"	8:00	3:22			1:06
Salineville	"	8:16	3:38			1:27
Bayard	"	9:00	4:10			1:56
Alliance	iv	9:30	4:33			2:06
Ravenna	iv	10:10	4:56			2:36
Hudson	"	11:02	5:25			3:10
Cleveland	ar	12:10	6:25			4:30
Wellsville	iv	7:45	3:10	6:55	1:55	11:17
Wellsville Shop	"	7:50	3:15	7:00	2:00	11:22
Yellow Creek	"	7:57	3:18	7:04	2:05	11:15
Port Homer	"	8:03	3:23	7:09	2:09	
Empire	"	8:10	3:28	7:14	2:11	11:23
Elliottsville	"	8:17	3:33	7:18	2:11	11:27
Porto	"	8:21	3:38	7:23	2:11	11:33
Costonia	"	8:24	3:41	7:26	2:11	11:37
Stenbenville	iv	8:44	4:00	7:45	2:15	11:50
Mingo Je	"	8:51	4:07	7:53	2:15	11:58
Brilliant	"	8:58	4:14	8:00	2:14	12:06
Rush Run	"	9:07	4:23	8:09	2:14	12:15
Portland	"	9:14	4:30	8:15	2:14	12:21
Yorkville	"	9:19	4:35	8:20	2:14	12:26
Smiths Ferry	"	9:24	4:40	8:25	2:14	12:33
Elliottsville	"	9:30	4:46	8:31	2:14	12:40
Belhairs	ar	9:50	5:05	8:45	2:18	12:50
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Eastward		3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:15
Belhairs	iv	4:45	12:00	4:45	1:00	5:25
Elliottsville	"	4:53	12:08	4:53	1:10	5:33
Smiths Ferry	"	5:01	12:15	5:01	1:16	5:41
Porto	"	5:10	12:24	5:10	1:25	5:50
Costonia	"	5:15	12:30	5:15	1:28	
Rush Run	"	5:20	12:36	5:20	1:34	
Brilliant	"	5:28	12:41	5:28	1:42	
Mingo Je	"	5:35	12:48	5:35	1:50	
Stenbenville	iv	5:44	12:56	5:44	1:58	
Porto	"	5:49	13:01	5:49	2:03	
Elliottsville	"	5:51	13:03	5:51	2:05	
Empire	"	5:53	13:05	5:53	2:07	
Port Homer	"	5:56	13:08	5:56	2:10	
Yellow Creek	"	6:00	13:12	6:00	2:14	
Wellsville Shop	"	6:01	13:13	6:01	2:15	
Wellsville	ar	6:05	13:17	6:05	2:19	
Wellsville	iv	7:38				3:05
Wellsville Shop	"	7:43				3:10
Yellow Creek	"	7:48				3:15
Hamondsville	"	7:56				3:23
Irondale	"	8:00				3:26
Salineville	"	8:16				3:42
Bayard	"	9:00				4:10
Alliance	iv	9:30				4:35
Ravenna	iv	10:10				5:05
Hudson	"	11:02				5:25
Cleveland	ar	12:10				6:25
Wellsville	iv	6:45	11:05	6:51	2:56	3:50
East Liverpool	"	6:57	11:15	7:03	3:08	4:01
Smiths Ferry	"	7:07	11:25	7:13	3:18	4:11
Porto	"	7:13	11:31	7:19	3:24	4:17
Industry	"	7:23	11:40	7:29	3:30	4:23
Vanport	"	7:34	11:50	7:40	3:41	4:34
Beaver	"	7:40	11:55	7:46	3:46	4:40
Rochester	"	7:50	12:05	7:56	3:56	4:49
Pittsburgh	ar	8:50	12:55	8:56	4:55	5:41
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Men's Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland and Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

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Lv. Lisbon.		Ar. N. Galilee.	
No. 6	2 20 p. m.	3 30 p. m.	
No. 34	6 50 a. m.	7 55 a. m.	
No. 36	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.	
Lv. N. Galilee.		Ar. Lisbon.	
No. 9	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.	
No. 33	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.	
No. 35	6 45 a. m.	11 15 a. m.	

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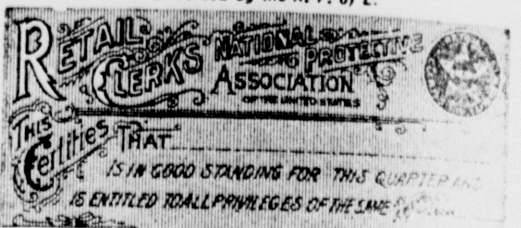
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UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

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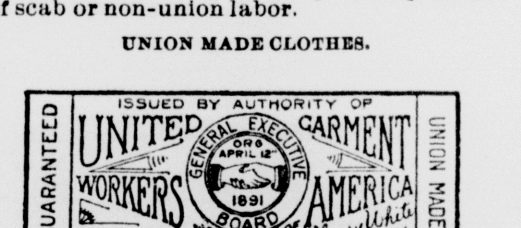


The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL



"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

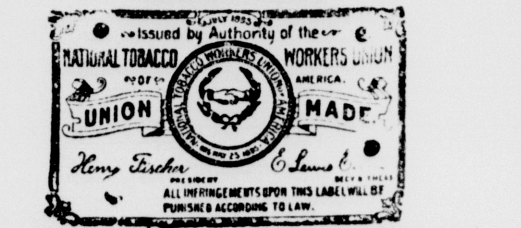
The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.

Union-made Cigars.

This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions.

and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



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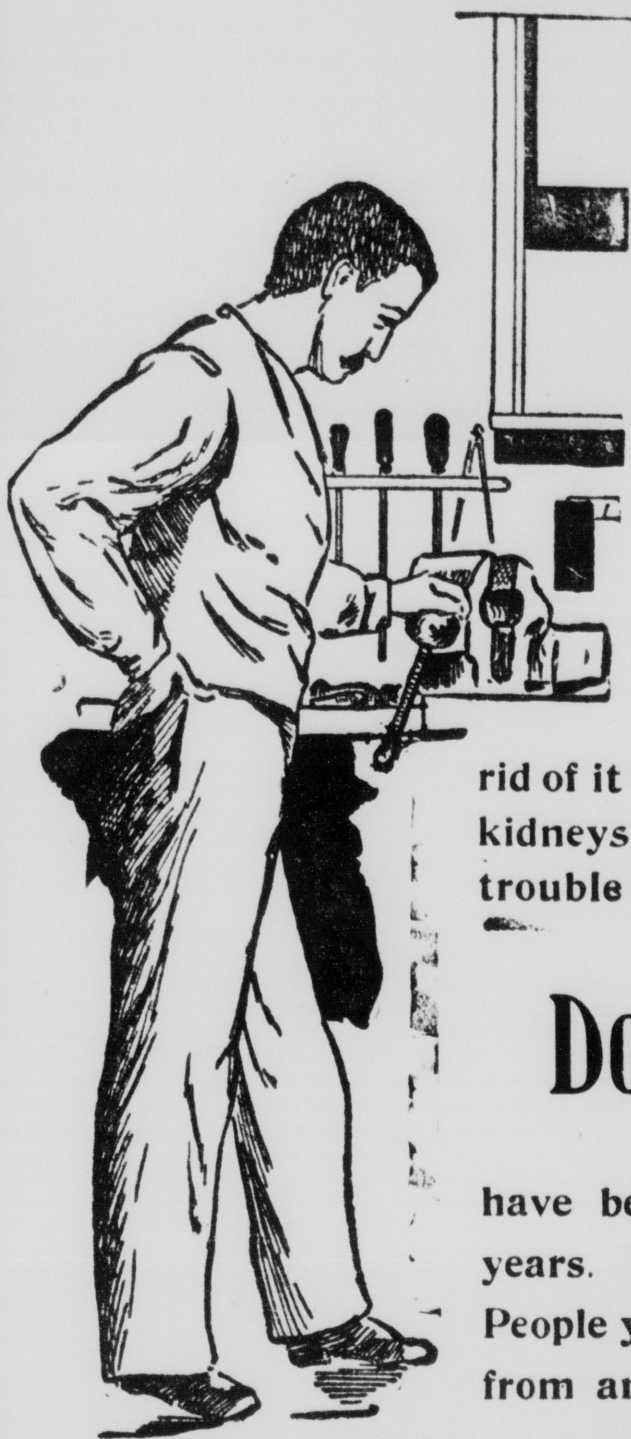
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CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 19--Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—A missionary church.—Acts xlii, 1-12. (A missionary meeting.)

The church at Antioch was the most illustrious church of apostolic days. It surpassed in its achievements even the church at Jerusalem. It was founded as a result of missionary effort, it was nourished and built up by missionaries, and in the providence of God it became the starting point from which proceeded the great missionary movements by which the heathen world was brought to the foot of the cross, by which we ourselves know of God and salvation through Christ.

This church may therefore be looked upon, in a peculiar sense, as a missionary church, and by studying it we may learn what a missionary church should be. Every church should be a missionary church, and every Christian Endeavorer should strive to make his church one. Let us, therefore, study the characteristics of this world renowned missionary church and try to make our churches like it.

1. The church at Antioch was a well informed church. It had "prophets and teachers." The prophets "were under the ecstatic influence of the Holy Ghost." The teachers were expounders of Christian truth under the teaching of the Spirit. By such eminent prophets and teachers as Antioch possessed it is easy for us to believe that they were not only informed as to their personal and local needs, but also of the need of the world for the gospel. We cannot imagine Barnabas and Paul neglecting the cause of heathendom. A church that aspires to be a missionary church must be well informed along missionary lines. Knowledge creates an interest and inspires with a desire to help in the work of evangelizing the world. It is the lack of information that causes many churches to be indifferent to missions.

2. The church at Antioch was a spiritual church. They fasted and prayed. They kept as far as possible from the world and as close as possible to God. They were on intimate terms with the Holy Ghost. He spoke to them and revealed His will to them. More devotion, more praying and self denial, more of the Holy Ghost would make many a church more of a missionary church than it is.

3. The church at Antioch was an obedient church. It obeyed the Holy Ghost without hesitation and without complaint. The Holy Ghost requested that Paul and Barnabas be separated for a special work. They fasted and prayed and laid their hands upon them "and sent them away." The task assigned to the missionaries was tremendous. The difficulties must have seemed insur-

mountable, yet they obeyed at once; yet they went, poor, unpracticed and unarmed, and in spite of all obstacles succeeded. An obedient church must be a missionary church. The command of the Master is to send the gospel to every creature in the world. The church that fails to do its share of the work is a disobedient church.

4. The church at Antioch was a self denying church. Some people may think it gave nothing to missions. How mistaken they are! They gave a gift that must have been a great sacrifice, that must have cost much self denial on their part. They gave Paul and Barnabas! What church would want to deny itself of such workers as these? It would certainly cost more than to give money to the cause of missions.

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The Church and the Poor.

We do not need to deplore the supposed decadence of the church. If the influence of the church is declining, it is in part because we are neglecting our plain duty to the lowest of the people. The church that can and does reach down to the very substratum of society and rescue the perishing ones who are there hovering over the mouth of the pit will deserve and receive the Master's approbation. Let us turn aside a little from our elaborate rituals, our elegant social functions, our denominational rivalry, our higher criticism and our worship of creed and devise and execute ways and means for carrying the word of God to our poorest and most needy neighbors.—Evangelist.

Light From Sugar.

A phenomenon, the cause of which has not yet been satisfactorily explained, was described at a meeting of the British association. Disks of loaf sugar were mounted on a lathe and rapidly rotated while a hammer played lightly against them. An almost continuous radiation of light was thus produced from the sugar. It was shown that the light did not arise from heating of the sugar, and it is believed to be caused by some change taking place in the sugar crystals. The act of crystallization is known to be sometimes accompanied by flashes of light. The practical bearing of these experiments is on the question of the possibility of obtaining artificial light by methods as yet untried.—Youth's Companion.

Germany Didn't Help Rebels.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The semi-official North German Gazette said that official inquiries at Hongkong had established the fact that there never was any exportation of German arms to Manila with German connivance.

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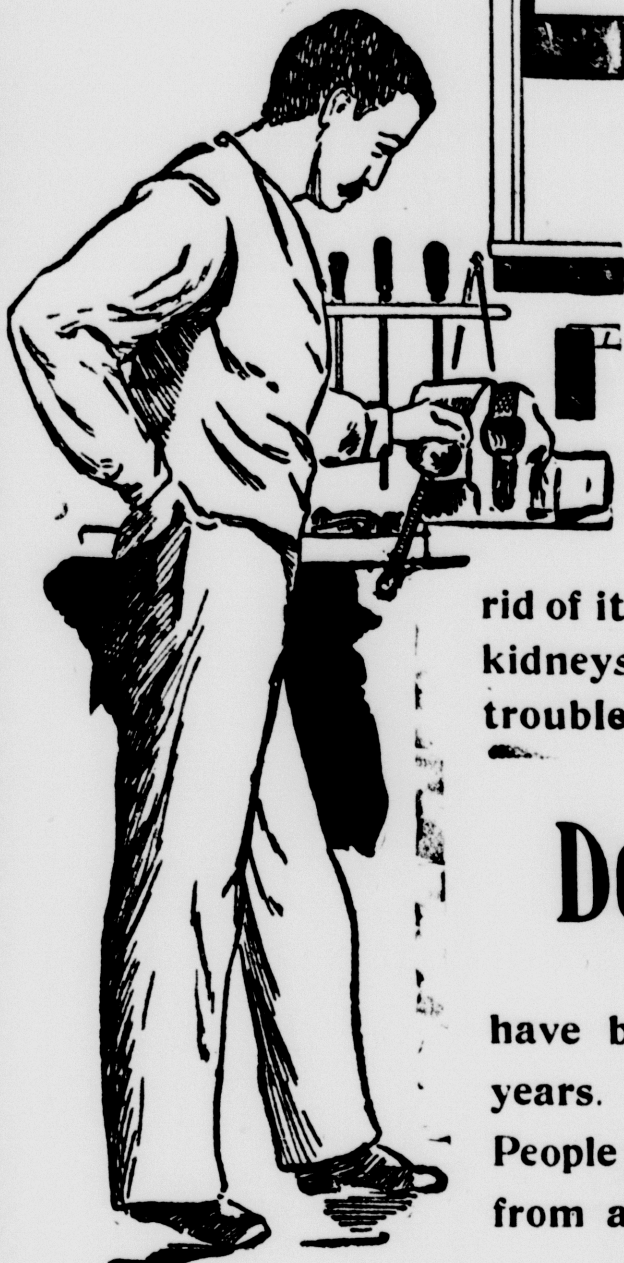
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The fight was particularly fierce in front of the left wing, where the insurgents doggedly held on to a redoubt in front of Pandacan until our line had swept beyond their flank. In the dash upon this earthwork Captain Fortman of the First Washington led two companies across the Concordia, fording the stream, as almost all the brigade had to, waist or breast deep. One of McConville's companies attacked the redoubt at the same moment from the right, and between them the insurgents were driven out of their shelter helter skelter across the intervening country and into the Pasig river, leaving 40 dead and many wounded in their wake.

Just beyond the redoubt and close to the river the insurgents had a strong earthwork, defended with two Krupp guns. These they handled with skill and courage to the very last, when our cheering lines swept over them with the bayonet. Meantime and in the face of a heavy fire the right wing drove squarely into the village of Santa Ana, the insurgents holding on pluckily and leaving many dead and wounded among the Nipa huts.

In just one hour after the order to advance had been given the First brigade had captured Santa Ana, with the guns, reserve ammunition and supplies of the insurgents. Another hour, and the extreme right had driven the enemy through San Pedro, and by noon of Sunday the church and convent at Guadalupe, which is situated four miles up the Pasig, were in our possession. There is now nothing else on our side of the river worth the taking.

Our losses were heavy because we had to attack over open fields, which the enemy had been allowed to fortify. But heavy as our losses unfortunately were they are slight in comparison with those of the insurgents. One hundred and ten of the latter were buried by our men within 500 yards of the Santa Ana bridge, at which they made so stubborn, desperate and valiant a stand.

Let no man say the Filipinos cannot fight. They are brave and skillful warriors. As for the California, Idaho and Washington regiments and Dyer's and Hawthorne's gunners words are inadequate to describe their pluck, discipline and fighting qualities.—New York Journal.

Work in India.

In addition to Tamil, Telugu and Kanarese, the Model Christian Endeavor constitution is to be put into Malayalam, another language of southern India. It is now found in at least ten different languages of India.

Different Viewpoints.

Not only does it make a difference from what standpoint a subject be viewed, but it makes even a greater difference who stands at that point to take the view.—Lutheran Observer.

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WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented; always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

THE BATTLE AT MANILA

General Charles King's Graphic Story of the Fighting.

AMERICANS CHARGED GALLANTLY.

Volunteer Troops Stormed the Filipino Works and Drove Them From Their Position Under a Heavy Fire. Washington, Utah and Idaho Commands Highly Praised.

Brigadier General Charles King has written the following story of the battle at Santa Ana bridge before Manila on Sunday morning, Feb. 5. He says: "You ask me for a story of our battle with the Filipino insurgents on Sunday. I can tell you only of my own command, for the zone of fighting was a long and wide one. McArthur's division is across the Pasig river, and Ovenshine's brigade is well out toward Cavite. Moreover, we were so busy on our own front that we had no time to ask questions, nor would the others have had time to answer them.

For a month past we have expected this battle. The insurgents on the east front of Manila and across the Estero Concordia, a creek that empties into the Pasig, have been in close contact with the outposts of our brigade, and only the most positive orders have prevented an earlier conflict, for the temper of our men has been sorely tried by their aggressions.

Up to midnight of Saturday, Feb. 4, not a shot had been fired on my front, although there had been some touch and go work all the earlier evening across the Pasig. Not until 2:40 o'clock Sunday morning, Feb. 5, did the insurgents open fire on the First brigade of the First division. At that moment my line extended from Blockhouse No. 12, on the extreme right, along the Estero Concordia to the Pasig river at the vil-



GENERAL CHARLES KING.

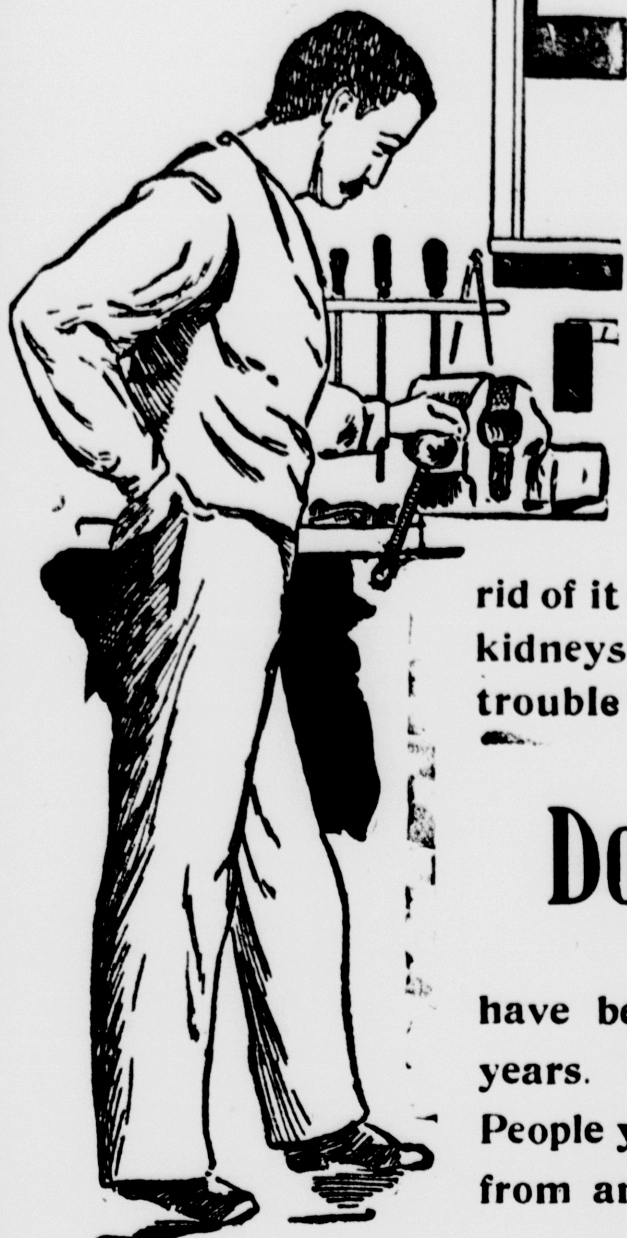
lage of Pandacan. Across the narrow stream for weeks past the insurgents had been allowed to throw up earthworks and prepare for defense or attack. Our orders were practically to submit to anything rather than bring on a fight, and both officers and men had been under a condition of severe tension because of the insults and aggressions of the Filipinos.

The First brigade of General Anderson's division, consisting of the First Washington, First California and First Idaho regiments, Dyer's fine battery of the Sixth artillery and Hawthorne's separate mountain battery, joined just after the fun began. It was business from the start. The insurgents were in force directly in front on the Santa Ana bridge, which spans the Concordia creek, and were armed with Mausers. The sky was clouded, but the moon, though waning, was powerful enough to light the way. Colonel Wholley, with two battalions of his splendid regiment, the First Washington, defended the position on this side of the Santa Ana bridge, while Dyer's guns were being hurried to their station on his right, and Hawthorne's mountain battery came clattering up and went into action at the bridge itself. In the first ten minutes' fighting on the right of the road Company A of the First Washington had two men killed and 15 wounded, their gallant captain, Otis—who, I believe, is a California editor—losing much of one of his ears, but none of his nerve.

At 4 o'clock in the morning the fight was general all along the line. At last the order to advance came. General Anderson, in person, directed the attack in the direction of San Pedro, a village lying back of the insurgents' earthworks, while the brigade commander with the Washington and Idaho regiments made the dash on Santa Ana. This was about 8 o'clock.

The fields toward San Pedro were open and only lightly held, but to the left of the road leading to Santa Ana the insurgents had strong redoubts and earthworks and Krupp guns. It must be confessed they fought with obstinate courage and with no little skill—much more skill, indeed, than we had anticipated—but their valor was of no avail against the determined rush of the Washingtons and Idahos. Gallant old Major McConville of the Idahos got his last order from the lips of the brigade commander as together they rode across the Santa Ana bridge, and his death wound was received while he was leading his men to the attack of the crowding masses of Filipinos.

A STITCH IN THE BACK.



It's hard for a man to do his work well if he has a bad back--Hard for him to work at all.

But the work must be done--bread must be earned, and so thousands of workers plod along, accepting the backache as a matter of course, and only realizing the seriousness of it when it gets so bad that they can't drag themselves about any longer.

Yet it's all unnecessary.

You know what backache is--Kidney-ache, that's all--Just simply the natural result of the failure of the kidneys to do their duty--And the way to get

rid of it is to set the kidneys right. Help the kidneys to do their duty and there'll be no more trouble with bad backs.

Doan's Kidney Pills

have been making weak kidneys strong for years. Doing it right here in East Liverpool. People you know say so. Read the following from an East Liverpool citizen:

Mr. Robert McNewell, carpenter, of West Fifth street, says: "If everyone receives the same results from the course of treatment prescribed by Doan's Kidney Pills, and my advice is, go to Larkins' drug store, procure a box, take them according to directions, and the results will inevitably follow. One box effected a cure in my case, the particulars of which I will only be too pleased to give to anyone personally calling upon me."

Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at all Drug Stores--50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The fight was particularly fierce in front of the left wing, where the insurgents doggedly held on to a redoubt in front of Pandacan until our line had swept beyond their flank. In the dash upon this earthwork Captain Fortman of the First Washington led two companies across the Concordia, fording the stream, as almost all the brigade had to, waist or breast deep. One of McConville's companies attacked the redoubt at the same moment from the right, and between them the insurgents were driven out of their shelter helter skelter across the intervening country and into the Pasig river, leaving 40 dead and many wounded in their wake.

Just beyond the redoubt and close to the river the insurgents had a strong earthwork, defended with two Krupp guns. These they handled with skill and courage to the very last, when our cheering lines swept over them with the bayonet. Meantime and in the face of a heavy fire the right wing drove squarely into the village of Santa Ana, the insurgents holding on pluckily and leaving many dead and wounded among the Nipa huts.

In just one hour after the order to advance had been given the First brigade had captured Santa Ana, with the guns, reserve ammunition and supplies of the insurgents. Another hour, and the extreme right had driven the enemy through San Pedro, and by noon of Sunday the church and convent at Guadalupe, which is situated four miles up the Pasig, were in our possession. There is now nothing else on our side of the river worth the taking.

Our losses were heavy because we had to attack over open fields, which the enemy had been allowed to fortify. But heavy as our losses unfortunately were they are slight in comparison with those of the insurgents. One hundred and ten of the latter were buried by our men within 500 yards of the Santa Ana bridge, at which they made so stubborn, desperate and valiant a stand.

Let no man say the Filipinos cannot fight. They are brave and skillful warriors. As for the California, Idaho and Washington regiments and Dyer's and Hawthorne's gunners words are inadequate to describe their pluck, discipline and fighting qualities.—New York Journal.

Work in India.

In addition to Tamil, Telugu and Kanarese, the Model Christian Endeavor constitution is to be put into Malayalam, another language of southern India. It is now found in at least ten different languages of India.

Different Viewpoints.

Not only does it make a difference from what standpoint a subject be viewed, but it makes even a greater difference who stands at that point to take the view.—Lutheran Observer.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

People For the Week Beginning Feb. 19.—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—A missionary church.—Acts xiii, 1-12. (A missionary meeting.)

The church at Antioch was the most illustrious church of apostolic days. It surpassed in its achievements even the church at Jerusalem. It was founded as a result of missionary effort, it was nourished and built up by missionaries, and in the providence of God it became the starting point from which proceeded the great missionary movements by which the heathen world was brought to the foot of the cross, by which we ourselves know of God and salvation through Christ.

This church may therefore be looked upon, in a peculiar sense, as a missionary church, and by studying it we may learn what a missionary church should be. Every church should be a missionary church, and every Christian Endeavorer should strive to make his church one. Let us, therefore, study the characteristics of this world renowned missionary church and try to make our churches like it.

1. The church at Antioch was a well informed church. It had "prophets and teachers." The prophets "were under the ecstatic influence of the Holy Ghost. The teachers were expounders of Christian truth under the teaching of the Spirit." By such eminent prophets and teachers as Antioch possessed it is easy for us to believe that they were not only informed as to their personal and local needs, but also of the need of the world for the gospel. We cannot imagine Barnabas and Paul neglecting the cause of heathendom. A church that aspires to be a missionary church must be well informed along missionary lines. Knowledge creates an interest and inspires with a desire to help in the work of evangelizing the world. It is the lack of information that causes many churches to be indifferent to missions.

2. The church at Antioch was a spiritual church. They fasted and prayed. They kept as far as possible from the world and as close as possible to God. They were on intimate terms with the Holy Ghost. He spoke to them and revealed His will to them. More devotion, more praying and self denial, more of the Holy Ghost would make many a church more of a missionary church than it is.

3. The church at Antioch was an obedient church. It obeyed the Holy Ghost without hesitation and without complaint. The Holy Ghost requested that Paul and Barnabas be separated for a special work. They fasted and prayed and laid their hands upon them "and sent them away." The task assigned to the missionaries was tremendous. The difficulties must have seemed insur-

mountable, yet they obeyed at once; yet they went, poor, unpracticed and unarmed, and in spite of all obstacles succeeded. An obedient church must be a missionary church. The command of the Master is to send the gospel to every creature in the world. The church that fails to do its share of the work is a disobedient church.

4. The church at Antioch was a self denying church. Some people may think it gave nothing to missions. How mistaken they are! They gave a gift that must have been a great sacrifice, that must have cost much self denial on their part. They gave Paul and Barnabas! What church would want to deny itself of such workers as these? It would certainly cost more than to give money to the cause of missions.

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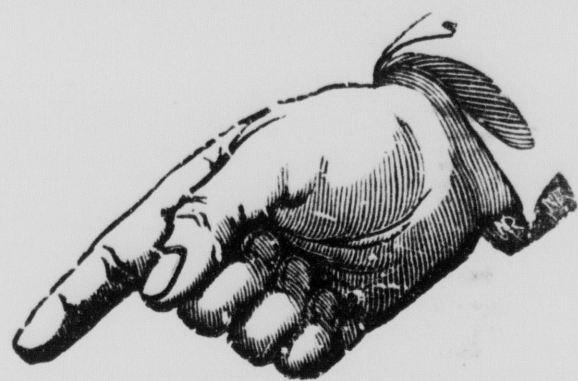
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The Boston Store's

GREAT FIRE SALE.

STEPHENS BECAME VIOLENT.

Wanted to Testify, but His Lawyers Would Not Allow It—More Testimony Against Him.

EASTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—Prof. Stephens insisted upon going upon the stand contrary to the advice of his counsel in the arson case. His lawyers then asked for a recess in order to hold a consultation with the prisoner. While they were elated in the jury room Stephens became violent when the lawyers persisted in objecting to his going on the stand and it was said they threatened to abandon the case altogether. After a half hour's delay Mr. Shipman returned to the courtroom and asked permission to enter a plea of guilty. Judge Scott would not permit this, whereupon Shipman announced that the defense had concluded its testimony and he began to plead to the jury.

John Carey of the Columbia House, Phillipsburg, N. J., where Stephens stayed the night, Pardee hall was burned, had with him his register to show that "Aaron Snyder, Scranton," (the name Stephens wrote in the book), was at the house on the night of Dec. 17, 1897. Stephens did not register until after midnight of the 17th.

Quintus Messenger, a watchman at Lafayette college, told of his encounter in the college chapel on a dark night in June last with "a living creature," whom he struck.

Stephens, in his confession, admitted having been in the chapel on the night in question and to having been struck by some one.

Charles Zimmerman, a student friend of Prof. Stephens, told of a blue mark on Prof. Stephens' forehead the day after the latter's experience in the chapel with the night watchman. Zimmerman also identified the signature "Aaron Snyder" on a Phillipsburg (N. J.) hotel register as the writing of Prof. Stephens.

Prof. Moore identified the key found at Stephens' home as one fitting the door in Pardee hall.

Others also testified.

KNOW THE POISONERS.

New York District Attorney Said to Have Evidence—Cornish May Be Called to Testify Again.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—John D. Adams, the secretary of the Knickerbocker Athletic club, went upon the witness stand in the poisoning case inquest and told how he happened to mention R. B. Molineaux in connection with the bromo seltzer to Cornish. A statement was made by Dr. Hitchcock that if he were again placed upon the stand he could clear up the mystery of the two glasses. Harry Cornish sent a friend to Coroner Hart asking for a private conference. The coroner sent back word to the physical director that he saw no need of a private conference and that he could tell publicly all he knew by resuming the witness stand. Cornish announced his immediate readiness to tes-

tify again.

"What I shall disclose will help immeasurably in solving the mystery," he said. It is very probable he will give his evidence on Monday.

A report emanated from the district attorney's office to the effect that the persons who had murdered Mrs. Adams and Henry C. Barnett were known and that the state had sufficient evidence to convict them. This evidence has not yet been submitted to the grand jury, nor will any of the lawyers at the district attorney's office or Col. Gardiner himself explain the delay. Assistant District Attorney Osborne said that Mrs. Roland B. Molineux would certainly be placed upon the witness stand.

MILLER WAS IN THE LEAD.

But Gimm Counted on Again Getting to the Front.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—When 90 hours on their journey the riders in the international six day race at the Mechanics' pavilion showed wonderful freshness. Averages of 18 to 19 miles an hour for long periods were nothing strange.

In the ninety-first hour Julius carried the party along 19 miles and 2 laps. In the hour Gimm freshened and hung in the line which lapped Miller again and again. The champion was evidently in

cutnes. These, he says, are being successfully used in Arctic mining.

Machines now in operation thaw from 10 to 12 feet per day as against three feet by the old process. He estimates this year's output of the Klondike country at \$19,000,000. Good coal is said to have been found near Dawson.

SENATE EXPRESSED SYMPATHY.

Resolution Passed Regarding the Death of President Faure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The senate adopted a resolution instructing the vice president of the United States as president of the senate to express to the government and the people of France the sympathy of the senate in the bereavement that has fallen upon the French republic in the death of President Faure.

The naval personnel bill, for which the navy department had been contending for so many years, was passed by the senate.

The remainder of the day's session was devoted to passage of bills on the private pension calendar, 74 in number, and to the reading of the Alaska code bill. The agreement under which the Alaska bill was read provided that no other business than the formal reading should be transacted.

Model Grocery Co JERRY OSTERHOUSE, Prop.

Will keep everything common to the grocery business. Goods fresh and pure. Prices low as the lowest. Give me a trial.

Cor. Fifth and Broadway,
EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

INSURE IN The Mutual Life Ins. Co. OF NEW YORK.

Best advantages offered by any company on earth.

Assets, \$270,000,000.

G. C. SIMMS, Local Agt.
TRIBUNE OFFICE.

HASSEY'S PLACE.

For Fine Candies.
No stale goods. Fresh every day.

Opposite First National Bank



LOUIS GIMM.

distress, and it was said he had a very troublesome knee. Gimm counted upon being again in the lead.

The score for the ninety-first hour: Miller, 1,533 miles, 6 laps; Gimm, 1,516-7; Aaronson, 1,469-2; Alberts, 1,421-5; Hale, 1,417-2; Pierce, 1,381-4; Fredericks, 1,370-3; Nawn, 1,362-2; Barnaby, 1,327-7; Pilkington, 1,320-1; Lawson, 1,258-5; Ashinger, 1,120; Julius, 997-3.

REV. FATHER JUDGE DEAD.

News Brought of the Priest's Demise in the Klondike.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 18.—Advices from Dawson City announce the death of Rev. Father William H. Judge, a well known Catholic missionary. He was a native of Baltimore.

NANAIMO, B. C., Feb. 18.—Among the passengers on the steamer Amur was M. Masks, an Australian mining expert, who has come from Dawson for the purpose of obtaining thawing ma-

A. H. BULGER,
Prescription Druggist,
Sixth and West Market Sts.,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

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PIANOS
SMITH & PHILLIPS
EAST LIVERPOOL — OHIO
WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

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Corner Fifth and Washington.

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DRUG STORE.
Prescriptions a special feature.
Pure drugs and skillful druggists.
WILL REED, Prop.

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Rubber Stamps.

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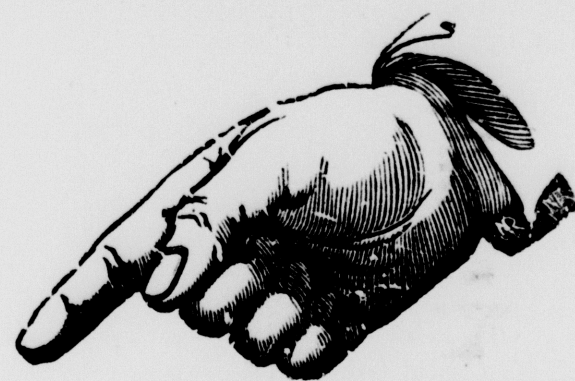
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Any person needing such service please give notice few days before.

Daily News Review.

CIRCULATION
Increasing Daily.

Business Men
Make Note . . .

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Today is big pay and it will be the largest in many weeks.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Brookes is seriously ill with catarrhal fever.

W. W. Hole, of Salem, who has been in the city several days on business, returned to his home this morning.

F. H. Croxall is confined to his home in Third street by a severe attack of stomach trouble.

A small shipment of ware was sent to Allegheny this morning. It is the first shipment made on the early train this week.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. George White, of Sugar alley, died yesterday afternoon, and was buried in the Catholic cemetery.

Mrs. F. S. Albright, who has been very ill at her home in Grant street, suffering with an attack of pneumonia, is recovering.

Mayor Bough returned to the city last evening from West Point where he spent the day visiting his father who is very ill.

There is no change in the condition of Lincoln Harker who has been seriously ill at his home in East End for several weeks.

Mr. Lynch, salesman for the Thompson Pottery company, who has been in the south for several weeks, returned to the city yesterday afternoon.

J. C. Nicholls, who was injured by an explosion of gasoline several weeks ago, has so far recovered as to be able for duty.

Annie Logan has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against John Eberts for \$5, claimed due for rent. The case will be heard Monday.

All the trains this morning were late in arriving at the Second street station. The early Pittsburg train was 12 minutes late, while the Cleveland train was 25 minutes behind time.

The Knowles, Taylor & Knowles company yesterday shipped a car of ware to Cedar Rapids, Ia. Large quantities of ware are now being shipped to the west.

The leaders of the various classes of the gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian association met last evening and went through a new drill prepared by Physical Director Rosenborough.

Owing to the illness of F. H. Croxall the sewer commissioners failed to meet last night. No meeting will be held until Mr. Croxall, who is secretary, is able to be out.

The condition of Mrs. W. A. Weaver who has been ill with an attack of pneumonia for several weeks, is improved. Her complete recovery is now assured.

Word received from Private Harry Smith, of Company E, who went to Frankfort Springs in the hope of regaining his health, states that he is still ill and unable to work.

Mrs. Mathew Pickal, of Jethro street, who has been suffering with an attack of pneumonia for several weeks, is very ill. A marked change in her condition has taken place since yesterday.

No calls were received at the fire station last night, and the boys had little of any police work to do. So far this week the department has responded to two alarms. These fires occurred last Sunday and Wednesday.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. William Fox died at the home of its parents in Pink alley this morning at 6:30 o'clock. Death was caused by spinal trouble. The arrangements for the funeral have not yet been completed.

There was a shortage of coal in the city today. None was brought here this morning, and coal was a very scarce article on the river front. One firm has 15 cars on the road, but as yet it has been unable to find just where they are.

At the BOSTON STORE

The Crowd Was Immense.

It Packed
Our Store
to the
Doors . . .

THE people of East Liverpool appreciate Bargain offers, and we are giving the best bargains of the century. The sale will continue for a short time. Goods are being snapped up greedily, and you will be wise to call at the first opportunity you have. Don't let your neighbor have all the good things going.

The Boston Store's

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EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 215.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEB. 18, 1899.

TWO CENTS

SUCCESSOR TO FAURE.

Balloting to Occur at Versailles This Afternoon.

LOUBET LIKELY TO BE ELECTED.

Mrs. Emily Crawford Points Out the Futility of Human Ambition, as Evidenced in Faure's Death—An Humble Priest Gave Absolution to Dying Man.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The premier, M. Dupuy, fixed the meeting of the national assembly, or congress, in which the senators and deputies unite in voting for a president of France for 1 o'clock this afternoon at Versailles.

At a meeting of the Leftists M. Loubet, the president of the senate and former premier, was unanimously nominated for the presidency. The senators consider M. Loubet's election



M. LOUBET.

as assured. M. Dupuy declined to enter the presidential contest against M. Loubet. In view of the apparently united support of the senate and M. Meline's withdrawal in his favor, it was generally thought that M. Loubet's election was almost assured.

Mrs. Emily Crawford, writing on the French situation, said in part:

"Everything is very quiet in Paris tonight (Friday). There is no danger of a coup d'etat. The favorite candidate for the presidency is M. Emile Loubet, now president of the senate.

"As a precaution against a coup d'etat or any of its sort the troops have been ordered to keep within barracks in all the garrisons.

"M. Faure's body, now embalmed, is lying in state in the Salle des Fetes of the theater built by President Carnot for concerts and dramatic entertainments.

"Previous to embalming the body lay on a brass bedstead in the president's sittingroom. Two Sisters of Charity watched beside it. Before the operation, which lasted an hour, took place, informal dead mass was celebrated in the Elysee chapel.

"Files of telegrams from corporate bodies, personal friends, sympathizers in parts of France and, indeed, Europe and even Asia, have arrived. The first to telegraph to Madame Faure was Emperor William.

"Public events in France have a strange suddenness and take spontaneously a dramatic character. Thus M. Faure's body lies in a Salle des Fetes, or hall of festivities.

"The cards had been issued to 6,000 persons to attend a state ball next Thursday. Today the tapestries of the ballroom have been taken down that the room may be hung in black. M. Faure had looked forward with delight to the Elysee being in 1900 the resort of sovereigns. The last he had from Emperor Nicholas was an acceptance of his (M. Faure's) invitation. He took great pleasure also in thinking that membership in the Order of the Annunciation would make him a 'cousin' of King Humbert, and the insignia of that order were to have been presented to him by a special embassy this month. But his soul was suddenly required of him and all connected with his presidential career is over. His death preaches a sermon upon the vanity of human ambition.

"I have been to see the Abbe Renault, who gave M. Faure absolution in extremis. Mme. Faure, on seeing that death was hastening, begged that messengers should be sent to summon three different priests and a dominican.

"Abbe Renault is the humblest of the humble, being chaplain to the House of Detention, or lockup, at the prefecture of police. Yesterday he had dined with some relatives who have a small shop in the Faubourg St. Honore. After dinner he was going home when suddenly a soldier on a bicycle came up, descended from the machine and caught him, with visible agitation, by the arm, saying 'come with me.'

"Father Renault went and only learned where he was going at the palace gate. There the soldier said: 'The president is dying. Do what you can for him. He is not a bad chap.' At the door a porter met the abbe and conducted him to the sitting room. The president was lying on a mattress upon the floor."

Hefe was described the efforts of the doctors to save him, and finally he was given up.

"The abbe dropped on his knees, all

present doing likewise, and gave absolution in extremis. He had no holy oil to administer extreme unction. In the next room the ladies were sobbing. The ministers came in and dropped on their knees. As the clock on the mantel struck 10 a doctor said 'all is over.'

"Some persons went into the next room to inform Mme. Faure and her daughters. She soon came out, and with great composure, as if her grief were suddenly hushed, ordered that the body be placed on the president's brass railed bed and be kept unembalmed as long as possible. She thanked the priest for rendering the last office to a Christian and said that before the president lost consciousness he had prayed for forgiveness of all whom he might have offended. 'His tongue was paralyzed as he spoke,' she said, and again 'the poor have lost in his death a good friend.' At her request some prayers were recited by the abbe, who was profoundly affected by the whole scene."

Later M. Meline agreed to run, and this placed Loubet's success more in doubt.

PRESIDENT LEFT BOSTON.

Suggested to G. A. R. Men That Spanish Veterans Should Be Admitted to the Order.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—President McKinley and party left Boston late yesterday afternoon. In his speech at the G. A. R. encampment he referred to the stirring scenes of the last year, which, he said, he was glad they had lived to see, and closed by suggesting that the Spanish war veterans should be admitted to membership in the G. A. R.

The suggestion was received with cries of "good" and applause.

Later the party proceeded to the state capitol to visit the legislature.

At one point in his speech there the president said:

We may regard the situation before us as a burden or as an opportunity, but whether the one or the other it is here, and conscience and civilization require to meet it bravely. Desertion of duty is not an American quality. It was not the customs of the father and will not be the practice of the sons.

The party later proceeded to the Algonquin clubhouse, where the Commercial club was assembled.

President McKinley spoke on improved business conditions, saving at one point, in part.

We are fast going from a debtor to a creditor nation. I hope nothing will check it. We have quit discussing the tariff and have turned our attention to getting trade wherever it can be found. It will be a long time before any change can be had or any change desired in our present fiscal policy except to strengthen it. The differences on this question which existed have disappeared. We have turned from academic theories to trade conditions and are selling our share of the world's markets.

Not only is our business good, but our money is good. There is no longer fear of debased currency; it has been happily dispelled. The highest and best standard recognized by the leading commercial nations has been maintained, and it has been done without a resort to loans. The cause of sound money has advanced in the last two years. Honest finance has made positive gains. I do not think we quite appreciate yet the full measure of its success.

Both branches of congress on March 4 next will have an unquestioned majority opposed to any demoralization of our currency and committed to uphold the world's standard. Certainly for two years every branch of the national government will be united for good currency and the inviolability of our national obligations and credit. The investments and other enterprises of the people can therefore not be unsettled by sudden changes.

WILLARD TEMPLE PLAN.

Temperance Young People Inaugurated Their Campaign to Pay Building Debt as Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The formal launching of the "temple saving plan" of the Chicago Young People's Christian Temperance association took place Friday, the anniversary of Frances E. Willard's death. "The temple saving chart" was hung upon the wall of the association headquarters in the temple building and several hundred people wrote their names in the squares provided for that purpose. The chart contains 80,000 squares and the young people propose to secure 80,000 subscriptions of \$10 each to raise the \$800,000 necessary to save the temple.

"The first heavenly anniversary" in memory of Miss Willard was commemorated by the Central Women's Christian Temperance association at a meeting held in Willard hall at the temple.

HON. LEWIS MILLER DEAD.

The Akron Business Man and Chautauqua Promoter Expired in New York.

AKRON, O., Feb. 18.—A dispatch from New York said that Hon. Lewis Miller of this city died in the Post-Graduate hospital at New York as the result of an operation.

Mr. Miller was president of the Chautauqua assembly and, with Bishop Vincent, founded it. He was also president of the board of trustees of Mount Union college, at Alliance, and president of the Aultman & Miller Co. here.

Banker Hazlett Indicted.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—There were 34 true bills returned to court against Samuel Hazlett, the ex-banker, on informations charging embezzlement, in receiving money on deposit when he knew he was insolvent. These represent several thousand dollars of deposits.

WANTED SQUIRE JAILED.

Monnett Demanded It at the Standard Hearing.

BRINSMADE REFUSED TO COMPLY.

The Oil Magnate Would Not Produce the Company's Books—Brinsmade Said He Would Certify the Records to the Supreme Court and Let It Decide.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—The Standard Oil company again refused to produce its books in evidence in the investigation resumed here before Master Commissioner Brinsmade, and Attorney General Monnett asked that Secretary F. B. Squire be committed to jail for contempt of court.

Colonel Brinsmade refused to send Mr. Squire to jail, but said that he would certify all the records to the supreme court and let the court decide whether a penalty should be inflicted for the refusal to answer the question.

Squire was the only standard official who appeared at the hearing out of the half dozen or more summoned.

Secretary Squire submitted his reasons for refusing to show the company books as follows:

First—Because they are demanded in an action instituted against the Standard Oil company for contempt of court, and I am informed that to enforce their production for such a purpose is an unreasonable search and seizure.

Second—Because the books disclose facts and circumstances which may be used against the Standard, tending to prove it guilty of offenses made criminal by an act of the legislature of Ohio passed April 19, 1888.

Third—Because they disclose facts and circumstances which may be used against myself personally as an officer of said company tending to prove me guilty of offenses made criminal by the act aforesaid.

E. W. Brown, who for many years has been with Scofield, Shurmer & Teagle, an independent firm which has fought the Standard, was put on the witness stand. The object of Attorney

HOLDS GOOD.

Merchants and Business Men Make Note.

When you take a full page advertisement in the NEWS REVIEW, at our transient rates for advertising, handsome bills from the same, from 1,000 to 5,000, will cost you but 40 cents per thousand.

General Monnett was to prove that the Standard Oil company ignored the order of the supreme court and that the so-called constituent companies were never in competition with the Standard of each other.

Nearly every question put to Mr. Brown by Mr. Monnett was objected to by the Standard attorneys and in nearly every instance Commissioner Brinsmade upheld the objections, so that Mr. Brown's testimony was of little value. Mr. Monnett left for Columbus much discouraged.

SENATOR BURKE'S DEFENSE.

Denied He Was Guilty of Misconduct in the Manning Case.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—State Senator Vernon Burke has filed an answer in the circuit court to the disbarment proceedings brought against him. He denied that he is guilty of misconduct as an attorney, or that there was any conspiracy between himself and Judge Dellenbaugh.

He admitted that he effected a settlement of the Manning alienation of affection case, and received the sum of \$10,000 in full satisfaction of Mrs. Manning's claim. He also admitted that he received \$2,300 fee in the case and that he paid Judge Dellenbaugh \$1,100 for services rendered by the latter in the matter. It was understood Burke's trial would commence today.

For a Reform Party Convention.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—R. S. Thompson, president of the Union Reform party of Ohio, was here making arrangements for the national conference of the party to be held in this city March 1 and 2. He says nearly 2,000 delegates are expected from 15 states. Mr. Thompson says it is the expectation to form a national party pledged to the theory that the people shall govern themselves by direct legislation.

MILES TO TESTIFY FIRST.

This Expected by Court of Inquiry—May Visit Beef Plants.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Colonel Davis, the recorder of the court of inquiry, said the taking of testimony hardly will begin before Monday. The sessions then will be open. General Miles is expected to testify first, presenting his charges and their foundations. The investigation will be limited strictly to

canned roast beef and refrigerated beef, but the scope of the inquiry will be so comprehensive as to follow the beef from packer to private soldier, so that the action of the packers and all war department officials connected with the beef supply will be investigated. Colonel Davis said the inquiry would continue indefinitely, and said he could give no idea as to the time of its termination.

There is a possibility that the court will visit the Chicago and South Omaha packing houses, where the beef in question was prepared.

Friday and today preliminary work was done.

Transport Left Gibraltar.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Consul Sprague, at Gibraltar, called the war department that the United States troop transport Sherman, with 1,800 reinforcements for General Otis at Manila aboard, sailed from that port for Port Said. All aboard were well.

Princeton Reached Suez.

SUEZ, Feb. 18.—The United States gunboat Princeton, from New York Jan. 11 for Manila, arrived here.

IN SPITE OF TRUSTS.

Dun's Review Said Business Was Enjoying a Healthy Growth—Rise in Grain Prices.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

Beyond question business is expanding, and in many branches it is larger, notwithstanding speculative combinations which tend to reduce it. All monopolies, or attempted monopolies, stimulate business while they are coming, but tend to stifle it after they come, and the throng of combinations and trusts which have been formed or proposed have given a temporary, but very questionable impetus to trade. But beyond the influence of these there is a genuine and substantial enlargement of business due to the unexampled prosperity of a growing population.

The week's output of pigiron Feb. 1 was 237,639 tons, against 243,516 Jan. 1, and 235,528 Dec. 1.

The stoppage of several furnaces for necessary repairs at a time when the demand is most pressing has caused some fear of famine, although quite a number of other furnaces have started since Feb. 1, or are about to start. Pigiron has advanced, but the largest consumption ever recorded in any month is in part due to the hasty purchases of products about to be controlled or advanced in price by a combination. There are so many of these in the iron and steel industry that the present market does not clearly indicate the magnitude of the demand, and disappointment in some branches is not improbable. But the rise of \$1 in steel rails, with the entire capacity of all works engaged until after July 1, is not unnatural, nor the strength in plates, for which the legitimate demand is beyond all precedent, and the same is true of bars, the quantity required for cars, railway and agricultural implement works being enormous. In pipe the association lifted prices 5 per cent with a very heavy order from Indiana gas works, as does the expected combination in sheets.

No fictitious demand has caused the rise in grain, for the exports continue so heavy in wheat and corn that the advance of 3/4 cents in wheat is abundantly justified and the rise of 1/2 of a cent in corn seems scarcely enough for the occasion.

There is much more inquiry for wool and the manufacturers have a larger demand for heavy-weight goods, but they maintain that they cannot pay prices now demanded for wool, and most of the purchases made appear to have been at some concessions. Sales at the three chief markets were 6,160,200 pounds, which is about the weekly consumption with eastern mills well employed, but they were partly on speculative account, and in fine and fine medium territory sales are mentioned at 40 cents cleaned, and in Ohio XX at 26 cents and upward.

Failures for the week have been 173 in the United States against 265 last year and 13 in Canada against 35 last year.

BIG NAVAL APPROPRIATION.

The Bill Considered in the House—Sundry Civil Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The house finally passed the sundry civil appropriation bill, to which it had devoted over a week. No important amendment had been adopted. The speaker's ruling upon the motion to recommit the bill with instructions to incorporate in it the Nicaragua canal amendment was sustained—155 to 96. The naval appropriation bill was taken up and over half the bill was completed during the remainder of the day. There was no general opposition to the measure, although it carries \$14,000,000, being \$8,000,000 more than the largest naval appropriation bill ever passed by congress.

An attempt to defeat the provision for a joint arrangement between the government and the Fitchburg Railroad company at the Boston naval yard failed. A point of order against the provision in the bill relative to the rearrangement and reconstruction of the buildings at the naval academy went over until today.

The Bishop's Words Praised.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Bishop Charles H. Fowler, D. D., LL. D., of Buffalo, delivered a new lecture on General Grant to an audience of 2,000 people in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium. During the lecture the bishop referred to the statesmanship of President McKinley and the speaker's championship of expansion was vociferously applauded.

Three Firemen Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Three firemen lost their lives while working on the ruins of Thursday night's Market street blaze. They were William Chance, Hugh Duffy and George W. Heinele.

HAWLEY IS FIRM.

Wanted No Compromise on Army Bill.

SOME REPUBLICANS FAVOR IT.

Good Progress Said to Have Been Made in That Direction—Some of the Promoters Dislike the Idea of an Extra Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—There was a pronounced movement in the senate looking to a compromise on the army reorganization bill. The movement originated with several Republican senators who advanced the opinion that a compromise was preferable to an extra session of congress. The Cockrell bill was accepted by them as the first advance on the part of the Democrats toward an understanding.

When the matter was brought to the attention of Senator Hawley, chairman of the committee on military affairs, he gave it no countenance whatever, declaring that he was not willing to yield anything. He was critical of the Cockrell bill, finding especial fault with its provisions for natives of the new possessions in the American army. He announced his purpose to stand by his notice to call up the bill reported by the Republican members and insist upon consideration on that basis and that only.

Other Republican members of the committee did not appear so decided. Senator Proctor, who does not support the house bill, is expected to return to the city today and there will then be a majority of the committee antagonistic to the bill. The Democratic senators generally assume an appearance of indifference, but the indications are that they will make some concessions. It may be stated, therefore, that while no compromise was reached, good progress was made toward reaching one.

NAVAL CAMPAIGN.

Administration Determined to Show Our Authority Throughout the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The administration determined rapidly to extend the jurisdiction of the United States over the whole of the Philippine group, acting on the theory that delay in this case was dangerous and that anarchy and a general paralysis of such interests as the islands support would be brought about through a failure promptly to replace the Spanish sovereignty over the islands by that of the United States.

This decision involved the necessity of a naval campaign, and this will likely be instituted as soon as Admiral Dewey receives the reinforcements in the shape of gunboats now on their way to Manila.

MORE WOUNDED REPORTED.

General Otis Sent a List of Names From the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The war department received the following:

"MANILA, Feb. 17.

Adjutant General, Washington:

"First California, wounded in skirmish at Taterof, 14th: Private Harry Fawke, Company C, cheek, slight; Corporal Oscar Nelson, Company C, chest, slight; Private W. E. Cornish, Company H, thigh, slight. Wounded from desultory firing 15th and 16th: Private Howard M. Holland, Company D, First Washington, shoulder, slight; Ralph D. Winther, Troop K, Fourth cavalry, arm pit, slight; Joseph J. Engberg, Battery H, Third artillery, leg, slight, accidental. Wounded at Jaro, near Iloilo, island of Panay, Feb. 12: Second Lieutenant Frank C. Bolles, Eighteenth infantry, leg, severe; Corporal Sparks, Company A, Eighteenth infantry, shoulder and lung, severe; Fred A. Smith, Company A, Eighteenth infantry, leg, slight. (Sig.) Otis."

OUR SYMPATHY EXPRESSED.

Ambassador Porter Ordered to Convey It to the Faure Family.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The following was cabled from this city:

"DEPARTMENT OF STATE, }
"WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. }

To Porter, Ambassador, Paris:

"The president of the United States desires you to convey to the family of the late president of the French republic the expression of his heartfelt sympathy in their irreparable bereavement. The whole world mourns the loss of one of its greatest statesmen, and this country has an especial share in the sorrow of her sister republic.

(Signed) "JOHN HAY."
The secretary of state also indited a personal letter to M. Thiebaut, charge of the French embassy here, expressive of his sentiment on the occasion.

Mr. Cranford Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The chaplain of the house, in his invocation referred feelingly to the critical illness of Mr. Cranford of Texas, whose death is hourly expected, from a complication of diseases. He is very ill at Providence hospital here.

BREEZE IN THE BOARD

Resulted In the Discharge of a Janitor.

THIRD STREET MAN MUST GO

Some Other Business Was Transacted at a Special Meeting of the Board of Education Last Evening—No School Next Wednesday.

The board of education met in special session in the directors' room in the Central building. The meeting was held instead of Monday evening, the regular meeting night. It was done at the request of Superintendent Rayman, who desires to attend an educational meeting at Columbus next Monday.

The meeting was opened with the reading of Proverbs 1. and prayer by Superintendent Rayman.

Superintendent Rayman stated that four months would be required for the review in arithmetic this year. Last year two months were required in the study, but by the new way the scholars would be more benefited than in the past, inasmuch as the girls would be better fitted for teaching, while the boys would be advanced to a business course. This review, or higher commercial arithmetic study, was adopted by the board. The motion was made by Mr. Peach.

By common consent, the board advised Superintendent Rayman to close the schools next Wednesday, Washington's birthday. It has been the custom of the board for years.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Rayman to attend the National School Superintendents' association, which will meet in Columbus all of next week. The expenses of the trip will be paid by the board.

The report of the superintendent for the month of January was received.

The following bills were ordered paid: A. Rattray, \$9.70; W. A. Hill, \$8.21; light company, \$2.10; W. H. Hendrickson, 50 cents; Thomas Wolf, \$1.20; Atkinson Mentzer company, \$8.03; George H. Owen, \$52.50; A. W. Scott, \$45; R. Hall, \$1.61; Eagle Hardware company, \$10.51; Wolf, Walker company, \$16.75; Piqua Furniture company, \$62.40; Adams Express company, 50 cents; Cosmopolitan club, \$5; William G. Johnson, \$71.42; Ginn & Co., \$10.80; American Book company, \$279.10; Union Planing Mill company, \$55.93; F. S. Albright, \$2.60; Wilson Stationery company, \$3.46; Watson & Sloan, 30 cents; Ohio Valley Gas company: West End building \$30.75, Central \$267.30, Grant street \$35.10, Third street \$55.95, Sixth street \$59.70; total, \$448.80. The gas was burned 72 days, and the average cost for each day was \$6.24. In some of the buildings the rooms were heated for a cost of 95 cents a day.

The bill of the Union Planing Mill company was referred to the firm for correction.

Doctor Williams moved a committee be appointed to see Mr. Carey, janitor of the Third street building, and ask him to resign.

Mr. Murphy said: "I know this is directed at me, but if he is not doing his work right I would be in favor of discharging him and not sending a committee around."

Mr. Peach moved Mr. Carey be discharged. The motion was seconded by Mr. Williams.

The subject caused considerable talk, and the motion passed, Mr. Murphy voting yea.

Harvey Davidson was elected to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Murphy moved Doctor Williams be appointed to look after the Third street building, but President Vodrey stated the present committees on buildings would remain the same, at least for the present.

The meeting then adjourned.

ONLY FOUR CASES.

Typhoid Fever Has Not a Hold in the City.

The city is in a very healthy condition at the present time, and according to the statement of Sanitary Officer Burgess there are but four cases of typhoid fever in the city, and none of scarlet fever or diphtheria.

The streets and alleys are being kept as clean as possible under the existing conditions.

UNSATISFACTORY

Was the Basketball Game at the Association.

The basketball game last evening at the Young Men's Christian association between the Marple and Witherow clubs was a very unsatisfactory contest. During the game the referee awarded the

Witherow team a foul and the captain of the Marple team quit. His team continued to play and were defeated by a score of 14 to 6.

MIDDLE OF APRIL.

Candidates Favor It as a Time For the Primaries.

As yet the county committee have not been called together for the purpose of deciding on a date for the Republican primaries, although Chairman Cameron gave it as his opinion some time ago that a meeting would be held some time this month to settle the date. It was then believed the primaries would be held in March.

Now comes a well informed candidate with the opinion that the election will not be held until the middle of April. He is of the opinion that the majority of candidates have decided they cannot make a canvass in time for a date in March and are therefore willing to let the matter go over until April. The candidates are to decide the matter.

EAST END IMPROVING.

A Number of Buildings to Be Erected in the Spring.

It is generally believed that East End will experience a building boom in the spring.

"Real estate has been changing hands and a number of parties hope to own their own homes by this time next year," said a well known resident last night. "I have not heard of any unusually handsome houses or business blocks to be erected, but there will be a general movement toward comfortable buildings for which East End is noted. The best part of the whole matter is the fact that people who expect to occupy these houses are those who will pay to have them built. From the plans now prepared I think I can say East End will fairly outdo itself growing this year."

AN ANONYMOUS LETTER

May Cause Trouble For the Individual Who Penned It.

A well known young man of the city called at the NEWS REVIEW office, and stated that he had received an anonymous letter, and he proposed to push the writer if the government would take up the matter.

The letter, he said, was of the most vicious character, accusing him of crimes he had not committed and threatening him with dire punishment if he did not at once reform.

Since the young man has an excellent reputation it is possible he will make it interesting for some one if the letter he received comes under the law.

THEY FEEL SAFE.

Rivermen Still Think There Will Be No Big Flood.

Dangers of a flood are past, and, although the ice has not given way, the river is rising and the ice is fast melting. The wharf boat has been pulled near the bridge and the ice between it and the Moore coal float has been broken. The ice about all the other floats has been cleared away and all dangers of loss by high water have passed so far as coal men are concerned.

The ice in the river at present is very thin, and the people who walked across the ice are now going over the bridge. It is expected the ice will break tomorrow.

OPEN AT NIGHT.

The Public Library Can Once More Accommodate Patrons.

The public library was opened to the public Thursday evening for the first time since the fire occurred.

It is not expected that the new books for the library will be purchased before March, but they may be ordered at the regular meeting of the board next Friday evening.

FIRST NEW CAR

Was Taken Over the Line by Motorman Allison Today.

The first new street car was this morning run over the line by Motorman Lawrence Allison.

The cars are longer than those received from St. Louis and have side seats instead of across the car. They are painted yellow and trimmed in white.

Women's \$3.50 and \$4 turn and welt lace shoes, coin and bull dog toes at \$2.90 this week at

BENDHEIM'S.

Few Cases Filed.

Business at the offices of the local squires is decidedly slow, and but few civil actions are being filed.

Children's suit sale, one-fourth off the original price, at

* JOSEPH BROS. *

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Institute of France Confers Its Prize Upon an American.

WON BY MR. CHARLES A. SCHOTT.

Old Hailstones' Disappointment When He Saw That Senator Platt Was Not an Indian Chief—Senator Perkins and Thomas G. Alvord, Who Were Once Shipmates, Are Now Friends in Public Life.

There was an interesting scene in the library of the White House recently when President McKinley presented to Mr. Charles A. Schott a gold medal and a prize of 4,000 francs recently conferred upon him by the Institute of France, which is recognized as the highest scientific authority in the world, says the Chicago Record. This prize is open to scholars of all countries and is conferred annually upon the person who is believed to have made the most important contribution to human knowledge during the year in certain branches of inquiry.

After due consideration the prize for 1898 was awarded to Mr. Schott for his discoveries in terrestrial magnetism. Mr. Schott is 72 years of age and looks like a country clergyman. He was born in Sicily, educated in Germany, came to the United States in childhood, learned the trade of a surveyor and secured employment with the coast survey more than 50 years ago. He has since been engaged in making computations and working out the observations and notes of the surveyors. In addition to his official labors Mr. Schott has prepared several volumes of logarithms and other astronomical and mathematical textbooks, which are accepted as authority throughout the world.

The extraordinary discovery for which he has been awarded this prize and which is considered the most important contribution to human knowledge during the last year was a method by which the variations of the compass may be anticipated. In other words, he had prepared tables similar to those of the nautical almanac, by which a navigator at sea or a surveyor or astronomer on land may know two or three years in advance the variation of the magnetic needle at any degree of latitude or longitude on the earth's surface.

The president made a graceful little speech as he presented the prize, which had come to him through the government of France and the department of state for presentation to Mr. Schott, and remarked that it was one of the highest honors that could be conferred and was a pleasant proof that in science there are no international boundaries.

Old Hailstones-in-His-Belly, Medicine Bear, Big Foot, Heap Much Smoke, Black Horn, Yellow Thunder and Charge the Crow, seven big Sioux Indians, were at the White House the other morning to pay their respects to the Great Father, as the president is known among the aborigines, says the New York World. The seven massive specimens of mankind, clothed in their native garb—moccasins, bearskins, paint and feathers and long chains of beads swinging around their necks—had business with the Great Father, else they would have postponed their day for paying their respects until the heavy snow, which gives Washington a Klondike appearance, melts away. Their business here is to look after claims arising under the treaty of 1872 which gave Jim Hill's Great Northern railway a right of way through the Sioux reservation. The president was most kind in his treatment of the red men, and as Hailstones spoke fluent English the president was much interested in the callers.

Later in the day the Sioux visited the capitol and occupied seats in the senate gallery and listened to Senator Pettigrew, chairman of the Indian affairs committee, urge the passage of the Indian appropriation bill. There are several items in this bill in which the Sioux are interested, and they were anxious to see that they got through the senate. Hailstones craned his neck looking for Senator Platt. He had heard much about the New York chief, and, without knowing just who he was, he thought that Platt might possibly be of the Sioux tribe. Senator Platt soon came into the chamber, and one of the capitol guides who knew the Indians pointed out the New York senator. Hailstones inspected him critically from afar and said: "Umph! He no Sioux White man."

Thomas G. Alvord, superintendent of the art gallery of the congressional library, according to the Chicago Tribune, has recently become acquainted with Senator Perkins of California in rather an unusual way. Having a desire to secure his influence in his canvass for the office of librarian, he had a talk with the senator, and it came about that Mr. Alvord related some of the experiences of his early life, among which was his first adventure before the mast, when he ran away to sea. This story interested the senator as nothing else about his new acquaintance did, and before the interview was ended Senator Perkins told Mr. Alvord he could depend upon his compliance with the request made. "Any man who runs away to sea," said

Senator Perkins, "can count on me as a friend. I ran away myself under the same circumstances. I went to sea as a cabin boy, when I was 12 years of age, on a sailing vessel bound for San Francisco."

There was a response of surprise from Mr. Alvord as he asked the name of the vessel, and it turned out that both the senator and Mr. Alvord had shipped from the same port and on the same vessel, and the result is they are fast friends. From this fact it follows that the senator is pushing Alvord's candidacy for the position of librarian.

OLYMPIAN SPORTS AT PARIS.

America's Athletic Features at the Great Exposition of 1900.

The French minister of commerce and industry of the Paris exposition of 1900 recently announced the general regulations for the international sports and exercises for the exposition. The meetings will take place in the district of Vincennes and are divided into ten sections, as follows: Athletic games, gymnastics, fencing, shooting, horsemanship, cycling, automobilism, nautical sports, life saving and aerostation.

The meetings for the athletic sports, gymnastics and fencing will take place in the district of the Lake Daumesnil, forming an annex to the exposition of 1900. The meetings for shooting will be held in the grounds of the wood of Vincennes. The place for holding the pigeon shooting, however, has not yet been determined upon. The municipal hippodrome at Vincennes has been selected as the place for meetings for horsemanship, and the cycling exercises will be held in the velodrome of Vincennes. The long distance cycling races will be held outside the inclosure of the exposition. In the same annex to the exposition will be held the automobile races and displays.

The nautical sports will be held on the Seine and the Marne and Lake Daumesnil, and the life saving and aerostation exhibits will take place in the annex of the exposition by the Lake Daumesnil. All communications from the United States as to the meetings, details, rules, etc., should be addressed to M. Alfred Picard, commissioner general. The detailed programme of the athletic and other sport meetings will be submitted to the exposition administration before Oct. 1.

One of the main features of the American exhibit in Paris in 1900 will be a carefully managed horse show. American oarsmen, too, will compete at the Paris exposition in 1900. The National Association of Amateur Oarsmen will send the fastest crew in America to Paris in 1900.—New York Herald.

WILLIAMS BOOMS HAVANA.

Everybody Hustling and McCullagh Doing Great Work With Police.

One of the passengers on the steamship City of Washington, which arrived at New York from Havana recently, was former Police Inspector Alexander S. Williams, who had spent several days in Havana and had kept his eyes open although, according to his statement, the trip was solely for pleasure.

"What struck me most," said Mr. Williams, "was the contented air of the people in Havana. Everybody was contented, happy and hustling. The presence of the Americans has worked a wonderful change already. Havana is bound to be a big city, and I should not be surprised to see it a greater winter resort than Florida within a few years."

"Of course I was particularly interested in the work that John McCullagh is carrying on in organizing a police force there. He is actually wearing himself out in the work, spending all his time from 7 o'clock in the morning to 12 or 1 at night in perfecting his plans. He has about 1,000 men, I believe, and although they are not big men like our policemen they are bright men and will make good policemen in time. A good many of them are former Cuban soldiers, whose hardships have well fitted them for such service as they will have to perform. I saw them drilled under the army officers two or three times, and they are being rapidly licked into shape. They haven't any uniforms yet, and that spoils the look of the drill to some extent, but they are all right. McCullagh says he'll do what he contracted to do or bust, and he means it."

"I expected to find the harbor very dirty, but it was not, although there is room for much improvement. The streets are not very dirty, and the houses, although they are dingy on the outside, are roomy and clean inside. But what pleased me most was to see Old Glory flying from every flagstaff. That's the best thing of all."—New York Sun.

NEEDLES AS A BEVERAGE.

Strange Attempt to Kill a Popular Dutch Actor.

Louis Bouwmeester of Amsterdam, Holland's greatest actor, had a narrow escape from a horrible death the other night while playing the title role in a Dutch version of "Don Quixote." In one of the scenes he is supposed to drink four goblets of wine and to eat a baked spring chicken. He had hardly filled the first goblet with wine and raised it to his lips to drink when he turned deathly pale and tremblingly placed the vessel back on the table. He found that it was filled with numerous very small and very fine needles. He was so over-



There is a widespread and false impression that a man, in order to be a good physician, must be more or less heartless. People mistake heartlessness for nerve. The two terms are far from synonymous. A man may have a nerve of steel and a heart as tender as a mother's.

Of all the specialists in the world, there probably are not two that have as wide an experience in the treatment of women's diseases as Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. With the assistance of his staff of able physicians, he has prescribed, in the past thirty years, for many thousands of women. Dr. Pierce is pre-eminently a sympathetic physician. Perhaps more than any other man in the profession he realizes the hardships of woman's work, and the disadvantages under which she labors because of the weak, delicate and susceptible structure of the feminine organism. His immense practice in diseases peculiar to women forced upon his recognition the fact that women would never take the proper care of their health, so long as that care required the repugnant "examinations" and "local treatments" insisted upon by nearly all physicians. "After years of study he invented a remedy now known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that is an absolute and unfailing cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of diseases peculiar to women. This wonderful medicine cures in the privacy of the home, and does away with the necessity for obnoxious "local treatment." It imparts health, strength, vigor and elasticity to the organs distinctly feminine and fits for wifehood and motherhood.

In paper covers, 21 one-cent stamps, cloth binding, 10 cents extra. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

YES OR NO.

East Liverpool People Are Respectfully Asked to Answer These Questions.

Is there anything in the evidence of one's senses? Can the reader dispute and then disprove local evidence?

Can reliance be placed upon statements from people we know?

Are the opinions of residents of East Liverpool of any greater moment than opinions held by residents of Maine or Michigan?

Would you sooner believe people living in those states than those in your own city?

Answer these questions honestly after you have quietly read the following:

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employee of Sebring's pottery, who lives at 234 Second street, says: "I had been taking medicine for my kidneys right along, and if I had found a cure I would have had no occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years or more with distressing backache across the loins, a steady aching pain with quick twinges now and then while stooping or lifting, that felt as if a sharp instrument had pierced my back, and the secretions of the kidneys were highly colored, feverish or slightly scalding. Work seemed to be a drag; I had no energy, and I am more than thankful that I was induced to go to the W. & W. pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking them there was no sign of my old complaint."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS—Sailing Men, etc., Impotent, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore lost vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Taken upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price, 50 CENTS per package or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular 1200). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 1200 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. **DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.**

Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine Dr. Peal's never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

come with emotion that he stopped in the middle of his dialogue and went behind the scenes to the stage manager, with the death goblet in his hand.

Though the play was continued after the incident, Bouwmeester was not himself. It is believed that professional jealousy is at the bottom of the dastardly attempt to kill the actor.—Special Cable to Philadelphia Press.

Ivory billiard balls, freshly turned, have to be treated very carefully, as a sudden change in temperature may cause them to crack. To prevent this they require to be placed for at least three months in a warm room in order to shrink them gradually and dry true before they are finished and polished.

DEAD MAN'S PROPERTY

Is Causing a Great Row In a St. Clair Family.

TWO SUITS FILED IN COURT

An Effort Is Being Made to Recover Land and Chattles Left by a Will—Dugan, of East Palestine, Given Two Years in the Pen.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—Chamberlain against Chamberlain is the title of two suits filed. In reading the various petitions filed by the Chamberlains it appears that W. B. Chamberlain, the defendant in each case, has received more than his share of his father's estate. Not long ago J. L. and J. C. Chamberlain filed a petition endeavoring to break their father's will, he having made W. B. Chamberlain his sole heir to the seclusion of the others. They have now discovered their father deeded 50 acres in St. Clair township to W. B. Chamberlain for, as they claim, the pretended sum of \$1,000, where there was no consideration whatever. They allege that at the time of making deed and will, their father, by reason of age and sickness, was mentally unfit to make either. They ask to have both set aside.

Jacob L. Chamberlain claims in the other petition that W. B. Chamberlain wrongfully detains from him a lot of farming implements, and asks that he be ordered to deliver the property to him.

All the parties reside in St. Clair township.

Judgment was revived in the sum of \$19.85 against Samuel and Frank Small in favor of Maggie Orr, as administratrix of the estate of Elizabeth Orr. An execution was issued.

J. F. Minick, executor of Michael Minick, has filed his petition in foreclosure, alleging that John F. Stacy is indebted to him upon a note in the sum of \$778, secured by mortgage on 50 acres in Unity township.

AT HARD LABOR.

John Dugan Was Sentenced to the Pen For Two Years.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special]—John Dugan, of East Palestine, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Hard labor is specified, but there is no solitary confinement. He was convicted of attempting to procure an abortion.

Yesterday George S. Haston was arraigned in court and confessed to a serious charge brought against him by Della Guy, and was ordered to pay \$25 cash and \$1 per week for 275 weeks. He must give security for the performance of the order. The parties are from Unity.

GOING TO ALLIANCE.

Local Chicken Fighters Want Stark County Money.

Local men who own game roosters and others who are interested in cock fighting have heard that Alliance is becoming something of a center for what they style their sport, and efforts are now being made for a cocking main to take place in that town as soon as possible.

Canton men often take birds to Alliance, and it is believed arrangements can be made for Liverpool and that place to meet on neutral ground. If the Alliance authorities keep their eyes wide open they may catch a gay crowd of sports some evening in the near future.

EIGHTY YEARS OLD,

Yet Alex Trotter Called a Doctor For the First Time This Week.

Alexander Trotter, one of the oldest citizens of Calcutta, has been ill during the past few days, but his condition is not serious. Mr. Trotter is 80 years of age, and until this week never found it necessary to call a physician. He is improving rapidly, and will be able to be out in a short time.

A great many persons in that vicinity have been ill, the grip being the prevailing malady.

Mr. Clark Gone West.

James Clark, of Hanley, England, who has been here for several weeks looking after his clay business, left this morning for a trip through the west. Mr. Clark expects to return to East Liverpool in a few weeks.

We are selling men's \$5 enamel, \$5 vici kid and \$5 winter russet shoes at \$3.75 a pair. Choice from entire stock at this price. BENDHEIM'S.

Overcoat sale the people asked for. One-half off price at

JOSEPH BROS.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Feb. 19, "A Missionary Church." Text, Acts xiii, 1-3.

"When they had fasted and prayed and laid their hands on them, they sent them away."

It was in a great city, filled with wealth and luxury and moral corruption. An obscure company of religiously enthusiastic people had banded together. It was a strangely mixed band. They were worthy Jews, but from many lands, drawn to the great city by their business. The strictness of their religious prejudices had been somewhat relaxed and new notions added. They were followers of Jesus the Nazarene. They allowed gentiles to meet with them on equal terms. A strange innovation for the exclusive Jews.

Now occurs a still stranger thing. The impression gains currency that of the considerable number of religious teachers among them two should be sent together to the islands and neighboring provinces to teach the people the new views which they had themselves received and call the people to share in their religious experiences.

This was indeed a new spirit for those who had for ages been known as most intolerant toward all other religions and people. This was the beginning of Christian missions. All previous work had been unpremeditated, the result of an exigency or a special occasion. This was planned with deliberation. Other efforts had been individual and spasmodic. This was a movement of the whole church, and was to be a sustained and continued labor.

The preparation for the work is noticeable. "They fasted;" not those alone who were to be sent out, but the whole company. It was not as a form, but as a religious preparation of body and spirit to more clearly discern the will of God. "They prayed." After the mind was clear and active, freed from all sluggishness of sleep and eating, they directed the powers of soul to learning the divine pleasure. "They laid their hands on them." Assurance of fraternal regard was in it, but more than that—authority to represent the church and carry the knowledge and practices of the church to others was imparted. Alone, no one of them possessed the right to bring others into this fellowship. The whole company united in the act of sending these messengers with the gospel message to the people in the regions beyond.

So should it be now. The whole church should send out the missionaries and sustain the work as its own.

Growth of Brotherhood.

Our recent war with Spain has opened eyes and hearts in wondrous ways and to wonderful extent in unexpected places. We entered the conflict with an avowal such as no nation ever before made as the basis of battle. We sought no conquest of lands for ourselves, no vindication of wounded honor or righting of wrongs of our own, but we could no longer tolerate the evils and wrongs under which our neighbors were suffering.

Though of different race and speech, with customs and traditions unlike our own, of a religion which made small appeal to many of us, they were our neighbors, oppressed, struggling, almost helpless and well nigh hopeless.

The most hopeful sign of all the conflict is the evident growth of human brotherhood. In the third of a century past we as a people have accumulated wealth beyond all historical precedent. It was a grave question if we were not growing avaricious in spirit and losing all the nobler qualities of heroic manhood. This war has shown the spiritual as well as material and physical fiber of the young republic. We have the spirit of brotherhood. This is the impulse of all missionary effort. In a broader and deeper sense than he intended the "cry of kinship" is caught by us from the lips of Tennyson's successor and rung around the globe. We are brothers not only to those of Anglo-Saxon birth and breeding, but to all men everywhere.

Keep Posted.

In many public schools the pupils are required to furnish lists of current events and explain them. It would be a good plan in the League to have once a month a review of the important events in the church at large. Affairs in Methodism and in other denominations are as important to us as the doings of congress or crowned heads.

No Night There.

In heaven above there is no night
To shroud the day in gloom,
For God is there, and He is light,
And He doth heaven illumine.

No night of sorrow spreads a shade
To pall the sunny hours,
For joys are there that never fade
And never lose their flowers.

There is no night of weeping there
To dim the bending skies,
For tears have ceased and every care
And with them grieving sighs.

No night of trial there descends
To cast its shadows dun,
For there the Christian's battle ends,
And victory is won.

And there no night of death e'er falls
To breathe its noisome breath,
For over heaven's crystal walls
Ne'er leaps the form of death.

No darkness there, no wanting light!
Oh, what a heaven this—
A heaven with radiance ever bright
And with unclouded bliss!

Philadelphia Ledger

A BARBER'S BAD LUCK.

Mind Reading Is an Irresistible Habit With Him.

DECLARES HE CANNOT HELP IT.

Gets Him Into All Sorts of Trouble. Some of His Experiences in Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis and Other Western Cities—Controlled Himself For a Week.

George Hammerslay of Oswego, N. Y., applied to an officer of the south side police station in Milwaukee recently for a place to sleep. As is customary in such cases the officer examined the man's hands to see whether he was a loafer or an honest workman, as he said, looking for a job. "There are no evidences of recent employment here," said the policeman, "and I guess you will have to go to bed in a cell on an empty stomach." Hammerslay protested that he was an honest man, but that whenever he secured a job he lost it owing to no fault of his own. He told a remarkable story. Here it is:

"I am a barber by trade, and if I do say so there is no better in Milwaukee. But I have become possessed of the devil or something fully as bad. It is this way, you see: When I go to shave a man I begin to read his mind. The customer can't help it, and I can't help telling him what he is thinking about, either. But the most peculiar, and I might say unfortunate, part of this thing is that if the man has evil thoughts in his mind I am impelled to cut his throat."

"Have you ever hurt any one?" asked the officer, "when you were in one of these spells?"

"No, I can't say that I have, but I have had some terrible experiences and have been driven from town to town and city to city as a result of this irresistible habit. My wanderings and experiences would make a book. In Chicago I was cutting a man's hair when I discovered that he was planning to swindle a widow. I told him what he was thinking about, and at the same time grabbed him by the throat, and if the boss hadn't interfered I believe I would have killed the man. In Burlington, Ia., I had a similar experience. In this case, though, the customer was saying to himself things about the church of which I am a member, and I broke in and said that he was badly mistaken about it. The man cleared the chair with one bound, throwing off the apron and towels and calling me all kinds of pet names that are not in the hymnbooks or the dictionary."

"He would have eaten me up alive if others hadn't interfered. This time I insisted that the man was crazy, and as he was a transient in the shop I made my bluffstick. We threw him out of the place. But my job was short lived nevertheless, for the very next man that got into my chair proved to be a subject that gave my talent, or misfortune, full sway. Before he had been seated a minute I told him he was a thief, and the end was a black eye for me and the loss of my job. So I took to the road again, this time trying to put my faculty to practical use, but it would not work. I found that I could do nothing unless the subject was in a barber's chair. From Burlington I went to Lacrosse, where my troubles were short lived and of a lively order. A big brewer was my first customer. I got his train of thought instantly and tried to throw it off, but it was no use. I couldn't do it. I asked him why he put his stockings on inside out that morning and why he should blame his wife for it. He was wild and wanted to know how I came to know about his private affairs. I told him I was sure he couldn't think much, but what little thinking he was doing was a task that was not easy for him."

"This brought my new boss to the rescue of his patron, and he gave me one minute to get out of the shop. Next I went to Omaha, where my mind reading got me into jail. I was arrested twice for disorderly conduct and sent to jail once to serve a short sentence. I nearly lost my life in jail. You see, they gave me the job of shaving the other prisoners, and the first break I made was to tell a thief what he was thinking about. Of course his mind was on his crimes, and when I developed his thoughts there was all kinds of trouble for me. He nearly pounded my head off before the turnkey got hold of him. From Omaha I went to St. Louis."

"I got a good job in a shop on Olive street and managed to control myself for a whole week before my troublesome habit asserted itself again. A strict church member got into my chair one morning, and I saw that he had been playing poker for money, and not only that, but he had been cheating. I told him what kinds of hands he held and how he stacked the deck to get them. You ought to have seen that deacon's face. He didn't get mad at all. He simply asked me to keep quiet, and said he wanted to see me outside. I believe he wanted to pay me to keep still, but my bad luck was close on my heels, and my boss called me down for being too fresh with the customers and gave me the bounce."

"I then had money enough to take me to Chicago. So I started for that

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ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

city, where I again found employment, but it was for only a fraction of a day, and I took a ride in a patrol wagon to the Harrison street station. I had been shaving an alderman and got into some of his very private affairs. He had a pull with the police, and they did the rest, which was to give me one hour to get out of town. This was only a few days ago. I came to Milwaukee, but have given up the barber's trade and am looking for a situation in somebody's kitchen, where I can get something to eat and be out of danger."—Special Chicago Inter Ocean.

INSURGENTS WERE UGLY.

Loaded Their Guns and Held Up Pennsylvania Officers Outside Manila.

Lieutenant Colonel James E. Barnett of the Tenth Pennsylvania at Manila, writing to W. C. Farnsworth, corporation clerk of the state department, in a letter bearing the date Dec. 16 and received recently, says:

"The insurgents are not in a very good frame of mind, and we are preparing for trouble. Yesterday evening I went with our brigade commander, General H. G. Otis, through their outposts. They did not halt us, but looked pretty sour. This morning one of our majors and myself started across some ricefields to look over what will be in the line of battle if trouble occurs. We were on horseback and had to travel along narrow ridges between the fields, which are laid out in squares about 100 yards to a side. After going about a mile and a half we got lost and had to hire a native to get us out."

"Yesterday (Sunday) the field and staff of the Tenth took a trip up the Pasig river to the lake, about 15 miles up. On the way we were halted by the insurgents, who slipped cartridges in their guns, and we thought they looked like the real thing. We finally got to see the commander of the post and were grudgingly allowed to pass. It made me mad when I saw a fellow put a cartridge in his gun. We had a delightful trip barring this incident. The lake is 20 miles long by about 10 wide and is a beautiful sheet of water surrounded by irregular high hills and level land. There were a great many interesting sights, among them being the huts or shacks of the people who live on the water. These are built on foundations, or piles of bamboo rather, driven into the mud, six or eight sticks being enough for a house to stand on. The houses are about five feet above the water, and here the people live apparently as comfortably as on land."

"Altogether our regiment has been very fortunate in comparison with those who went to Cuba and those that were in large camps in the United

States. The boys are in pretty good shape. All want to get home, but are not crying about it."—New York Sun.

Golf at Resorts.

It is becoming more and more evident that a golf links is now a sine qua non of summer resort life, and it is a little curious to see how those places which have hitherto lacked facilities for the game are stringing into line in order to attract next season's visitors. It is no exaggeration to say that scores of charming and attractive places have been passed by in the last few summers simply because they offered no means of indulging in the present popular pastime, and, arbitrary as it may seem, golf has had more to do with popularizing some of the newer resorts than all other causes put together.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Strong Subject.

The Patron—Ah, going to do a Samson for the exhibition, are you?
The Painter—Yes; all the critics said my work wasn't strong enough last time.—New York Journal.

Cry of Kinship.

What is the voice I hear
On the wind of the western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
And say what the voice may be!
'Tis a proud, free people calling loud to a people proud and free.

And it says to them: "Kinsmen, hail!
We severed have been too long.
Now let us have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong."

Answer them, sons of the selfsame race
And blood of the selfsame clan.
Let us speak with each other face to face
And answer as man to man
And loyally love and trust each other as none but freemen can.

Now fling them out to the breeze—
Shamrock, thistle and rose—
And the star spangled banner unfurl with these,
A message to friends and foes
Wherever the sails of peace are seen and wherever the war wind blows,

A message to bond and thrall to wake,
For wherever we come, we twain,
The throne of the tyrant shall rock and quake
And his menace be void and vain,
For you are lords of a strong young land and we are lords of the main.

Yes, this is the voice on the bluff March gale;
We severed have been too long.
But now we have done with a wornout tale—
The tale of an ancient wrong—
And our friendship last long as love doth last and be stronger than death is strong.

—Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of Great Britain.

The News Review.

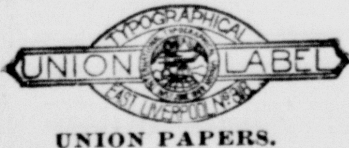
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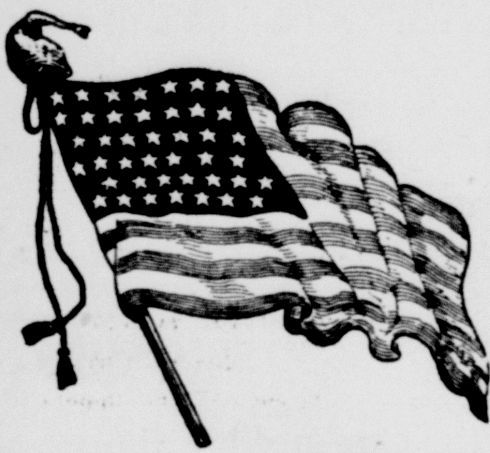
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, FEB. 18



All Union papers of East Liverpool are
known to the various craft and unions of
the city by the printing of the above
Union Labels at the head of their columns



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY seldom talks
without saying something worth re-
membering, and his speech in Boston
was no exception. Even though the
people cast reflection upon a member of
the cabinet they could not but cheer the
utterances of the President.

A WOMAN'S NAME.

A good woman's name. Be careful
how you trifle with it. Her honor to
her is a priceless treasure, and the fel-
low who, by light and careless words,
assaults that good name and fair fame,
is a coward and a cur, too mean for
Webster's unabridged to furnish us lan-
guage sufficient to express our loathing
for him.

THE AMERICAN SALOON.

The hotbed from which is grown a
harvest of criminals and vice and im-
morality and lawbreakers. He who
utters a word in defense of the Ameri-
can saloon, be he pope, priest, prelate,
bishop, minister or layman, advocates
that which is vile beyond compare—the
very offspring of the devil, in direct
conflict with everything clean, pure,
right or God-like.

TO THE PUBLIC.

If the immediate relatives of parties
deceased will give the News Review
the day and hour when the funeral is to
take place, there will be no mistakes
made in this paper. We aim at reli-
ability in every particular. Irrespon-
sible parties have said that we guess at
such matters. This is an absolute false-
hood, born of hatred and malice, and
the parties so making use of the matter
in public are simply contemptible and
beneath our notice. Great care is al-
ways exercised in such features in the
editorial room of the News Review, and
every precaution is made against the
making of mistakes.

THE REUNION.

The legislature has been meeting in
Columbus, but for once the members of
senate and house have been unable to
damage their constituents. It was
simply the reunion held each year since
the people decided that biennial sessions
were sufficiently frequent to enact laws
for Ohio. There has never been a
time when any one could show that the
new arrangement was anything but sat-
isfactory to the public. It saves a con-
siderable amount of money, while the
benefit derived from the lack of oppor-
tunity to pass bills, many of them worth
no more than the paper on which they
are written, is inestimable. The state
is very well satisfied to have the legis-
lature meet in reunion every other year.

OPPOSED TO AN ARMY.

No Democrat has yet advanced in
congress a good reason why the army
should not be made up of a sufficient
number of officers and men to meet the
requirements of the country. They
have discussed the question at great
length, but have dealt principally in
generalities. Whether their argument
is based upon the conviction that this
country should stay in the old rut and
have no large army, or whether they
are playing an old campaign game for

FINE FOODS BUILD FINE MINDS.

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BRAIN, BOTTOM, PAN, RYE,
GRAHAM, HEALTH AND CURRANT.
ASK YOUR GROCER.

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the purpose of making votes, cannot be
learned from the utterances of Demo-
cratic leaders when dealing with the
subject, but the recent history of Demo-
cratic politics prompts the belief that
the latter is the right supposition. It
may be, however, that both are wrong,
and the dislike of Colonel Bryan for
military service is at the bottom of the
whole matter.

PROMISED TO BE GOOD.

Jimmy Rusby Was Released After He
Had Paid a Fine.

The only case Mayor Bough disposed
of this morning was that of James Rus-
by, who was arrested Thursday night by
Officer Grim. He was fined \$14.60. He
made arrangements to pay the amount,
promised to be good in the future and
was released.

No arrests were made during the
night, and the jail during the day was
empty. Officers were working today on
the recent robbery cases, but up to a
late hour this afternoon no arrests had
been made. Mayor Bough stated this
morning he knew very little about the
cases and could not talk intelligently
on the subject.

DATE DECIDED

When the Second U. P. Church Will Be
Dedicated.

Work on the Second U. P. church is
progressing rapidly. The carpenters
will reach the end of their task today,
and the building will be given over to
the painters next week.

It has been decided to dedicate the
building the evening of March 9 when a
number of leading ministers of United
Presbyterian church will be present.
The program has not yet been arranged,
but it is known that special services will
be held in the new building for 10 days
following the dedication. Several min-
isters from other places will be in
charge.

WENT OVER.

Driver of a Milk Wagon Was Hurt at
Lincoln and Prospect.

A milk wagon owned by the Jersey
Home Milk company upset while it was
turning the corner of Prospect street
and Lincoln avenue.

The driver, whose name could not be
learned, was somewhat injured by the
accident, sustaining a cut in the fore-
head and several bruises about the
body. The milk cans were emptied.

ACCEPTED THE BOND.

Joseph N. Findley Is Now a Justice in
Grant District.

Joseph N. Findley, who appeared be-
fore the court in New Cumberland last
month as an applicant for the position
of justice of the peace for Grant district
made vacant by the resignation of Hugh
Newell, has been appointed.

He at once filed a bond for \$2,000
with Charles F. Allison as security. It
was accepted.

Seats For the Benefit.

The box office will be open Monday
morning at 9 o'clock for the first per-
formance of the "Chimes of Normandy,"
and Tuesday morning at the same hour
for the second performance. Get seats
early for a rush is anticipated.

The sale people asked for. One-half off
sale in overcoats at

JOSEPH BROS.



HE HAS
SORE THROAT

And is Gargling With

TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle
it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails.
25 and 50 cents. All druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

THIEVES STILL AT IT

They Robbed Another Store
In the Same Way.

CARRIED OFF A LOT OF GOODS

They Entered by a Transom In the Rear of
the Store, and Proceeded In the Usual
Manner to Help Themselves to What
They Wanted.

The band of thieves who have been
operating in the city for several weeks,
last night continued their nefarious
work.

This morning when the storeroom of
A. Solomon was opened it took but little
time to discover that someone had been
there during the night. A walk to
the rear part of the store revealed
the fact that the thieves had taken all
the money in the cash drawer, securing
in the neighborhood of \$50 for the
trouble. In addition to this five collar-
ettes were missing, and the proprietor is
not yet able to tell what else was taken.

The thieves entered the store in the
same manner that they effected an
entrance to the other places robbed, only
this time they went over a back transom
instead of going to the front, and as
usual escaped detection.

There is but little doubt that the
numerous burglaries that have been
committed have been done by parties
who reside here, as their work is done
in too bungling a manner for profes-
sional crooks, but if they continue un-
molested they will soon have enough
goods to start a department store.

The thieves are about as bold as they
could be, and it is only a question of
time until they are captured. The po-
lice force should make every effort to
capture the thieves.

INSPECTION

Being Made by Chief of Detectives
Ward.

Superintendent Ward, of the Cleve-
land and Pittsburgh detective force, and
Detective Shiffer were in the city yester-
day afternoon and left last evening
for a trip over the river division of the
road. Both gentlemen were seen by a
reporter last evening before they left
the city, but, as is their custom, they
would not say anything about their
visit. From one source it was learned
the gentlemen were in the city on busi-
ness of a private nature, but from an-
other it was learned they were making
an inspection of the division. While
here they called on Chief Johnson at
city hall.

UP TO DATE.

A Taxpayer Likes the Way They Do
Things at School.

EDITOR NEWS REVIEW—I visited the
Fourth street building of the public
schools yesterday, and I think it is my
duty to say that I consider the rooms
visited all that could be asked. The
teachers evidently know their work,
and scholars are being taught in the
right way. I consider the schools I
visited a credit to East Liverpool.

TAXPAYER.

PRIVATE FUNERAL.

But Friends of the Late George Wells Can
See Him Sunday.

Funeral services over the remains of
the late George Wells will be private,
and will take place Monday afternoon
at 2 o'clock from his late residence in
Seventh street. Interment will be
made in Spring Grove. The remains
can be seen Sunday from 2 until 9
p. m.

May Go to Court.

There was a family row in a house in
Gardendale Thursday night, and it is
probable the matter will be aired in
police court.

The trouble was between husband
and wife, and for several minutes a
heated conversation was heard by the
neighbors. What was the direct cause
of the trouble is not made known.

Condition Is Unchanged.

The condition of Motorman Frederick



STRONG AGAIN! *Sexine Pills*

When in Doubt, Try
They have stood the test of years,
and have cured thousands of
cases of Nervous Diseases, such
as Debility, Dizziness, Sleepless-
ness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c.
They clear the brain, strengthen
the circulation, make digestion
perfect, and impart a healthy
vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients
are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death.
Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the
money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address,
For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

Dotts, who has been confined to the
home of Mrs. Hamilton in East End
for several weeks suffering with pneu-
monia, is unchanged. It will be several
weeks before he will be able to resume
his work.

SHOT A SPANIARD.

Private Bigger Says He Saw Sergeant Pal-
mer Do It.

J. C. Bigger, a private of Company K,
Tenth Pennsylvania, has written an in-
teresting letter to his father, T. W.
Bigger, auditor of Allegheny county,
Pa., from Manila. Among other things,
as it appeared in the Pittsburgh Leader
last night, it says:

"Sergeant Palmer, whom you want to
see at East Liverpool, killed a Spaniard
before he left. I saw him drop the
Spanish sharpshooter out of a tree the
morning of Aug. 1, when the Tenth 'fit
its first fight.'"

WERE YOU THERE?

If Not, You Should Go There
Next Monday.

Where? At the Boston store
of course. I got the loveliest
bargain in silk, the very thing I
was looking for for a special pur-
pose. My purse had been too
light to reach my heart's desire;
but the Fire Sale at the Boston
store opened my way. I got the
goods for a mere song. Bargains
are on every hand, in every de-
partment. I'm going again on
next Monday.

WILL CONTEST

When the Board of Health Elects Its
Officers.

At the next meeting of the board of
health the annual reports of the officers
should be read, but the new officers of
the board will not be elected until the
first meeting in May. Already it is
said there will be more than one candi-
date for the positions of health officer
and sanitary policeman, and the places
will probably be hotly contested.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Frances Willard Was Remembered Last
Evening.

The Frances Willard memorial ser-
vice, conducted last evening at the First
M. E. church, was well attended. The
memory of the lady who did so much
for the cause of temperance was fittingly
observed in addresses, music and recita-
tions.

To Talk of a Purchase.

The company organized in this city
recently for the purpose of manufactur-
ing gas will meet Monday evening in
the rooms of the Potters' club. It is
thought some action will be taken rela-
tive to the purchase of the Metsch prop-
erty.

Joseph Bros.' sale of children's suits
one-fourth off price. Parents, this spe-
cial sale for the boys, you will save
money. Sale will last until Monday
eve, Feb. 20.

Placed Larger Orders.

B. S. Palmer, of Cambridge Springs,
Pa., was in the city yesterday placing
orders. Mr. Palmer comes to the city
every year on this mission, and the
orders he placed this year were in
advance of those placed last year.

Home From California.

Albert Williamson, who has been in
southern California for several years,
arrived in the city yesterday, and is now
a guest at the home of his father Wil-
liam Williamson, Jefferson street.

AT \$1.98 A PAIR

Women's \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50
vici kid and box calf shoes at
BENDHEIM'S.

Look at our last page. See the
Boston Store's Great Fire Sale
ad.

—Miss Edith Bowden, of Alliance, is
in the city the guest of friends.

HARD KNOCKS GIVEN

School Boys Engage In a
Furious Rush.

FRESHMAN FLAG THE PRIZE

It Was Taken Down by the Sophmores, but
They Did Not Long Keep Their Prize,
Sophmore Colors Now Decorate Their
Enemies.

Yesterday was freshmen day at the
high school, and the rooms were ap-
propriately decorated in the class colors
while the class flag was suspended from
the flag pole in the school yard.

The literary exercises were very good
and the question "Resolved that the
women should be accorded equal privi-
lege with the men in respect to suffrage"
was debated. The affirmative side
was represented by Misses Margaret
Hamill and Laura Hill, while William
Dorff and Otis Swan represented the
negative. The judges were Misses
Margaret Baxter, Pearl Williams and
Bessie Burner and they decided in
favor of the affirmative.

After school had been dismissed the
freshmen class discovered that the
sophomore class had pulled down their
flag and one of them had it under his
coat. The freshmen class would not
stand this indignity, and a general rush
took place in the school yard. It ended
in the freshmen recovering the flag and
several of the boys receiving black eyes
and severe bruises. The freshmen
outnumbered the sophmores, and
after getting back their flag
in a badly delapidated condition
they proceeded to get some of the colors
of the Sophmore class and keep them as
trophies of the battle. The majority of
the boys kept their temper during the
rush and after it was all over the best
of good feeling prevailed.

One-fourth off in children's suits.
Special sale until Monday eve, 8 o'clock,
Feb. 20, at

JOSEPH BROS.

THIS WEEK

\$2.90 buys women's \$3.50 and
\$4, turn and welt lace shoes, coin
and bull dog toes at

BENDHEIM'S.

—Mrs. George H. Owen returned to-
day after a visit with friends in Lisbon.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have
stood at the head of all hair restoratives.
More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used
by the American people, and thousands of
testimonials bear witness to their excellence,
while there were never any complaints when
directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

ANTI-SALOON SUNDAY

Will Be Observed In the City Tomorrow.

UNION SERVICE IN AFTERNOON

At the Second Presbyterian Church—Ministers Sent Here From the Organization Will Preach In Other Churches—The Program.

Anti-saloon Sunday will be observed in the city tomorrow, and some of the most prominent anti-saloon people in the state will be here to deliver addresses.

Superintendent Rev. P. A. Baker will deliver an address in the First U. P. church at 11 a. m., and in the First M. E. church at 7:30 p. m. Prof. T. W. Karr, field secretary of the league, will talk in the Second M. E. church at 11 a. m., and in the Methodist Protestant church at 7:30 p. m., while W. B. Wheeler, of the Cleveland district, will occupy the pulpit of the First M. E. church at 11 a. m.

A union service will be held at the Second Presbyterian church in the afternoon at 3 o'clock and will be addressed by W. B. Wheeler, and at 4 o'clock Reverend Baker and Professor Karr will speak at the Young Men's Christian association.

The gentlemen are here in the interests of the Ohio Anti Saloon league, and their addresses will be along the line of the effective work being done by that organization in assisting to drive out the liquor traffic. The work of the association will be thoroughly explained, and the meeting will no doubt be of much interest to the people of the city.

AMERICAN MECHANICS

Will Attend Services at the Second Presbyterian Church.

Second Presbyterian church, N. M. Crowe, pastor.—Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m., "The Shadow and the Substance;" Junior society at 3 p. m.; Christian Endeavor at 6:30 and preaching at 7:30 p. m., special services for the United American Mechanics. The members of the order will attend services in a body. All Junior Mechanics and all other fraternity people are cordially invited to attend this service.

Second M. E. church, W. H. Haverfield, pastor.—Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Spiritual Union;" evening subject, "Love and Holiness;" Sunday school, 10 a. m.; Junior League, 2 p. m.; union Anti-Saloon service, 3 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor.—Divine services at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Salvation is not obtained by works of merit which one must perform, but it is a gift from the Son of God;" Sunday school at 2 o'clock. No evening services.

St. Stephens' Episcopal church, Edwin Weary rector.—First Sunday in Lent, 7:30 a. m., holy communion; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school and Bible class; 10:45 a. m., morning prayer and sermon, subject, "The advantages resulting from the possession of the scripture;" 3 p. m., mission service East End; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, with after-meeting, subject, "Practical Religion."

First U. P. church, Rev. J. C. Taggart, pastor.—Rev. P. A. Baker at 11 a. m., sermon by the pastor at 7:30 p. m.; Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Young Men's Christian association—The 4 o'clock meeting will be addressed by Rev. P. A. Baker and Prof. T. W. Karr.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R. Greene, pastor.—At 11 a. m., "The Great Supper;" 7:30 p. m., "Saved For Service."

First Presbyterian church—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. John Lloyd Lee. At 11 a. m., "The mother, the friend and the sinner at the cross;" 7:30 p. m., sermon, "A noted conversion, and how we may know we are converted." Song service at 7:30. "Holy, Holy," "In the Heavenly Pastures," "Faith is the Victory," etc., will be sung. There will be special music by the choir and others. All are invited. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; Christian Endeavor, 6:15 p. m.

Christian church—Services at Ferguson & Hill hall. Rev. Walter Mansell, of Bethany, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Other meetings as usual.

Methodist Protestant church—Preaching at 10:45 to the K. of P., by the pastor, Rev. C. F. Swift. Prof. T. W. Karr will preach in the evening in the interest of the Anti-Saloon league. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Endeavor, 6:15 p. m.

CREAM OF TARTAR OR ALUM. Which side of the baking powder question do you take? If you permit the prospect of a few cents saving to induce you to use an alum baking powder, you have the assurance of the leading medical authorities that you are endangering the good health of your family. The only safe course is to use only Royal Baking Powder, certified to be made from pure cream of tartar, and without a trace of lime, alum or ammonia.

AFTER THIEVES.

Officers McMillan and Whan Making a Tour of the Shanty Boats.

Officers McMillan and Whan, accompanied by George Perry, are this afternoon searching shanty boats for the thieves who robbed Samler Bros.

Perry saw two men and a boy, the latter carrying a quantity of goods, leave the store Thursday night.

ELECTED PRESIDENT.

Loubet Chosen to Rule the People of France.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—[Special.]—Loubet was this afternoon chosen president of France.

MONDAY AFTERNOON

Will the Funeral of the Late Mrs. Hulme Take Place.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma Hulme will take place Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the First M. E. church, a telegram having been received from her daughter, Mrs. O. H. Sebring, who is in Florida, stating she would arrive here Monday morning. The services will be in charge of Dr. W. H. Locke, of Mansfield, and interment will be made at Spring Grove.

The deceased has a brother and sister living, Rev. Thomas Danks, of Patokia, Ind., and Mrs. Muse, wife of Captain Thomas Muse, of Rochester, Pa.

COLD IN GEORGIA.

Private Van Fossen Has Experienced a Cold Snap.

Mr. Van Fossen has received a letter from his son, Private Van Fossen, of the Thirteenth Pennsylvania, stationed at Augusta, Ga., stating that the mercury has reached zero and they have been having three inches of snow.

It is cold weather for Georgia and cold for the soldiers in camp.

On Serious Charges.

LISBON, Feb. 18.—[Special.]—The will of Elizabeth Buchman, of Wellsville, has been admitted to probate. She gave her organ to Lizzie Albert and the remainder of her property to her brothers, Jacob and Peter, the former to get the personal and Peter the real. The latter assumes all debts.

Brant Thullen was brought here from Leetonia on a warrant from probate court for furnishing liquor to Catherine Hughes, a minor. Marshal Lannagham brought the man here and will take Ed Snyder back to answer several charges preferred by Lydia Grace.

The ladies of East Liverpool are warm in their appreciation of the wonderful bargains at the Great Fire Sale at the Boston Store.

Mormons Left Town.

Elders Burton and Erickson, of the Mormon church, who have been in the city several days, left this morning for the northern part of the state, where they will continue their work. They were in the city attending the funeral of one of the members of their sect.

Dedicate New Quarters.

The Grand Army met last night and transacted routine business. The army will celebrate their removal from their old quarters and will also hold dedication services in their new rooms.

Improved a Street.

The street force were today busy leveling a street back of the Buckeye pottery so that teams could climb it. They also cut ice in several of the streets and cleaned numerous crossings.

Men's \$5 hand-sewed cordovan lace and congress shoes reduced to \$3 a pair at BENDHEIM'S.

Secure your masquerade costume Monday at Brunt's hall. Open all day.

WELLSVILLE.

THORN SHOT THE DOG

Because the Public Said It Was Mad.

IT IS AWAITING AN OWNER

Funeral Services Over the Remains of Mrs. Sturdy Were Largely Attended—Body Taken to Delaware—All the News of Wellsville.

A big black dog had been acting in a peculiar manner in the vicinity of Ninth and Tenth streets.

The actions created alarm among the citizens of that locality and finally Officer Thorn was notified and he endeavored to find the mad dog, for by that time all the neighbors had decided the dog was mad. The dog had left his former haunts, however, and a hunt ensued.

The dog was at last found on a large piece of ice in Yellow creek, opposite the rolling mill, where he was shot about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He still remains on ice, and is on exhibition and ready for identification.

Funeral of Mrs. Sturdy.

Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Matilda Sturdy were held last evening at 6:30 at the residence on the public square. The services were conducted by Dr. Earl D. Holtz. The music was furnished by Miss Belle Arnold, Mrs. J. C. Catlett, Will Irwin and J. L. Swan. The pallbearers were E. H. Wells, J. J. Dowling, W. L. Fogo, R. B. Williamson, Dr. F. K. Hutcherson and J. L. Swan.

The remains were taken to Delaware, O., on the morning train for interment.

News of Wellsville.

Samuel Dennis has disposed of his grocery store to a Toronto man, who will conduct a bakery in the building. The change takes place today.

Mrs. Effie Danforth is spending Sunday with friends in Salem. She will return on Monday in time for her school duties.

The many friends of T. E. Marshall will learn with regret of the loss by fire of his store at New Brighton. Mr. Marshall was one of the firm of Marshall & Ray, who were merchants in Wellsville for several years.

Chairman Lones, of the Republican central committee, has called a meeting of that organization for Monday evening, which will be held at the office of A. G. McKenzie on Main street.

Mrs. John Eidenier returned home last evening from Conneaut, where she has been attending upon a sick daughter since Thanksgiving. Mrs. Fox is still very ill, and it is doubtful if she ever regains her health.

Mrs. Elwood Bunting left on the morning train in response to a telegram informing her of a change for the worse in her daughter's condition. Miss Emma Bunting has been at St. Vincent's hospital in Cleveland for the past two months, and her friends are very anxious as to the result of her treatment.

Mrs. T. L. Apple and Miss Ward are Pittsburg visitors today.

Passenger engine 614 and switch engine 621 have both received a thorough overhauling at the shops and yesterday was turned out again.

Alexander Wells, Sr., who has been confined to his home with grip for the past week, is now improving. Mr. Wells is aged 91 years and friends feared he would not recover, but he is much better.

Mrs. A. E. Bough, who has been under the doctor's care for the past week, is again able to be about her usual duties.

Mrs. L. Finley Laverty and son, Guy, are in town the guests of Clarence Maylone, of the Highlands. Mrs. Laverty had expected to spend the month of February with her husband's sister in Pittsburg, but an opportunity of renting the furnished residence changed the plans of the family.

C. C. McCartney, who was disabled by a sprained ankle for the past few days, is again able to be out on the streets.

Reverend Hamilton, of Bellefontaine, will fill the pulpit of the United Presbyterian church tomorrow both morning and evening.

John Sturdy, who was called here by the serious illness of his mother, Mrs. Matilda Sturdy, accompanied her remains to Delaware, after which he will return to his home in Bell Plains, Ia.

Don't fail to get a share of the bargains now being offered at the Great Fire Sale at the Boston Store.

New Wall Paper Sale.

1-4 off.

All new Wall Paper.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
Feb. 15, 16, 17, 18

KINSEY'S 5 & 10 CENT STORE

How's This!

We offer One Hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRAU, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Gone to Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Moore, of Thompson hill, left at noon for Florida, where they will remain several months. The trip is being made for the benefit of Mrs. Moore, who is not in the best of health.

The crowd was immense at the Boston Store. The sale continues a short time. Wonderful and astounding are the choice bargains.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—T. R. and F. Norris, of Millport, who have been in the city several days the guests of James A. Norris, returned to their home this morning.

—W. O. Hamilton and wife arrived in Wellsville last evening from Pueblo, Col., and are at present stopping with Mr. Hamilton's sister, Mrs. J. W. Riley, of Fourth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LECTURE!

BY

Rev. J. O. Campbell, D. D.
Chaplain Eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry,

"To Cuba and Back In War Time."

At First United Presbyterian Church,
Corner Fifth and Market Streets,

Tuesday Feb. 21, '99.

Admission 25c.

Tickets for sale at Larkins' and Ansley's drug stores.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1899, at 1 o'clock p. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road at the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by William Densmore and wife to James Densmore, and running thence south eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124) feet; thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post on the east side of a ten-foot alley; thence north eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees east one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet to the place of beginning.

Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES,
Administrator of Emily Mountfort, deceased.
Feb. 4, 1899.

S. J. MARTIN,
RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY.

CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF.

E. A. ALBRIGHT,

Unity Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. E. M'DONALD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,

of Wellsville.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR SHERIFF.

WALTER C. SUPPLEE,

Center Township.

Subject to the decision of Republican primaries.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

Liverpool City.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primaries.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

WILLIAM B. M'CORD,

Liverpool Township.

Subject to the decision of the Republican primary election.

WANTED

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at Smith & Phillips.

WANTED—Partner for the mercantile business; business established; good trade; best location in East Liverpool, O.; good opportunity for a bright young man, as he will be given a chance to take full charge; does not require a large capital; reason for selling ill health. Address X. Y. Z., News Review office.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at No. 32 Fourth street.

WANTED—Collector for installment accounts. Call at 143 Fifth street.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during the month of December. The next call may be to some of your property. If not insured you should at once. Apply for rates to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agts.,

First National Bank Building.

Phone 49.

One-Half Million Dollars

worth of residences, business blocks, farms and other parts of the earth in the city and vicinity, for sale.

The Hill Real Estate Co.
105 Sixth St., City.

For the Whitest, Lightest, Best Bread, use

Favorite Patent

Flour. It is a special, fancy brand and sure to please.

Orange Blossom

Is an excellent Pastry Flour. Ask for prices at Croft's, Foutts', McCoy's, Mackintosh's, Dawson's, Bennett's, Allison's, Geon's and Murphy's.

NEW YORK'S HOBO CLUB

First Annual Banquet of Genuine Bowery Panhandlers.

DINED AT VOLTA'S SALOON.

For Thirteen Days Each of Them Had Been Chipping In Two Cents a Day to Defray the Cost of the Feast. Begged From Waiters and Overwhelmed a Reporter.

In consideration of the advent of good times and the prevalence of easy marks upon the highways the Hobo club held its first annual banquet the other night at Volta's saloon, 25 Mulberry street, New York. No less than 30 tried and true hoboes were present, all members of the club by virtue of having paid in to Mr. Volta the sum of 2 cents a day each for the past 13 days. On the 26 cents per cover thus provided there was set out a dinner which from appetite to oratory was one to rejoice the heart of the most luxurious panhandler along the row. There was all the beer that any one could drink and plenty of eloquence after the feast. Above the large table between two American flags hung in glory the sign of the guild—a tin can. Promptly at 9 o'clock old Captain Baker, the dean of the fraternity, led the march to the table, and after consulting a list announced that the feast might proceed, as every hobo present had paid his 2 cents daily, and nothing on earth was too good for them. He then read aloud, amid smacking lips and other evidences of warm approval, the following menu:

View of the festive board.
Macaroni a la plenty of it.
Roast beef up to the brim.
Smashed potatoes till you can't rest
Pie in the face.
Beer all the time under full sail.

During the process of eating and drinking joy reigned unconfined, marred only by the professional instincts of New Brunswick Jim, who every time a waiter came near held him up for a nickel. Jim was threatened by Sergeant-at-Arms Crying Tom Moloney and was finally repressed when old Captain Baker arose and announced that he had a toast to propose before the miscellaneous speaking began. All rose with schooner lifted as the captain said solemnly, "We will now drink the Hobo club toast—'In the midst of plenty may we always have plenty in our midst.'" Every schooner was turned bottom upward. Then Brooklyn Joe, who is the classical scholar of the club, got up to speak.

"First of all, gentlemen of the Hobo club," said he, "I wish to return thanks for this bountiful feast to our beneficent hosts of the evening, Messrs. Volta, pere et fils. I suppose you don't know what that means, you uneducated bums, for it's French, and I learned it on the Island of Seven Devils, where Dreyfus is now dancing on redhot gridles. We also owe honor to the old captain, the organizer, originator and exemplifier of the Hobo club."

"Hold on there!" cried the captain, rising hastily. "I don't know what that last word means, but you can't call it to me." "If you're going to interrupt a gentleman's poetic flights," said Joe sulkily, "you can go on and make a speech yourself." "Then I will," cried the captain. "I'm president of this club, because when it was organized Brooklyn Joe was on the island, and this club can't be presided by no man that's doing time. I will now call on somebody to sing a song for us."

Up popped Joe again, declaring that though he was shut off from speaking he would sing anyway, and, aided by a file voiced tenor and a grating bass, he sang a charming ditty, of which the reporter could obtain only the following sections for the purposes of immortality:

Sleeping in the station,
That's no deprivation,
Smoking snipes and stogies
All along the way.
Next day comes repentance
When you get your sentence
Up against the island for a
Sixty day!

Chorus, in which all joined—
We are old bums,
Jolly old chums,
We live like royal Turks
When we are in luck
In bumming our chuck;
But to hades with the guy that works!

Slim Tick was then called upon to respond to "The Art of Touch and Go." His speech was a rather gloomy soliloquy on the mutability of human fortunes expressed in the terse phrase, "Some times you gits a nickel an other times you gits it in de neck." Wee Bit Lane announced that he had prepared a few remarks on "The Needs of the Hobo." His thread of eloquence having been severed several times, he finally relinquished the floor after explaining the unity of purpose and a fixed standard of touches were all that was needed to put the profession on a high and profitable plane. Coochy Cook then arose and enunciated the principle that a man ought to be able to make a good living by panhandling, and if he couldn't then he had a right to steal, and do with the police. By special request the Hobo quartet then sang the "Ballad of the Lodging House," the first verse of

which runs:

Was you ever on the slumber in a seven cent
rope?
With a hundred other hoboes all a-poundin'
of their ear.

Oh, you couldn't get to sleep with a dose of
yeller dope,
For the soundin' of the snorin' is all the
noise you hear.

Chorus—

Snee-ee-ee-ee, snee-ee-ee-ee slumber!
At six o'clock they cut the rope and flap you
on the deck.
Snee-ee-ee-ee, snee-ee-ee-ee slumber!
With some other hobo's trotters nestlin' softly
on your neck.

At 10 o'clock Charles Bacigalupo, the Mulberry street undertaker, came in and the hoboes came forward to pay their respects, for he buries the dead of the fraternity. This broke up the speaking and singing, and conversation became general. The business instinct rose dominant in the hobo breast, and in three minutes thereafter the reporter underwent no less than 15 touches, besides the generous offer of one dilapidated gentleman, who wished to tell the story of his life for the modest remuneration of 25 cents, which he subsequently marked down to a dime. When the reporter escaped the hoboes were demanding more beer and singing the rollicking chorus of "Three Jolly Bums."

—New York Sun.

MERRITT ON DEWEY.

Manila's Former Commander Tells of His Visit to the Admiral.

My first glimpse of Admiral Dewey was caught when, toward the close of last July, I reached Manila. He came to meet me in his launch as soon as we entered the bay and took me aboard the Olympia, where we had a very pleasant lunch while making acquaintance. I found him a very genial, likable man, quiet, modest, shrewd, observant, alert and tactful. He had completely won the hearts of the foreigners of Manila.

I entered Manila bay at the same time in the morning as Dewey entered it, and as I saw the channel lying in the first glance of the morning sun I could well appreciate the superlative boldness of the dash which he made over a channel which was supposed to have been mined and ought to have been mined to attack a fleet which on paper at least was as strong as his own and which lay under the guns of strong forts. The thing was unprecedented, and I felt that the admiral deserves all the honor that the people are disposed to give him.

One of the first things he said to me was: "I've been walking the deck worrying night after night. You can do that now." He told me that the Germans had behaved very nastily and that Aguinaldo was beginning to show the cloven hoof. The coming of the troops was a great relief to his mind. When I left the islands on the 29th of August, Admiral Dewey was in good health, as he was all the time I was there. He was quite hearty, and there was no sign of the breaking down which was rumored in the United States. He told me that he wanted to stay. I wouldn't like to say that he was afraid of being lionized, but he is a modest man. He is the man for the place, and his staying is certainly a good thing for the nation.

What his ideas are in regard to the Philippines is pretty well shown by his dispatch to the war department, which has been very widely published. There cannot be any doubt as to the importance of the islands to the maintenance of a commanding position in the Pacific and eastern Asia. They would be very important to any power that held them as a coaling station and base of supplies.—Major General Wesley Merritt in Independence.

OUR OLDEST RACE TRACK.

Historic Kentucky Association Race Course to Be Sold at Auction.

The proposed dismantling of the historic Kentucky association race track at Lexington and the selling of the grounds at auction for town lots by Mr. Charles Green of St. Louis has raised a storm of indignation among Kentucky turfmen. This, the oldest track in America, was incorporated in 1826 by some of the leading men of that time. There were 60 subscribers to the original articles of agreement, among them being such distinguished men as Elisha Warfield, breeder of Lexington; General Leslie Combs, father of Kentucky's present pension agent, Robert J. Breckinridge, afterward the famous Presbyterian divine and father of General Joseph Breckinridge, inspector general United States army; E. M. Blackburn, father of ex-Senator Blackburn; John Bruce, father of Colonel S. D. Bruce of New York; Robert Wickliffe, grandfather of Mrs. W. F. Draper, now with her husband at Rome, where he is United States ambassador; Theo W. Clay, son of Henry Clay; Dr. Benjamin W. Dudley, famous surgeon, and many other men who were leaders in early Kentucky history.

Many great races were decided over this old course prior to the war between the states. Here it was that the immortal Lexington won much of his glory, and it was on this track that his distinguished dam, Alice Carneal, made a record for herself.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Spanish Soliloquy.

We'd still make firearms brittle,
Nor be laid away on shelves,
If we fought as hard in battle
As we fight among ourselves.

THE SAMOAN SITUATION

Summary of the Troubles in the Islands.

QUEER FEATURE OF THE CASE.

Opposing Views of the Supreme Court and German Official in the Case of Mataafa—Possible Solution of the Difficulty May Be Reached Out of the Controversy.

At last we get from Apia a summary of the supreme court's decision in the election dispute that caused so much excitement and bloodshed. The ground for declaring Mataafa disqualified as a candidate for the throne was that at the Berlin conference, when the choice of a king was under consideration, Bismarck insisted that Mataafa should not be eligible, because his troops were guilty of outrages on the dead and wounded German sailors whom he defeated, and the British representative conceded this exception to be fair. The chief justice ruled that this was a permanent disqualification, and therefore that the votes for Mataafa must be thrown out, although they were a large majority of those cast.

It must be said, however, that no such disqualification appears in the treaty of 1889. Article I of that document, as ratified by the senate early the following year, declares that "the three powers recognize the independence of the Samoan government and the free right of the natives to elect their king or chief and choose their form of government according to their own laws and customs." It further de-



KING MATAAFA.

clared that Malietoa I should be recognized by the three powers as king, "with a view to the prompt restoration of peace and good order in said islands and in view of the difficulties which would surround an election in the present disordered condition of their government," but it was expressly stipulated that "his successors shall be duly elected according to the laws and customs of Samoa." It becomes a question, therefore, whether Bismarck's objection to Mataafa, perfectly natural when the alleged ill treatment of the defeated Germans was fresh and when the three powers were to select the first sovereign, was meant to apply for all time, especially as the objection presented in debate did not appear in the agreement that Malietoa's successor should be chosen according to Samoan customs and laws.

Another point to note is that after the death of Malietoa, last August, and before the election, Mataafa was brought back from the exile to which he had been condemned by the three powers, and brought back, too, with the approval of Germany's official representatives in the islands and on a German ship. If that did not look like a condonation of the offences which Germany charged him with ten years ago, her belief in his eligibility to the throne was certainly indicated when her representatives openly supported his candidacy.

The queer feature of the controversy, in short, is that while the supreme court was basing its decision against Mataafa on a German objection to him expressed in 1880, to which the United States and Great Britain then deferred, the official representative of Germany at Apia was proceeding on the ground that his government did not oppose him in 1898, but would regard him as the lawfully elected king.

It seems to us, however, that this very fact suggests a possible solution of the difficulty. If Germany never intended the permanent ineligibility of Mataafa, the other two powers, which recognized it in 1889 out of courtesy to her, may not insist upon it now. Of course the misconduct charged against Consul Rose and Dr. Raffel, in inciting the natives to violence and insulting the supreme court, must be investigated, and, if proved, properly punished. The British and American consuls respected the decision of Chief Justice Ide, perhaps desiring that the point made by him should be referred to the three powers. But it is possible that the powers may decide to concede the eligibility of Mataafa, who is now ruler de facto, and who is more popular than his rival, the young son of the late king.—New York Sun

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward	AM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh	10:45	11:30	4:30	11:00
Beaver	10:55	11:40	4:40	11:10
Yonkers	11:05	11:50	4:50	11:20
Industry	11:15	12:00	5:00	11:30
Cooks Ferry	11:25	12:10	5:10	11:40
Smiths Ferry	11:35	12:20	5:20	11:50
East Liverpool	11:45	12:30	5:30	12:00
Wellsville	11:55	12:40	5:40	12:10
Wellsville	12:05	12:50	5:50	12:20
Wellsville Shop	12:15	13:00	6:00	12:30
Yellow Creek	12:25	13:10	6:10	12:40
Hammondsville	12:35	13:20	6:20	12:50
Salineville	12:45	13:30	6:30	13:00
Bayard	12:55	13:40	6:40	13:10
Alliance	13:05	13:50	6:50	13:20
Ravenna	13:15	14:00	7:00	13:30
Hudson	13:25	14:10	7:10	13:40
Cleveland	13:35	14:20	7:20	13:50
Wellsville	13:45	14:30	7:30	14:00
Wellsville Shop	13:55	14:40	7:40	14:10
Yellow Creek	14:05	14:50	7:50	14:20
Port Homer	14:15	15:00	8:00	14:30
Empire	14:25	15:10	8:10	14:40
Elliottsville	14:35	15:20	8:20	14:50
Porto	14:45	15:30	8:30	15:00
Costonia	14:55	15:40	8:40	15:10
Steubenville	15:05	15:50	8:50	15:20
Steubenville	15:15	16:00	9:00	15:30
Mingo Je	15:25	16:10	9:10	15:40
Brilliant	15:35	16:20	9:20	15:50
Rush Run	15:45	16:30	9:30	16:00
Brilliant	15:55	16:40	9:40	16:10
Mingo Je	16:05	16:50	9:50	16:20
Steubenville	16:15	17:00	10:00	16:30
Costonia	16:25	17:10	10:10	16:40
Elliottsville	16:35	17:20	10:20	16:50
Empire	16:45	17:30	10:30	17:00
Port Homer	16:55	17:40	10:40	17:10
Yellow Creek	17:05	17:50	10:50	17:20
Wellsville Shop	17:15	18:00	11:00	17:30
Wellsville	17:25	18:10	11:10	17:40

Eastward	AM	PM	PM	AM
Wellsville	10:45	11:30	4:30	11:00
Wellsville Shop	10:55	11:40	4:40	11:10
Yellow Creek	11:05	11:50	4:50	11:20
Hammondsville	11:15	12:00	5:00	11:30
Salineville	11:25	12:10	5:10	11:40
Bayard	11:35	12:20	5:20	11:50
Alliance	11:45	12:30	5:30	12:00
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Midman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 334 and 335, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 332 and 333 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 334 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Time table effective January 16, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

Lv. Lisbon.		Ar. N. Galliee.	
6.	2 20 p. m.	3 30 p. m.	a
34.	6 50 a. m.	7 55 a. m.	o
36.	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.	u
<hr/>			
Lv. N. Galliee.		Ar. Lisbon.	
9.	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.	b
33.	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.	b
35.	6 45 a. m.	11 15 a. m.	c

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALLIEE. Connections at New Galliee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

E. F. BARINGER, General Passenger Agent.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON,
JAS. N. VODREY

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business

Invite Business and Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent

193 Washington Street.

ALL the News in the News Review.

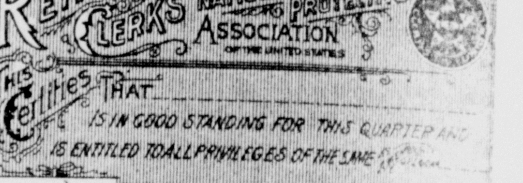
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLEKRS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only, using months named in lower left corner, and properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union-made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



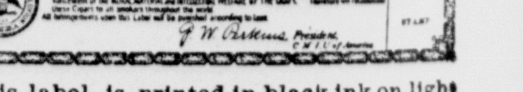
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



THE BATTLE AT MANILA

General Charles King's Graphic Story of the Fighting.

AMERICANS CHARGED GALLANTLY.

Volunteer Troops Stormed the Filipinos' Works and Drove Them From Their Position Under a Heavy Fire. Washington, Utah and Idaho Commands Highly Praised.

Brigadier General Charles King has written the following story of the battle at Santa Ana bridge before Manila on Sunday morning, Feb. 5. He says: "You ask me for a story of our battle with the Filipino insurgents on Sunday. I can tell you only of my own command, for the zone of fighting was a long and wide one. McArthur's division is across the Pasig river, and Ovenshine's brigade is well out toward Cavite. Moreover, we were so busy on our own front that we had no time to ask questions, nor would the others have had time to answer them."

For a month past we have expected this battle. The insurgents on the east front of Manila and across the Estero Concordia, a creek that empties into the Pasig, have been in close contact with the outposts of our brigade, and only the most positive orders have prevented an earlier conflict, for the temper of our men has been sorely tried by their aggressions.

Up to midnight of Saturday, Feb. 4, not a shot had been fired on my front, although there had been some touch and go work all the earlier evening across the Pasig. Not until 2:40 o'clock Sunday morning, Feb. 5, did the insurgents open fire on the First brigade of the First division. At that moment my line extended from Blockhouse No. 12, on the extreme right, along the Estero Concordia to the Pasig river at the vil-



GENERAL CHARLES KING.

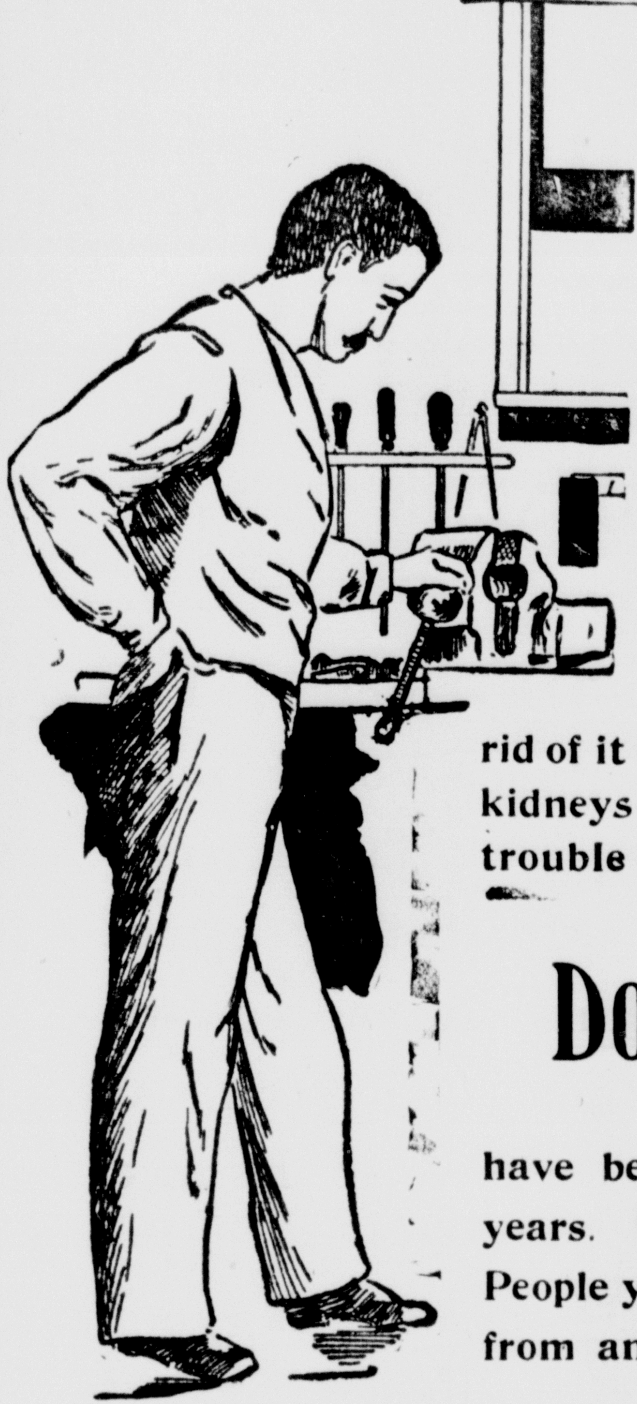
lage of Pandacan. Across the narrow stream for weeks past the insurgents had been allowed to throw up earthworks and prepare for defense or attack. Our orders were practically to submit to anything rather than bring on a fight, and both officers and men had been under a condition of severe tension because of the insults and aggressions of the Filipinos.

The First brigade of General Anderson's division, consisting of the First Washington, First California and First Idaho regiments, Dyer's fine battery of the Sixth artillery and Hawthorne's separate mountain battery, joined just after the fun began. It was business from the start. The insurgents were in force directly in front on the Santa Ana bridge, which spans the Concordia creek, and were armed with Mausers. The sky was clouded, but the moon, though waning, was powerful enough to light the way. Colonel Wholley, with two battalions of his splendid regiment, the First Washington, defended the position on this side of the Santa Ana bridge, while Dyer's guns were being hurried to their station on his right, and Hawthorne's mountain battery came clattering up and went into action at the bridge itself. In the first ten minutes' fighting on the right of the road Company A of the First Washington had two men killed and 15 wounded, their gallant captain, Otis—who, I believe, is a California editor—losing much of one of his ears, but none of his nerve.

At 4 o'clock in the morning the fight was general all along the line. At last the order to advance came. General Anderson, in person, directed the attack in the direction of San Pedro, a village lying back of the insurgents' earthworks, while the brigade commander with the Washington and Idaho regiments made the dash on Santa Ana. This was about 8 o'clock.

The fields toward San Pedro were open and only lightly held, but to the left of the road leading to Santa Ana the insurgents had strong redoubts and earthworks and Krupp guns. It must be confessed they fought with obstinate courage and with no little skill—much more skill, indeed, than we had anticipated—but their valor was of no avail against the determined rush of the Washingtons and Idahos. Gallant old Major McConville of the Idahos got his last order from the lips of the brigade commander as together they rode across the Santa Ana bridge, and his death wound was received while he was leading his men to the attack of the crowding masses of Filipinos.

A STITCH IN THE BACK.



It's hard for a man to do his work well if he has a bad back--Hard for him to work at all.

But the work must be done--bread must be earned, and so thousands of workers plod along, accepting the backache as a matter of course, and only realizing the seriousness of it when it gets so bad that they can't drag themselves about any longer.

Yet it's all unnecessary.

You know what backache is--Kidney-ache, that's all--Just simply the natural result of the failure of the kidneys to do their duty--And the way to get

rid of it is to set the kidneys right. Help the kidneys to do their duty and there'll be no more trouble with bad backs.

Doan's Kidney Pills

have been making weak kidneys strong for years. Doing it right here in East Liverpool. People you know say so. Read the following from an East Liverpool citizen:

Mr. Robert McNewell, carpenter, of West Fifth street, says: "If everyone receives the same results from the course of treatment prescribed by Doan's Kidney Pills, and my advice is, go to Larkins' drug store, procure a box, take them according to directions, and the results will inevitably follow. One box effected a cure in my case, the particulars of which I will only be too pleased to give to anyone personally calling upon me."

Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at all Drug Stores--50 cents per box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

People For the Week Beginning Feb. 19.—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—A missionary church.—Acts xiii, 1-12. (A missionary meeting.)

The church at Antioch was the most illustrious church of apostolic days. It surpassed in its achievements even the church at Jerusalem. It was founded as a result of missionary effort, it was nourished and built up by missionaries, and in the providence of God it became the starting point from which proceeded the great missionary movements by which the heathen world was brought to the foot of the cross, by which we ourselves know of God and salvation through Christ.

This church may therefore be looked upon, in a peculiar sense, as a missionary church, and by studying it we may learn what a missionary church should be. Every church should be a missionary church, and every Christian Endeavor should strive to make his church one. Let us, therefore, study the characteristics of this world renowned missionary church and try to make our churches like it.

1. The church at Antioch was a well informed church. It had "prophets and teachers." The prophets "were under the ecstatic influence of the Holy Ghost. The teachers were expounders of Christian truth under the teaching of the Spirit." By such eminent prophets and teachers as Antioch possessed it is easy for us to believe that they were not only informed as to their personal and local needs, but also of the need of the world for the gospel. We cannot imagine Barnabas and Paul neglecting the cause of heathendom. A church that aspires to be a missionary church must be well informed along missionary lines. Knowledge creates an interest and inspires with a desire to help in the work of evangelizing the world. It is the lack of information that causes many churches to be indifferent to missions.

2. The church at Antioch was a spiritual church. They fasted and prayed. They kept as far as possible from the world and as close as possible to God. They were on intimate terms with the Holy Ghost. He spoke to them and revealed His will to them. More devotion, more praying and self denial, more of the Holy Ghost would make many a church more of a missionary church than it is.

3. The church at Antioch was an obedient church. It obeyed the Holy Ghost without hesitation and without complaint. The Holy Ghost requested that Paul and Barnabas be separated for a special work. They fasted and prayed and laid their hands upon them "and sent them away." The task assigned to the missionaries was tremendous. The difficulties must have seemed insur-

mountable, yet they obeyed at once; yet they went, poor, unpracticed and unarmed, and in spite of all obstacles succeeded. An obedient church must be a missionary church. The command of the Master is to send the gospel to every creature in the world. The church that fails to do its share of the work is a disobedient church.

4. The church at Antioch was a self denying church. Some people may think it gave nothing to missions. How mistaken they are! They gave a gift that must have been a great sacrifice, that must have cost much self denial on their part. They gave Paul and Barnabas! What church would want to deny itself of such workers as these? It would certainly cost more than to give money to the cause of missions.

Bible Readings.—Ps. ii, 1-9; Isa. xlii, 6, 7; lli, 7; Nah. i, 15; Math. xiii, 31-33; xxviii, 19, 20; Luke ii, 25-32; John iii, 16; xv, 16; Acts i, 8; viii, 26-40; Rom. i, 14-16; x, 14, 15; Rev. xxii, 17.

The Church and the Poor.

We do not need to deplore the supposed decadence of the church. If the influence of the church is declining, it is in part because we are neglecting our plain duty to the lowest of the people. The church that can and does reach down to the very substratum of society and rescue the perishing ones who are there hovering over the mouth of the pit will deserve and receive the Master's approbation. Let us turn aside a little from our elaborate rituals, our elegant social functions, our denominational rivalry, our higher criticism and our worship of creed and devise and execute ways and means for carrying the word of God to our poorest and most needy neighbors.—Evangelist.

Light From Sugar.

A phenomenon, the cause of which has not yet been satisfactorily explained, was described at a meeting of the British association. Disks of loaf sugar were mounted on a lathe and rapidly rotated while a hammer played lightly against them. An almost continuous radiation of light was thus produced from the sugar. It was shown that the light did not arise from heating of the sugar, and it is believed to be caused by some change taking place in the sugar crystals. The act of crystallization is known to be sometimes accompanied by flashes of light. The practical bearing of these experiments is on the question of the possibility of obtaining artificial light by methods as yet untried.—Youth's Companion.

Germany Didn't Help Rebels.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—The semi-official North German Gazette said that official inquiries at Hongkong had established the fact that there never was any exportation of German arms to Manila with German connivance.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSING, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Daily News Review.

CIRCULATION
Increasing Daily.

Business Men
Make Note . . .

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Today is big pay and it will be the largest in many weeks.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Brookes is seriously ill with catarrhal fever.

W. W. Hole, of Salem, who has been in the city several days on business, returned to his home this morning.

F. H. Croxall is confined to his home in Third street by a severe attack of stomach trouble.

A small shipment of ware was sent to Allegheny this morning. It is the first shipment made on the early train this week.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. George White, of Sugar alley, died yesterday afternoon, and was buried in the Catholic cemetery.

Mrs. F. S. Albright, who has been very ill at her home in Grant street, suffering with an attack of pneumonia, is recovering.

Mayor Bough returned to the city last evening from West Point where he spent the day visiting his father who is very ill.

There is no change in the condition of Lincoln Harker who has been seriously ill at his home in East End for several weeks.

Mr. Lynch, salesman for the Thompson Pottery company, who has been in the south for several weeks, returned to the city yesterday afternoon.

J. C. Nicholls, who was injured by an explosion of gasoline several weeks ago, has so far recovered as to be able for duty.

Annie Logan has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against John Eberts for \$5, claimed due for rent. The case will be heard Monday.

All the trains this morning were late in arriving at the Second street station. The early Pittsburg train was 12 minutes late, while the Cleveland train was 25 minutes behind time.

The Knowles, Taylor & Knowles company yesterday shipped a car of ware to Cedar Rapids, Ia. Large quantities of ware are now being shipped to the west.

The leaders of the various classes of the gymnasium of the Young Men's Christian association met last evening and went through a new drill prepared by Physical Director Rosenborough.

Owing to the illness of F. H. Croxall the sewer commissioners failed to meet last night. No meeting will be held until Mr. Croxall, who is secretary, is able to be out.

The condition of Mrs. W. A. Weaver who has been ill with an attack of pneumonia for several weeks, is improved. Her complete recovery is now assured.

Word received from Private Harry Smith, of Company E, who went to Frankfort Springs in the hope of regaining his health, states that he is still ill and unable to work.

Mrs. Mathew Pickal, of Jethro street, who has been suffering with an attack of pneumonia for several weeks, is very ill. A marked change in her condition has taken place since yesterday.

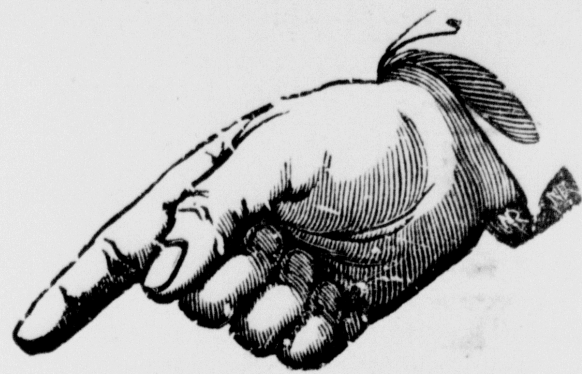
No calls were received at the fire station last night, and the boys had little of any police work to do. So far this week the department has responded to two alarms. These fires occurred last Sunday and Wednesday.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. William Fox died at the home of its parents in Pink alley this morning at 6:30 o'clock. Death was caused by spinal trouble. The arrangements for the funeral have not yet been completed.

There was a shortage of coal in the city today. None was brought here this morning, and coal was a very scarce article on the river front. One firm has 15 cars on the road, but as yet it has been unable to find just where they are.

At the BOSTON STORE

The Crowd Was Immense.



It Packed
Our Store
to the
Doors . . .

THE people of East Liverpool appreciate Bargain offers, and we are giving the best bargains of the century. The sale will continue for a short time. Goods are being snapped up greedily, and you will be wise to call at the first opportunity you have. Don't let your neighbor have all the good things going.

The Boston Store's
GREAT FIRE SALE.

STEPHENS BECAME VIOLENT.

Wanted to Testify, but His Lawyers
Would Not Allow It—More Testimony Against Him.

EASTON, Pa., Feb. 18.—Prof. Stephens insisted upon going upon the stand contrary to the advice of his counsel in the arson case. His lawyers then asked for a recess in order to hold a consultation with the prisoner. While they were closeted in the jury room Stephens became violent when the lawyers persisted in objecting to his going on the stand and it was said they threatened to abandon the case altogether. After a half hour's delay Mr. Shipman returned to the courtroom and asked permission to enter a plea of guilty. Judge Scott would not permit this, whereupon Shipman announced that the defense had concluded its testimony and he began to plead to the jury.

John Carey of the Columbia House, Phillipsburg, N. J., where Stephens stayed the night Pardee hall was burned, had with him his register to show that "Aaron Snyder, Scranton," (the name Stephens wrote in the book), was at the house on the night of Dec. 17, 1897. Stephens did not register until after midnight of the 17th.

Quintus Messenger, a watchman at Lafayette college, told of his encounter in the college chapel on a dark night in June last with "a living creature," whom he struck.

Stephens, in his confession, admitted having been in the chapel on the night in question and to having been struck by some one.

Charles Zimmerman, a student friend of Prof. Stephens, told of a blue mark on Prof. Stephens' forehead the day after the latter's experience in the chapel with the night watchman. Zimmerman also identified the signature "Aaron Snyder" on a Phillipsburg (N. J.) hotel register as the writing of Prof. Stephens.

Prof. Moore identified the key found at Stephens' home as one fitting the door in Pardee hall.

Others also testified.

KNOW THE POISONERS.

New York District Attorney Said to Have
Evidence—Cornish May Be Called
to Testify Again.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—John D. Adams, the secretary of the Knickerbocker Athletic club, went upon the witness stand in the poisoning case inquest and told how he happened to mention R. B. Molineaux in connection with the bromo seltzer to Cornish. A statement was made by Dr. Hitchcock that if he were again placed upon the stand he could clear up the mystery of the two glasses.

Harry Cornish sent a friend to Corner Hart asking for a private conference. The coroner sent back word to the physical director that he saw no need of a private conference and that he could tell publicly all he knew by resuming the witness stand. Cornish announced his immediate readiness to tes-

tify again.

"What I shall disclose will help immeasurably in solving the mystery," he said. It is very probable he will give his evidence on Monday.

A report emanated from the district attorney's office to the effect that the persons who had murdered Mrs. Adams and Henry C. Barnett were known and that the state had sufficient evidence to convict them. This evidence has not yet been submitted to the grand jury, nor will any of the lawyers at the district attorney's office or Col. Gardiner himself explain the delay. Assistant District Attorney Osborne said that Mrs. Roland B. Molineux would certainly be placed upon the witness stand.

MILLER WAS IN THE LEAD.

But Gimm Counted on Again Getting to the Front.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—When 90 hours on their journey the riders in the international six day race at the Mechanics' pavilion showed wonderful freshness. Averages of 18 to 19 miles an hour for long periods were nothing strange.

In the ninety-first hour Julius carried the party along 19 miles and 2 laps. In the hour Gimm freshened and hung in the line which lapped Miller again and again. The champion was evidently in



LOUIS GIMM.

distress, and it was said he had a very troublesome knee. Gimm counted upon being again in the lead.

The score for the ninety-first hour: Miller, 1,533 miles, 6 laps; Gimm, 1,516-7; Aaronson, 1,469-2; Alberts, 1,421 5; Hale, 1,417-2; Pierce, 1,381-4; Fredericks, 1,370-3; Nawn, 1,362-2; Barnaby, 1,327-7; Pilkington, 1,320-1; Lawson, 1,258-5. Ashinger, 1,120; Julius, 997-3.

REV. FATHER JUDGE DEAD.

News Brought of the Priest's Demise in the Klondike.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 18.—Advices from Dawson City announce the death of Rev. Father William H. Judge, a well known Catholic missionary. He was a native of Baltimore.

NANAIMO, B. C., Feb. 18.—Among the passengers on the steamer Amur was M. Masks, an Australian mining expert, who has come from Dawson for the purpose of obtaining thawing ma-

chines. These, he says, are being successfully used in Arctic mining.

Machines now in operation thaw from 10 to 12 feet per day as against three feet by the old process. He estimates this year's output of the Klondike country at \$19,000,000. Good coal is said to have been found near Dawson.

SENATE EXPRESSED SYMPATHY.

Resolution Adopted Regarding the Death of President Faure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The senate adopted a resolution instructing the vice president of the United States as president of the senate to express to the government and the people of France the sympathy of the senate in the bereavement that has fallen upon the French republic in the death of President Faure.

The naval personnel bill, for which the navy department had been contending for so many years, was passed by the senate.

The remainder of the day's session was devoted to passage of bills on the private pension calendar, 74 in number, and to the reading of the Alaska code bill. The agreement under which the Alaska bill was read provided that no other business than the formal reading should be transacted.

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